

332

未經審核之簡明綜合收益賬	Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Income Statement	2
未經審核之簡明綜合全面收益表	Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	3
未經審核之簡明綜合財務狀況表	Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	4
未經審核之簡明綜合權益變動表	Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	5
未經審核之簡明綜合現金流量結算表	Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	7
未經審核之中期簡明財務報表附註	Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Financial Statements	8
集團及業務概覽	Corporate and Business Overview	86
企業管治及其他資料	Corporate Governance and Other Information	90

S S UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

截至6月30日止6個月 For the six months ended 30 June (以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

		7/+ ÷→			變動 Variance
		附註 Note	2020	2019	百分比 %
利息收入 利息支出	Interest income Interest expense	3 3	3,447,007 (1,574,487)	3,713,427 (1,646,370)	
淨利息收入	Net interest income		1,872,520	2,067,057	(9.4)
服務費及佣金收入 服務費及佣金支出	Fee and commission income Fee and commission expense	4 4	675,271 (103,639)	723,941 (152,863)	
淨服務費及佣金收入	Net fee and commission income		571,632	571,078	0.1
淨買賣收入 淨保費及其他收入	Net trading income Net insurance premium and other	5	131,786	38,673	
其他營運收入	income Other operating income	6	240,760 91,271	218,703 84,603	
營運收入 保險索償及支出淨額	Operating income Net insurance claims and expenses		2,907,969 (156,875)	2,980,114 (142,277)	(2.4)
扣除保險索償之營運收入	Total operating income net of insurance claims		2,751,094	2,837,837	(3.1)
營運支出	Operating expenses	7	(1,469,948)	(1,434,343)	2.5
扣除減值虧損前之營運溢利	Operating profit before impairment losses		1,281,146	1,403,494	(8.7)
信貸減值虧損	Credit impairment losses	8	(365,245)	(92,747)	293.8
扣除若干投資及固定資產之 收益及虧損前之營運溢利	Operating profit before gains and losses on certain investments and fixed assets		915,901	1,310,747	(30.1)
出售其他固定資產之淨虧損 出售以公平值計量且其變動計入	Net loss on disposal of other fixed assets Net gain/(loss) on disposal of financial		(2,867)	(2,509)	
其他全面收益的金融資產之 淨收益/(虧損) 應佔聯營公司之業績	assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Share of results of an associate		11,594 411,759	(24) 410,860	
聯營公司投資之減值虧損	Impairment loss on investment in an associate	9	(200,000)	(70,000)	
應佔共同控制實體之業績	Share of results of jointly controlled entities		13,580	12,499	
除税前溢利 税項	Profit before taxation Taxation	10	1,149,967 (161,699)	1,661,573 (199,515)	(30.8)
期間溢利	Profit for the period		988,268	1,462,058	(32.4)
分配如下: 本公司股東 沒控制權股東應佔溢利	Attributable to: Shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests		744,768 243,500	1,113,821 348,237	(33.1)
期間溢利	Profit for the period		988,268	1,462,058	(32.4)
每股盈利 基本及攤薄	Earnings per share Basic and diluted	11	HK\$2.33	HK\$3.41	

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

截至6月30日止6個月 For the six months ended 30 June

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

		2020	2019
期間溢利	Profit for the period	988,268	1,462,058
期間其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for the period		
可能會重新分類至綜合收益賬的項目:	Items that may be reclassified to the consolidated income statement:		
證券投資 以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面 收益的債務工具之公平值變動淨額	Investments in securities Net change in fair value of debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	(540,090)	346,370
以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面 收益的債務工具之預期信貸虧損準備 變動淨額	Net change in allowance for expected credit losses of debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	4,422	5,927
淨(收益)/虧損變現及轉移至收益賬: 一出售以公平值計量且其變動計入	Net (gain)/loss realised and transferred to income statement upon: - Disposal of debt instruments at fair value	,	3,32.
其他全面收益之債務工具 有關上述之遞延税項	through other comprehensive income Deferred income tax related to the above	(11,594) 88,816	24 (45,626)
		(458,446)	306,695
換算海外機構財務報表的匯兑差異	Exchange differences arising on translation of the financial statements of foreign entities	(128,579)	(18,228)
不會重新分類至綜合收益賬的項目:	Items that will not be reclassified to the consolidated income statement:		
以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面 收益的權益性工具之公平值變動淨額 有關上述之遞延税項	Net change in fair value of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income Deferred income tax related to the above	(21,506) 12,878	336,122 (5,443)
		(8,628)	330,679
扣除税項後之期間其他全面(虧損)/收益	Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the period, net of tax	(595,653)	619,146
扣除税項後之期間全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	392,615	2,081,204
分配如下: 沒控制權股東 本公司股東	Attributable to: Non-controlling interests Shareholders of the Company	94,348 298,267	423,508 1,657,696
扣除税項後之期間全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	392,615	2,081,204

The statement of Financial Position in Union 2015 and 201

____(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

			2020年	2019年
			6月30日	12月31日
		附註	As at	As at
		Note	30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
資產	ASSETS			
現金及在銀行的結餘	Cash and balances with banks		18,544,117	18,445,267
在銀行1至12個月內到期的存款	Placements with banks maturing between one and		10,044,111	10,440,207
上級(1) - 上 - 一周/31 323/30/313 4/	twelve months		6,500,233	6,332,707
持作買賣用途的證券	Trading securities	12	7,356,540	8,387,953
以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	12	196,032	680,731
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	13	611,292	577,930
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	14	148,828,876	146,239,992
以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的	Financial assets at fair value through other			
金融資產	comprehensive income	16	48,162,614	45,511,057
以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	Financial assets at amortised cost	17	21,356,004	15,742,992
聯營公司投資	Investment in an associate	9	3,841,036	3,888,775
共同控制實體投資	Investments in jointly controlled entities		109,943	96,363
商譽	Goodwill		874,603	874,603
無形資產	Intangible assets		80,927	80,927
行產及其他固定資產	Premises and other fixed assets	18	2,122,831	2,169,210
投資物業	Investment properties	19	1,166,842	1,166,842
即期税項資產	Current income tax assets		-	1,033
遞延税項資產	Deferred income tax assets		189,511	115,597
資產合計	Total assets		259,941,401	250,311,979
負債	LIABILITIES			
銀行存款	Deposits from banks		4,697,208	2,465,069
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	13	2,947,777	1,093,028
持作買賣用途的負債	Trading liabilities		4,691,047	5,516,558
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	20	187,080,907	182,115,297
已發行的存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	21	8,388,218	6,750,825
後償債務	Subordinated notes	22	3,860,820	5,510,181
其他賬目及預提	Other accounts and accruals	23	14,213,481	12,516,794
即期税項負債	Current income tax liabilities		297,187	483,388
遞延税項負債	Deferred income tax liabilities		38,470	56,298
負債合計	Total liabilities		226,215,115	216,507,438
權益	EQUITY			
沒控制權股東	Non-controlling interests		6,962,340	6,999,311
本公司股東應佔權益	Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders			
股本	Share capital		4,248,559	4,248,559
其他儲備(包括保留盈利)	Other reserves (including retained earnings)		22,515,387	22,556,671
股東資金	Shareholders' funds	24	26,763,946	26,805,230
權益合計	Total equity		33,726,286	33,804,541
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Total aguity and lightlitics		050 041 401	050 011 070
權益及負債合計	Total equity and liabilities		259,941,401	250,311,979



UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

截至2020年6月30日止6個月 For the six months ended 30 June 2020

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

		At	公司股東應佔權 tributable to th Iders of the Co	ne	沒控制權	
		股本 Share capital	其他儲備 Other reserves	保留盈利 Retained earnings	股東 Non- controlling interests	權益合計 Total equity
2020年1月1日結餘	Balance at 1 January 2020	4,248,559	1,436,507	21,120,164	6,999,311	33,804,541
期間溢利	Profit for the period	-	-	744,768	243,500	988,268
期間其他全面虧損	Other comprehensive loss for the period	-	(446,501)	-	(149,152)	(595,653)
源自額外權益性工具之派發款項 之儲備	Reserves arising from distribution payment of additional equity instruments	-	-	5,294	(5,294)	-
以股權支付以股份作為基礎報酬 之撥備	Provision for equity-settled share-based compensation	-	356	(60)	77	373
附屬公司向其沒控制權股東派發股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary	-	-	-	(126,102)	(126,102)
於終止確認時,重新分類以公平值 計量且其變動計入其他全面收益 的權益性工具之公平值變動	Reclassification of net change in fair value of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income					
淨額	upon derecognition	-	(45,428)	45,428	-	-
2019年末期股息	2019 final dividend			(345,141)		(345,141)
2020年6月30日結餘	Balance at 30 June 2020	4,248,559	944,934	21,570,453	6,962,340	33,726,286

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

截至2020年6月30日止6個月(續) For the six months ended 30 June 2020 (Continued) (以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

本公司股東應佔權益 Attributable to the shareholders of the Company

		股本 Share capital	其他儲備 Other reserves	保留盈利 Retained earnings	沒控制權 股東 Non- controlling interests	權益合計 Total equity	
2019年1月1日結餘	Balance at 1 January 2019	4,248,559	773,179	20,413,669	6,557,041	31,992,448	
初始應用香港財務報告準則第 16 號 之變動	Changes on initial application of HKFRS 16			(7,305)	(2,508)	(9,813)	
經重列之2019年1月1日結餘	Restated balance at 1 January 2019	4,248,559	773,179	20,406,364	6,554,533	31,982,635	
期間溢利	Profit for the period	-	-	1,113,821	348,237	1,462,058	
期間其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for the period	-	543,875	-	75,271	619,146	
回購普通股股份	Repurchase of ordinary shares	-	-	(591,635)	-	(591,635)	
附屬公司之沒控制權股東投入 股本	Capital contribution by non-controlling interests of subsidiaries	-	-	-	187	187	
透過股權安排下於一間附屬公司購入額外淨資產	Additional net assets in a subsidiary acquired via share option arrangement	-	(391)	-	933	542	
源自額外權益性工具之派發款項 之儲備	Reserves arising from distribution payment of additional equity instruments	-	-	5,346	(5,346)	-	
以股權支付以股份作為基礎報酬 之撥備	Provision for equity-settled share-based compensation	-	683	-	160	843	
附屬公司向其沒控制權股東派發 股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary	-	-	-	(126,102)	(126,102)	
於終止確認時,重新分類以公平值 計量且其變動計入其他全面收益 的權益性工具之公平值變動 淨額	Reclassification of net change in fair value of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income upon derecognition	-	(2,225)	2,225	-	-	
2018年末期股息	2018 final dividend			(348,336)		(348,336)	
2019年6月30日結餘	Balance at 30 June 2019	4,248,559	1,315,121	20,587,785	6,847,873	32,999,338	

未經審核之簡明綜合現金流量結算表 🔀 🔀 💆

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

截至6月30日止6個月 For the six months ended 30 June

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

機響活動之現金流量 経管活動之現金流量 経管活動之現金流量 接管活動之現金流量 開置其他固定資產 出售其他固定資產 出售其他固定資產所得款項 Net cash flows from investing activities 出售其他固定資產所得款項 Proceeds from disposal of other fixed assets と おりでは、 はている。 はは、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は
経營活動流入現金淨額 Net cash from operating activities 28 3,158,913 2,602,91 2,60
経營活動流入現金淨額 Net cash from operating activities 投資活動之現金流量 開置其他固定資產 出售其他固定資產 出售其他固定資產 出售其他固定資產 出售其他固定資產 日本の主義を持有の対象を表現を表現を表現を表現を表現を表現を表現を表現を表現を表現を表現を表現を表現を
購置其他固定資產 出售其他固定資產所得款項Purchase of other fixed assets(51,232) 28(43,99) 28投資活動所用現金淨額Net cash used in investing activities(51,204)(43,84)融資活動之現金流量 資理後債債務 何運後債債務 可購普通股股份 本金部份之租賃付款 中TICLE TEST OF THE TEST OF THE TEST OF A SUBJECT OF THE TEST OF A SUBJECT OF THE TEST OF A SUBJECT OF A SU
出售其他固定資產所得款項 Proceeds from disposal of other fixed assets 28 14 投資活動所用現金淨額 Net cash used in investing activities (51,204) (43,84 融資活動之現金流量 Susue of subordinated notes 50 1,753,42 價遷後價債務 Repayment of subordinated notes 61,746,731) (1,765,33 回購普通股股份 Repurchase of ordinary shares 7 (591,63 本金部份之租賃付款 Principal element of lease payments (91,750) (95,97 附屬公司之沒控制權股東投入股本 Capital contribution by non-controlling interests of a subsidiary 7 (143,694) (145,991) 附屬公司向其沒控制權股東派發 Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary (126,102) (126,1
投資活動所用現金淨額 Net cash used in investing activities (51,204) (43,84 融資活動之現金流量
融資活動之現金流量 Cash flows from financing activities 發行後價債務 Issue of subordinated notes
發行後債債務Issue of subordinated notes- 1,753,42償還後債債務Repayment of subordinated notes(1,746,731)(1,765,33回購普通股股份Repurchase of ordinary shares- (591,63本金部份之租賃付款Principal element of lease payments(91,750)(95,97附屬公司之沒控制權股東投入股本Capital contribution by non-controlling interests of a subsidiary- 18之村已發行後債債務及債務證券 之利息Interest paid on subordinated notes and debt securities issued(143,694)(145,99附屬公司向其沒控制權股東派發 股息Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary(126,102)(126,102)(126,102)派發普通股股息Dividend paid on ordinary shares(345,141)(348,33融資活動所用現金淨額Net cash used in financing activities(2,453,418)(1,319,76)
償還後償債務Repayment of subordinated notes(1,746,731)(1,765,33回購普通股股份Repurchase of ordinary shares– (591,63本金部份之租賃付款Principal element of lease payments(91,750)(95,97附屬公司之沒控制權股東投入股本Capital contribution by non-controlling interests of a subsidiary– 18支付已發行後償債務及債務證券Interest paid on subordinated notes and debt securities issued(143,694)(145,99附屬公司向其沒控制權股東派發 股息Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary(126,102)(126,102)派發普通股股息Dividend paid on ordinary shares(345,141)(348,33融資活動所用現金淨額Net cash used in financing activities(2,453,418)(1,319,76
回購普通股股份 Repurchase of ordinary shares — (591,63 本金部份之租賃付款 Principal element of lease payments (91,750) (95,97 附屬公司之沒控制權股東投入股本 Capital contribution by non-controlling interests of a subsidiary — 18 文付已發行後償債務及債務證券 debt securities issued (143,694) (145,99 附屬公司向其沒控制權股東派發 Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary (126,102) 派發普通股股息 Dividend paid on ordinary shares (345,141) (348,33 融資活動所用現金淨額 Net cash used in financing activities (2,453,418) (1,319,76
中金部份之租賃付款 Principal element of lease payments (91,750) (95,97 附屬公司之沒控制權股東投入股本 Capital contribution by non-controlling interests of a subsidiary - 18 支付已發行後償債務及債務證券 Interest paid on subordinated notes and debt securities issued (143,694) (145,99 附屬公司向其沒控制權股東派發 Dividend paid to non-controlling interests 的 a subsidiary (126,102) (126,102) 派發普通股股息 Dividend paid on ordinary shares (345,141) (348,33 会 2453,418) (1,319,76 会 25 会 26 会 26 会 26 会 26 会 26 会 26 会 2
附屬公司之沒控制權股東投入股本Capital contribution by non-controlling interests of a subsidiary-18支付已發行後償債務及債務證券 之利息Interest paid on subordinated notes and debt securities issued(143,694)(145,99附屬公司向其沒控制權股東派發 股息Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary(126,102)(126,102)派發普通股股息Dividend paid on ordinary shares(345,141)(348,33融資活動所用現金淨額Net cash used in financing activities(2,453,418)(1,319,76
interests of a subsidiary 支付已發行後償債務及債務證券
支付已發行後償債務及債務證券 之利息 debt securities issued (143,694) (145,99 附屬公司向其沒控制權股東派發 股息 of a subsidiary (126,102) (126,102) 派發普通股股息 Dividend paid on ordinary shares (345,141) (348,33
之利息 附屬公司向其沒控制權股東派發 股息 可有 subsidiary Dividend paid to non-controlling interests の f a subsidiary Dividend paid on ordinary shares Net cash used in financing activities (143,694) (143,694) (145,99 (126,102) (126,102) (345,141) (348,33
附屬公司向其沒控制權股東派發 股息 of a subsidiary (126,102) (126,10 派發普通股股息 Dividend paid on ordinary shares (345,141) (348,33 融資活動所用現金淨額 Net cash used in financing activities (2,453,418) (1,319,76
股息 of a subsidiary (126,102) (126,102) (348,33) 融資活動所用現金淨額 Net cash used in financing activities (2,453,418) (1,319,76)
派發普通股股息 Dividend paid on ordinary shares (345,141) (348,33 融資活動所用現金淨額 Net cash used in financing activities (2,453,418) (1,319,76
現金及等同現金項目增加淨額 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 654,291 1,239,29
期初現金及等同現金項目 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning
of the period 26,064,665 16,479,37
匯率變更之影響 Effect of foreign exchange rate changes (9,73)
期末現金及等同現金項目 Cash and cash equivalents at end of the
period <u>26,571,978</u> 17,708,94
現金及等同現金項目結餘之分析: Analysis of the balance of cash and cash equivalents:
現金及在銀行的結餘 Cash and balances with banks 3,623,729 2,146,69
原到期日在3個月或以下之通知及 Money at call and short notice with
短期存款 an original maturity within three months 14,076,793 11,805,35 包括在以公平值計量且其變動計入 Treasury bills included in financial assets
損益的金融資產內之國庫票據 at fair value through profit or loss 3,042,551 834,66
包括在以公平值計量且其變動計入 Treasury bills included in financial assets
其他全面收益的金融資產內之 at fair value through other comprehensive
國庫票據 income 4,699,034 498,71
原到期日在3個月或以下之在銀行 Placements with banks with an original
的存款 maturity within three months
26,571,978 17,708,94



(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

1. 一般資料

大新金融集團有限公司(「本公司」)與其附屬公司 (統稱「本集團」)在香港、澳門及中國提供銀行、 保險、金融及其他相關服務。

2. 未經審核之財務報表及會計政策

本集團未經審核之2020年中期簡明綜合財務報表 乃按照香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)所頒 佈之香港會計準則第34號「中期財務報告」而編製。

載於本中期業績報告之資料不構成法定之財務報 表。

本中期業績報告之若干財務資料,乃摘錄自根據香港公司條例第662(3)條及附表6第3部分已送呈公司註冊處及香港金融管理局(「香港金管局」)之截至2019年12月31日止年度之法定財務報表(「2019年財務報表」)。

2019年財務報表之核數師報告為無保留意見,當中不包括核數師在並無作出保留意見下提出須注意的任何事宜,以及並無載列香港公司條例第406(2)、407(2)或(3)條之聲明。

編製基準及會計政策

除以下所述外,編製2020年中期簡明綜合財務報表所採用之會計政策和計算方法與本集團截至2019年12月31日止年度已審核之年度財務報表所採用及所述者一致。

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Dah Sing Financial Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") provide banking, insurance, financial and other related services in Hong Kong, Macau, and the People's Republic of China.

2. UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The unaudited 2020 interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard No. 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The information set out in this Interim Report does not constitute statutory financial statements.

Certain financial information in this Interim Report is extracted from the statutory financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 (the "2019 financial statements") which have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies as required by section 662(3) of, and Part 3 of Schedule 6 to, the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ("HKMA").

The auditor's report on the 2019 financial statements was unqualified; did not include a reference to any matters to which the auditor drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying its report; and did not contain a statement under section 406(2), 407(2) or (3) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis of preparation and accounting policies

Except as described below, the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of the 2020 interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used and described in the Group's annual audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

2. 未經審核之財務報表及會計政策(續)

編製基準及會計政策(續)

(甲) 本集團採納之新及經修訂準則

若干新準則及經修訂準則於本報告期間生效。本 集團無需因為採納該等準則而變更其會計政策及 作出追溯調整。

以下會計準則之修訂於2020年1月1日或以後開始 之年度報告期間生效:

- 重大之定義-香港會計準則(「香港會計準 則」)第1號及香港會計準則第8號之修訂
- 業務之定義-香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)第3號之修訂
- 經修訂之財務報告概念框架
- 利率基準改革一香港財務報告準則第9號、
 香港會計準則第39號及香港財務報告準則
 第7號之修訂

香港財務報告準則第9號《金融工具》、香港會計準則第39號《金融工具:確認及計量》及香港財務報告準則第7號《金融工具:披露》之修訂提供若干有關利率基準改革之寬免。寬免措施與對沖會計處理有關,該改革一般不會引致對沖會計處理終止。但是,任何對沖失效必須繼續於收益賬內入賬。鑒於普遍類型之對沖涉及以銀行同業拆息為基礎之合約,寬免將影響各行業之公司。

2. UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

(a) New and amended standards adopted by the Group

A number of new or amended standards became applicable for the current reporting period, and the Group did not have to change its accounting policies or make retrospective adjustments as a result of adopting these standards.

The following amendments to accounting standards are applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2020:

- Definition of Material amendments to Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 1 and HKAS 8
- Definition of a Business amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard ("HKFRS") 3
- Revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting
- Interest Rate Benchmark Reform amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7

Amendments made to HKFRS 9, "Financial Instruments", HKAS 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" and HKFRS 7, "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" provide certain reliefs in relation to interest rate benchmark reform. The reliefs relate to hedge accounting and have the effect that the reforms should not generally cause hedge accounting to terminate. However, any hedge ineffectiveness should continue to be recorded in the income statement. Given the pervasive nature of hedges involving interbank offered rates (IBOR)-based contracts, the reliefs will affect companies in all industries.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

2. 未經審核之財務報表及會計政策(續)

編製基準及會計政策(續)

(乙) 未採納之新及經修訂準則及詮釋

香港財務報告準則第17號《保險合約》

保險合約乃定義為合約《於合約內一方(發行人)承擔重大保險風險自另一方(保單持有人)及承諾倘若一宗列明之不確定未來事件(受保事件)不利地影響保單持有人時,會對保單持有人作出補償》。機構應該知道此可能亦包括與非承保人之機構簽訂之若干合約,例如固定收費之服務合約。

香港財務報告準則第17號於2023年1月1日 或以後開始之年度報告期間生效。本集團仍 未評估該準則對本集團之綜合財務報表之影 響。

沒有其他自2020年1月1日起生效或仍未生效之香港財務報告準則或詮釋會預期對本集團有重大影響。

除另有註明外,此中期簡明綜合財務報表概以港幣千元位(千港元)列示,並經董事會批准於2020年8月26日公佈。

此中期簡明綜合財務報表未經審核。

2. UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

(b) New and amended standards and interpretations not yet adopted

HKFRS 17, "Insurance contracts"

Insurance contracts are defined as contracts "under which one party (the issuer) accepts significant insurance risk from another party (the policyholder) by agreeing to compensate the policyholder if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the policyholder". Entities should be aware that this could also include certain contracts entered into by entities that are not insurers, such as fixed-fee for service contracts.

HKFRS 17 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. The Group is yet to assess the impact of the standard on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

There are no other HKFRSs or interpretations that are effective from 1 January 2020 or not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Group.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$'000), unless otherwise stated, and were approved by the Board of Directors for issue on 26 August 2020.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have not been audited.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

3. 淨利息收入

截至6月30日止6個月

3. NET INTEREST INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June

		2020	2019
利息收入	Interest income		
現金及在銀行的結餘	Cash and balances with banks	165,423	272,632
證券投資	Investments in securities	794,980	871,361
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	2,486,604	2,569,434
		3,447,007	3,713,427
利息支出	Interest expense		
銀行存款/客戶存款	Deposits from banks/Deposits from		
	customers	1,375,137	1,347,476
已發行的存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	68,984	75,280
後償債務	Subordinated notes	84,762	149,997
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	5,710	7,072
其他	Others	39,894	66,545
		1,574,487	1,646,370
利息收入包含	Included within interest income		
一持作買賣用途的證券及以公平值計量	- Trading securities and financial		
且其變動計入損益的金融資產	assets at fair value through		
	profit or loss	47,621	70,048
一以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的	- Financial assets at fair value through		
金融資產	other comprehensive income	605,098	1,019,853
一以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	- Financial assets at amortised cost	2,794,288	2,623,526
		3,447,007	3,713,427
利息支出包含	Included within interest expense		
一未以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的	- Financial liabilities not at fair value		
金融負債	through profit or loss	1,536,772	1,590,546

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

4. 淨服務費及佣金收入

截至6月30日止6個月

4. NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June

		2020	2019
服務費及佣金收入	Fee and commission income		
未以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產及	Fee and commission income from		
負債之服務費及佣金收入	financial assets and liabilities not		
	at fair value through profit or loss		
-信貸有關之服務費及佣金	 Credit related fees and commissions 	83,576	95,446
一貿易融資	Trade finance	36,214	44,040
一信用卡	- Credit card	125,480	173,850
其他服務費及佣金收入	Other fee and commission income		
一證券經紀佣金	 Securities brokerage 	82,257	54,238
一保險銷售及其他	 Insurance distribution and others 	151,333	157,802
一零售投資及財富管理服務	 Retail investment and wealth 		
	management services	134,702	139,438
一銀行服務費及手續費	 Bank services and handling fees 	32,335	32,517
一其他服務費	- Other fees	29,374	26,610
		675,271	723,941
服務費及佣金支出	Fee and commission expense		
未以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產及	Fee and commission expense from		
負債之服務費及佣金支出	financial assets and liabilities not		
	at fair value through profit or loss		
- 手續費及佣金	Handling fees and commission	98,564	141,123
一已付其他費用	- Other fees paid	5,075	11,740
	23.0000 pa.a		
		103,639	152,863

本集團向第三方提供託管、受託、企業管理及投資管理服務。該等以受信人身份持有之資產並不包含在此等財務報表內。

The Group provides custody, trustee, corporate administration, and investment management services to third parties. Those assets that are held in a fiduciary capacity are not included in these financial statements.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

5. 淨買賣收入

截至6月30日止6個月

5. NET TRADING INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June

		2020	2019
以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產	Dividend income from financial assets		
之股息收入	at fair value through profit or loss	3,945	8,663
外匯買賣淨收益/(虧損)	Net gain/(loss) arising from dealing in		
	foreign currencies	71,244	(6,055)
持作買賣用途的證券之淨收益	Net gain on trading securities	9,147	7,346
持作買賣用途的衍生工具之淨收益/(虧損)	Net gain/(loss) from derivatives entered		
	into for trading purpose	81,556	(2,959)
用公平值對沖的相關金融工具之淨收益	Net gain arising from financial		
	instruments subject to fair value		
	hedge	12,669	6,029
以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融工具	Net (loss)/gain on financial instruments		
之淨(虧損)/收益	at fair value through profit or loss	(46,775)	25,649
		131,786	38,673

6. 其他營運收入

截至6月30日止6個月

6. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June

		2020	2019
以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的	Dividend income from investments in		
權益性工具投資之股息收入	equity instruments at fair value		
	through other comprehensive income		
一期內撤銷確認	 Derecognised during the period 		
一上市投資	 Listed investments 	4,084	3,116
- 於期末仍持有	 Held at the end of the period 		
一上市投資	 Listed investments 	49,054	43,841
一非上市投資	 Unlisted investments 	3,375	3,401
投資物業之租金收入總額	Gross rental income from investment		
	properties	18,464	18,607
其他租金收入	Other rental income	7,446	6,538
其他	Others	8,848	9,100
		91,271	84,603

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

7. 營運支出

截至6月30日止6個月

7. OPERATING EXPENSES

For the six months ended 30 June

		2020	2019
僱員薪酬及福利支出(包括董事薪酬)	Employee compensation and benefit		
	expenses (including directors'		
	remuneration)	1,033,359	986,935
行產及其他固定資產支出,不包括折舊	Premises and other fixed assets		
	expenses, excluding depreciation	83,938	86,750
折舊	Depreciation		
一行產及其他固定資產(附註18(甲))	 Premises and other fixed assets 		
	(Note 18(a))	91,144	93,703
一有使用權之物業	 Right-of-use properties 	91,921	90,939
廣告及推銷活動支出	Advertising and promotion costs	51,718	50,703
印刷、文具及郵費	Printing, stationery and postage	21,979	23,277
其他	Others	95,889	102,036
		1,469,948	1,434,343

8. 信貸減值虧損

截至6月30日止6個月

8. CREDIT IMPAIRMENT LOSSES

For the six months ended 30 June

		2020	2019
新增準備(扣除回撥之準備)	New allowances net of allowance		
	releases	408,006	124,593
收回過往已撇銷之款項	Recoveries of amounts previously		
	written off	(42,761)	(31,846)
		365,245	92,747
分配如下:	Attributable to:		
一客戶貸款	 Advances to customers 	336,289	87,342
一其他金融資產	 Other financial assets 	27,760	10,213
一貸款承擔及財務擔保	 Loan commitments and financial 		
	guarantees	1,196	(4,808)
		365,245	92,747

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

9. 聯營公司投資之減值虧損

於2020年6月30日,本集團在重慶銀行(「重慶銀行」)之投資之公平值已低於賬面值大約6.5年。為此,本集團持續對在重慶銀行之投資之賬面值進行減值測試以評估可收回金額。

減值測試比對以計算使用價值(「使用價值」) 而釐 定之重慶銀行可收回金額和該投資之賬面值。使 用價值乃按照管理層估量之重慶銀行盈利和未來 將派股息,及經考慮重慶銀行中期和長期之增長 及資產淨值後之預期未來的可能脱手價值,應用 貼現現金流量預測計算。應用於使用價值計算之 貼現率乃參考可於公開市場獲取之重慶銀行股本 成本而估算。

進行使用價值計算以得出該投資之可收回金額 時,本集團考慮所有相關因素包括市場觀點及質 化因素以確保計算使用價值之參數合適。調整亦 須作出以反映影響重慶銀行之最新情況及對預測 重慶銀行未來表現有關之中期及長期市場展望。 在估算重慶銀行之未來現金流當中需要管理層作 重要判斷。

根據截至2019年12月31日之狀況進行之評估,經計算後之使用價值及經考慮所有相關因素和估值假設後而釐定之可收回金額仍然低於賬面值,已確認1,735,000,000港元之累計減值計提。本集團就2020年6月30日之狀況進行最新減值測試,認為經計算使用價值後之可回收金額評估為低於扣除截至2019年12月31日之累計減值計提1,735,000,000港元後之賬面值,及有關減值金額為200,000,000港元。因此,於2020年上半年確認新增減值撥備200,000,000港元以調低該投資之價值至3,841,000,000港元。

計算大新銀行有限公司(「大新銀行」)之資本充足 比率並無包括該投資之保留盈利,惟大新銀行收 取重慶銀行之現金股息除外。倘若該投資維持等 於或高於初始投資成本之1,213,000,000港元,該 投資之減值將不影響大新銀行之資本充足比率。

IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

At 30 June 2020, the fair value of the Group's investment in Bank of Chongqing ("BOCQ") had been below the carrying amount for approximately 6.5 years. On this basis, the Group continues to perform impairment test on the carrying amount of the investment in BOCQ to assess the recoverable amount.

The impairment test is performed by comparing the recoverable amount of BOCQ, determined by a value in use ("VIU") calculation, with the carrying amount of the investment. The VIU calculation uses discounted cash flow projections based on management's estimates of BOCQ's earnings and dividends to be paid in future, and the estimated probable exit value in future after considering the growth of BOCQ and its net asset value for the medium and longer term. The discount rate applied to the VIU calculation was estimated with reference to BOCQ's cost of equity, which is publicly available in the market.

In performing the VIU calculation to arrive at the recoverable amount of the investment, the Group considers all relevant factors including market views and qualitative factors to ensure that the inputs to the VIU calculation are appropriate. Adjustments need to be made to reflect the latest situation affecting BOCQ and also market outlook for the medium and longer term that are relevant in projecting BOCQ's future performance. Significant management judgement is required in estimating the future cash flows of BOCQ.

Based on the assessment conducted for the position up to 31 December 2019, the recoverable amount, as determined by the VIU calculation and after considering all relevant factors and valuation assumptions, remained below the carrying amount, and a cumulative impairment charge at HK\$1,735 million had been recognised. The latest impairment test performed by the Group for the position as at 30 June 2020 concludes that the recoverable amount, based on the VIU calculation, is assessed as lower than the carrying amount, after deducting the cumulative impairment allowance made up to 31 December 2019 of HK\$1,735 million, by HK\$200 million. As a result, an additional impairment charge of HK\$200 million was recognised in the first half of 2020 to reduce the value of the investment to HK\$3,841 million.

The calculation of Dah Sing Bank, Limited ("DSB")'s capital adequacy does not include the retained earnings from this investment (the "Investment"), except for BOCQ cash dividend received by DSB. Provided that the Investment continues to be held at or above the original cost of the investment of HK\$1,213 million, impairment made on the Investment does not affect DSB's capital adequacy.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

10. 税項

香港利得税乃按照期內估計應課税溢利以税率 16.5%(2019年:16.5%)提撥準備。海外税款乃 按期內海外估計應課税溢利依本集團經營業務地 區之現行稅率計算。

遞延税項是採用負債法就暫時差異,按預期該等 税項負債需清付時或資產可予扣減時所適用之税 率作全數確認。

截至6月30日止6個月

10. TAXATION

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2019: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the period. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the period at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred taxation is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the liability is settled or the asset is realised.

For the six months ended 30 June

	202	2019
即期税項 Current	income tax	
-香港利得税 - Hor	ng Kong profits tax 144,16	176,239
- 海外税項 - Ove	erseas taxation 9,21	19,084
遞延税項 Deferre	d income tax	
-關於暫時差異的產生及撥回 - Orig	gination and reversal of	
t	emporary differences 8,32	4,192
税項 Taxatio	n 161,69	199,515

11. 每股基本及攤薄盈利

截至2020年6月30日止6個月之每股基本盈利及攤薄盈利乃按照744,768,000港元(2019年:1,113,821,000港元)之盈利及期內已發行普通股股份之加權平均數319,575,100股(2019年:327,025,376股)計算。

計算普通股股份之加權平均數時已顧及於下文附 註**24**(甲)載述之股份回購交易之影響。

11. BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share and fully dilutive earnings for the six months ended 30 June 2020 is based on earnings of HK\$744,768,000 (2019: HK\$1,113,821,000) and the weighted average number of 319,575,100 (2019: 327,025,376) ordinary shares in issue during the period.

The calculation of weighted average number of ordinary shares has taken into account the effect of the share buy-back transaction described in Note 24(a) below.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

12. 持作買賣用途的證券及以公平值計量 且其變動計入損益的金融資產

12. TRADING SECURITIES AND FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

		=	
		2020年	2019年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
持作買賣用途的證券	Trading securities		
債務證券:	Debt securities:		
一香港上市	 Listed in Hong Kong 	98,037	20,681
一非上市	Unlisted	7,258,503	8,367,272
		7,356,540	8,387,953
以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產	Financial assets at fair value through		
以五十屆計里且共安期計入損益的並融員產	profit or loss		
債務證券 :	Debt securities:		
一非上市	– Unlisted	33,103	395,061
7.2.19	or motod		
		33,103	395,061
權益性證券:	Equity securities:		
一香港上市	 Listed in Hong Kong 	162,929	276,964
一香港以外上市	 Listed outside Hong Kong 		8,706
		162,929	285,670
		196,032	680,731
		130,002	
合計	Total	7,552,572	9,068,684
包括在債務證券內有:	Included within debt securities are:		
-國庫票據(等同現金項目)	- Treasury bills which are cash		
	equivalents	3,042,551	1,606,484
- 其他國庫票據	 Other treasury bills 	4,236,698	6,781,469
一其他債務證券	 Other debt securities 	110,394	395,061
		7,389,643	8,783,014

於2020年6月30日及2019年12月31日,上述結餘 內並無包括持有存款證。

持作買賣用途的證券及以公平值計量且其變動計 入損益的金融資產按發行機構類別分析如下:

- 一中央政府和中央銀行
- 一銀行及其他金融機構
- 一企業

As at 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019, there were no certificates of deposit held included in the above balances.

Trading securities and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are analysed by categories of issuers as follows:

 Central governments and central banks 	7,2
- Banks and other financial institutions	:
 Corporate entities 	2

		٠	•		
-	Corpo	rate	entitie	s	

7,279,249	8,387,95
25,312	42,29
248,011	638,44

9,068,684 7,552,572

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

13. 衍生金融工具

於2020年6月30日未到期衍生工具合約之名義本 金及其公平值如下:

13. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The notional principal amounts of outstanding derivatives contracts and their fair values as at 30 June 2020 were as follows:

				合約/ 名義金額 Contract/	公平 Fair va	.—
				notional amount	資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities
1)	持作買賣用途之衍生工具 甲) 外匯衍生工具 遠期及期貨合約 購入及沽出外匯期權	,	Derivatives held for trading a) Foreign exchange derivatives Forward and futures contracts Currency options purchased and written	123,149,970	327,626	(260,017)
	乙) 利率衍生工具 利率掉期 購入及沽出利率期權		b) Interest rate derivatives Interest rate swaps Interest rate options purchased and written	4,755,158	48,169	(42,817)
	丙)權益性衍生工具 購入及沽出權益性期權 權益性期貨合約		c) Equity derivatives Equity options purchased and written Equity futures contracts	273,793 414,449	14,140	(7,277)
	持作買賣用途之衍生工具 資產/(負債)合計		Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for trading	142,269,222	408,884	(336,191)
2)	持作對沖用途之衍生工具 甲)指定以公平值對沖之衍生 工具 利率掉期		Derivatives held for hedging a) Derivatives designated as fair value hedges Interest rate swaps	41,132,372	202,408	(2,611,586)
	持作對沖用途之衍生工具 資產/(負債)合計		Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for hedging	41,132,372	202,408	(2,611,586)
	確認之衍生金融工具資產/ (負債)合計		al recognised derivative financial assets/ abilities)	183,401,594	611,292	(2,947,777)

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

13. 衍生金融工具(續)

於2019年12月31日未到期衍生工具合約之名義本 金及其公平值如下:

13. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The notional principal amounts of outstanding derivatives contracts and their fair values as at 31 December 2019 were as follows:

			合約/ 名義金額 Contract/	公平 Fair v	
			notional amount	資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities
1)	持作買賣用途之衍生工具 甲)外匯衍生工具 遠期及期貨合約 購入及沽出外匯期權	Derivatives held for trading a) Foreign exchange derivatives Forward and futures contracts Currency options purchased and written	86,096,017 8,583,805	429,147 11,034	(346,656)
	乙) 利率衍生工具 利率掉期 購入及沽出利率期權	b) Interest rate derivatives Interest rate swaps Interest rate options purchased and written	4,476,095 674,220	17,185 -	(10,537) (240)
	<i>丙)權益性衍生工具</i> 購入及沽出權益性期權	c) Equity derivatives Equity options purchased and written	269,764	10,400	(2,190)
	持作買賣用途之衍生工具 資產/(負債)合計	Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for trading	100,099,901	467,766	(370,356)
2)	持作對沖用途之衍生工具 甲)指定以公平值對沖之衍生 工具	Derivatives held for hedging a) Derivatives designated as fair value hedges	00.005.505		(700.070)
	利率掉期 持作對沖用途之衍生工具 資產/(負債)合計	Interest rate swaps Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for hedging	38,285,505	110,164	(722,672)
	確認之衍生金融工具資產/	al recognised derivative financial assets/	138,385,406	577,930	(1,093,028)

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

13. 衍生金融工具(續)

上述未計入本集團訂立之雙邊淨額結算安排之影響之資產負債表外項目的信貸風險加權數額,呈 列如下:

13. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The credit risk weighted amounts of the above off-balance sheet exposures, before taking into account the effect of bilateral netting arrangements that the Group entered into, are as follows:

		2020年	2019年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
匯率合約	Exchange rate contracts	917,246	721,897
利率合約	Interest rate contracts	88,634	64,608
其他合約	Other contracts	21,864	17,423
		1,027,744	803,928

此等工具之合約數額僅為其於報告期末的交易 量,並不代表其風險數額。

信貸風險加權數額乃參考香港金管局發出之《銀行業(資本)規則》而計算之數額。計算所得之數額則 視乎交易對手及各項合約到期特性而定。 The contract amounts of these instruments indicate the volume of transactions outstanding as at the end of the reporting period, they do not represent the amounts at risk.

The credit risk weighted amounts are the amounts that have been calculated with reference to the Banking (Capital) Rules issued by the HKMA. The amounts calculated are dependent upon the status of the counterparty and the maturity characteristics of each type of contract.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

14. 各項貸款及其他賬目

14. ADVANCES AND OTHER ACCOUNTS

		2222/7	2010/
		2020年	2019年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
客戶貸款總額	Gross advances to customers	138,234,951	136,946,773
扣除:減值準備	Less: impairment allowances		
-階段 1	- Stage 1	(503,033)	(474,635)
一階段2	- Stage 2	(168,271)	(152,754)
一階段3	- Stage 3	(500,952)	(381,197)
		(1,172,256)	(1,008,586)
		137,062,695	135,938,187
貿易票據	Trade bills	3,115,022	3,393,863
扣除:減值準備	Less: impairment allowances		
一階段 1	- Stage 1	(3,251)	(1,982)
一階段 2	– Stage 2	(27)	(7)
THAT L	Stage 2		
		(3,278)	(1,989)
		3,111,744	3,391,874
使用權資產(附註18(乙))	Right-of-use assets (Note 18(b))	250,342	417,042
其他資產	Other assets	8,442,762	6,525,431
扣除:減值準備	Less: impairment allowances		
一階段 1	– Stage 1	(12,340)	(10,026)
一階段2	- Stage 2	(728)	(598)
一階段3	– Stage 3	(25,599)	(21,918)
	Ğ		
		(38,667)	(32,542)
		8,404,095	6,492,889
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	148,828,876	146,239,992
- //////// / ID/M/ F	, tarances and other docounts	11,320,0.0	

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

14. 各項貸款及其他賬目(續)

(甲)減值、逾期未償還及經重組資產

(i) 減值貸款

14. ADVANCES AND OTHER ACCOUNTS (Continued)

(a) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets

(i) Impaired loans

		2020年	2019年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
貸款及墊款總額	Gross loans and advances	138,234,951	136,946,773
扣除:減值準備總額	Less: total impairment allowances	(1,172,256)	(1,008,586)
淨額	Net	137,062,695	135,938,187
信貸減值之貸款及墊款	Credit-impaired loans and advances	1,410,390	1,049,226
扣除:階段3減值準備	Less: Stage 3 impairment allowances	(500,952)	(381,197)
淨額	Net	909,438	668,029
持有抵押品公平值*	Fair value of collateral held*	829,723	590,496
10 1110011 HH 70 1 172	rain value of collatoral field		
信貸減值貸款及墊款佔客戶貸款及	Credit-impaired loans and advances		
塾款總額百分比	as a % of total loans and advances		
生水感识ログル	to customers	1.02%	0.77%
	to customers	1.0270	0.7770

^{*} 抵押品公平值乃根據抵押品市值及貸款未 償還結餘,兩者中較低值釐定。

^{*} Fair value of collateral is determined at the lower of the market value of collateral and outstanding loan balance.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

14. 各項貸款及其他賬目(續)

- (甲)減值、逾期未償還及經重組資產(續)
 - (ii) 逾期未償還貸款總額

14. ADVANCES AND OTHER ACCOUNTS (Continued)

- (a) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets (Continued)
 - (ii) Gross amount of overdue loans

		2020年6月30日 2019年12月			
		As at 30 J	lun 2020	As at 31 D	ec 2019
		逾期未償還		逾期未償還	
		貸款總額		貸款總額	
		Gross		Gross	
		amount of	佔總額	amount of	佔總額
		overdue	百分比	overdue	百分比
-		loans	% of total	loans	% of total
未償還客戶貸款總額,	Gross advances to customers				
逾期:	which have been overdue for:				
-3個月以上至6個月	- six months or less but over				
	three months	115,125	0.08	180,317	0.13
-6個月以上至1年	 one year or less but over 				
	six months	279,578	0.20	250,661	0.18
- 1 年以上	over one year	519,620	0.38	318,703	0.23
		914,323	0.66	749,681	0.54
分配如下:	Represented by:				
- 有抵押逾期貸款	 Secured overdue advances 	676,567		578,446	
一無抵押逾期貸款	- Unsecured overdue advances	237,756		171,235	
有抵押逾期貸款所持的	Market value of securities held				
抵押品市值	against the secured overdue				
	advances	1,003,393		885,515	
階段3減值準備	Stage 3 impairment allowances	327,084		226,415	

持有之抵押品主要為抵押存款、按揭物業及 抵押其他固定資產如設備。

Collateral held mainly represented pledged deposits, mortgages over properties and charges over other fixed assets such as equipment.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

14. 各項貸款及其他賬目(續)

- (甲)減值、逾期未償還及經重組資產(續)
 - (iii) 經重組貸款(已扣除包括在上述之 逾期貸款)

14. ADVANCES AND OTHER ACCOUNTS (Continued)

- (a) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets (Continued)
 - (iii) Rescheduled advances net of amounts included in overdue advances shown above

		2020年		2019年	
		6月30日	佔總額	12月31日	佔總額
		As at	百分比	As at	百分比
		30 Jun 2020	% of total	31 Dec 2019	% of total
客戶貸款	Advances to customers	386,030	0.28	270,909	0.20
階段3減值準備	Stage 3 impairment allowances	136,762		112,734	

(iv) 貿易票據

(iv) Trade bills

		2020年	2019年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
貿易票據,逾期:	Trade bills which have been		
	overdue for:		
-6 個月以上至 1 年	- one year or less but over six		
	months	-	11,907
-1 年以上	– over one year	7,894	<u>-</u>
		7,894	11,907
階段3減值準備	Stage 3 impairment allowances		

逾期貿易票據為全額有抵押。

The overdue trade bills are fully secured.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

14. 各項貸款及其他賬目(續)

(乙) 收回抵押品

持有之收回抵押品如下:

14. ADVANCES AND OTHER ACCOUNTS (Continued)

(b) Repossessed collateral

Repossessed collateral held is as follows:

		2020年	2019年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
資產性質	Nature of assets		
收回物業	Repossessed properties	244,708	287,397
其他	Others	26,459	7,782
		271,167	295,179

收回抵押品按可行情況盡快出售,實收款項用以 減低有關之借款人未償還債務。

估計可變現總值為58,045,000港元(2019年12月31日:59,274,000港元)之在中國內地的若干其他物業,乃本集團根據中國內地法院頒佈之法令而行使以物抵債權及回收。該抵押品為呈報於「其他資產」項下的持作再出售之資產。相關之貸款已被終止確認。

Repossessed collaterals are sold as soon as practicable with the proceeds used to reduce the outstanding indebtedness of the borrowers concerned.

Certain other properties in the Mainland China with a total estimated realisable value of HK\$58,045,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$59,274,000), which had been foreclosed and repossessed by the Group pursuant to orders issued by courts in the Mainland China, represent assets held by the Group for resale and have been reported under "Other assets". The relevant loans had been derecognised.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

15. 虧損準備

下表提供按香港財務報告準則第9號本集團的按階 段之客戶貸款及墊款、貸款承擔及財務擔保之預 期信貸虧損準備的對賬。

15. LOSS ALLOWANCE

The tables below provide a reconciliation of the Group's ECL allowances for loans and advances to customers, loan commitments and financial guarantees by stage under HKFRS 9.

	階段1	階段2	階段3	合計
	預期信貸	預期信貸	預期信貸	預期信貸
	虧損準備	虧損準備	虧損準備	虧損準備
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	ECL	ECL	ECL	ECL
	allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance
At 1 January 2020	614,722	161,309	381,197	1,157,228
Transfers:				
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	(17,122)	29,408	-	12,286
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3	(15,257)	-	185,594	170,337
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	5,636	(14,101)	-	(8,465)
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	-	(25,960)	128,088	102,128
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
New financial assets originated,				
purchased or derecognised				
during the period	71,501	(8,024)	(12,502)	50,975
Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs/				
forward looking assumptions	(29,291)	29,910	30,593	31,212
Unwind of discount	17,542	1,760	2,822	22,124
Write-offs	-	-	(214,200)	(214,200)
Foreign exchange and other				
movements	(709)	(181)	(640)	(1,530)
At 30 June 2020	647,022	174,121	500,952	1,322,095
In respect of				
·	503 033	162 271	500.052	1,172,256
	303,033	100,271	300,932	1,172,200
	143 989	5 850		149,839
manolal guarantees				
	647,022	174,121	500,952	1,322,095
	Transfers: Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1 New financial assets originated, purchased or derecognised during the period Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs/ forward looking assumptions Unwind of discount Write-offs Foreign exchange and other movements	Transfers: Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1 New financial assets originated, purchased or derecognised during the period Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs/ forward looking assumptions Unwind of discount Write-offs Foreign exchange and other movements (709) At 30 June 2020 647,022 In respect of: Advances to customers Loan commitments and financial guarantees 143,989	預期信貸 新損準備 Stage 1 Stage 2 ECL allowance allowance At 1 January 2020 614,722 161,309 Transfers: Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2 (17,122) 29,408 Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3 (15,257) - Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1 5,636 (14,101) Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3 - (25,960) Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2 Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1 New financial assets originated, purchased or derecognised during the period Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs/forward looking assumptions Unwind of discount Write-offs Foreign exchange and other movements (709) (181) At 30 June 2020 647,022 174,121 In respect of: Advances to customers 503,033 168,271 Loan commitments and financial guarantees 143,989 5,850	預期信貸 預期信貸

採用縮寫:

Abbreviations used:

PD	違約或然率	PD	Probability of default
LGD	違約損失率	LGD	Loss given default
EAD	違約風險承擔	EAD	Exposures at default
ECL	預期信貸虧損	ECL	Expected credit loss

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

15. 虧損準備(續)

15. LOSS ALLOWANCE (Continued)

		階段1	階段2	階段3	合計
		預期信貸	預期信貸	預期信貸	預期信貸
		虧損準備	虧損準備	虧損準備	虧損準備
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
		ECL	ECL	ECL	ECL
		allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance
2019年1月1日	At 1 January 2019	563,307	133,876	363,007	1,060,190
轉移:	Transfers:				
階段1轉移至階段2	Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	(10,526)	42,802	_	32,276
階段1轉移至階段3	Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3	(21,630)	_	328,598	306,968
階段2轉移至階段1	Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	4,162	(11,094)	_	(6,932)
階段2轉移至階段3	Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	_	(10,167)	54,832	44,665
階段3轉移至階段2	Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	_	2	(3,923)	(3,921)
階段3轉移至階段1	Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1	209	_	(581)	(372)
期內新源生、購入或撤銷	New financial assets originated,				
確認之金融資產	purchased or derecognised				
	during the period	115,320	11,977	(29,367)	97,930
PDs/LGDs/EADs/前瞻性	Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs/				
的假設之變動	forward looking assumptions	(35,927)	(7,521)	26,981	(16,467)
解除貼現	Unwind of discount	202	1,591	62	1,855
撇銷	Write-offs	_	_	(357,860)	(357,860)
外匯及其他變動	Foreign exchange and				
	other movements	(395)	(157)	(552)	(1,104)
2019年12月31日	At 31 December 2019	614,722	161,309	381,197	1,157,228
有關:	In respect of:				
客戶貸款	Advances to customers	474,635	152,754	381,197	1,008,586
貸款承擔及財務擔保	Loan commitments and	•	,	,	, ,
	financial guarantees	140,087	8,555		148,642
		614,722	161,309	381,197	1,157,228
		017,122	101,000		1,101,220

POPULATION OF THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

_____(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

收益的金融資產

16. 以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面 16. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		2020年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2020	2019年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2019
債務證券: 一香港上市 一香港以外上市 一非上市	Debt securities: - Listed in Hong Kong - Listed outside Hong Kong - Unlisted	15,696,888 17,762,124 10,637,164	16,486,474 16,699,367 8,970,096
		44,096,176	42,155,937
權益性證券: 一香港上市 一香港以外上市 一非上市	Equity securities: - Listed in Hong Kong - Listed outside Hong Kong - Unlisted	926,413 3,057,581 82,444	1,043,627 2,228,778 82,715
		4,066,438	3,355,120
合計	Total	48,162,614	45,511,057
包括在債務證券內有: 一持有存款證 一國庫票據(等同現金項目)	Included within debt securities are: - Certificates of deposit held - Treasury bills which are cash	343,035	114,099
一其他國庫票據 一政府債券 一其他債務證券	equivalents - Other treasury bills - Government bonds - Other debt securities	4,699,034 5,600,087 123,315 33,330,705	4,496,472 5,599,844 118,594 31,826,928
		44,096,176	42,155,937
以公平值計量且其變動計入 其他全面收益的金融資產 按發行機構類別分析如下: 債務證券: 一中央政府和中央銀行	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are analysed by categories of issuers as follows: Debt securities: — Central governments and		
一公營機構 一銀行及其他金融機構	central banks – Public sector entities – Banks and other	10,422,436 182,580	10,214,910 190,269
一企業 一其他	financial institutions - Corporate entities - Others	7,996,092 25,494,993 75	6,252,370 25,498,313 75
		44,096,176	42,155,937
權益性證券: 一銀行及其他金融機構 一企業	Equity securities: - Banks and other financial institutions - Corporate entities	534,300 3,532,138	578,484 2,776,636
		4,066,438	3,355,120
		48,162,614	45,511,057

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

17. 以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產

17. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST

111 外域的外中分级的亚脑实压	THE THE WOOL TO SELECT THE SECOND			
		2020年	2019年	
		6月30日	12月31日	
		As at	As at	
		30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019	
債務證券:	Debt securities:			
一香港上市	 Listed in Hong Kong 	7,591,927	4,531,678	
- 香港以外上市	 Listed outside Hong Kong 	9,156,033	6,534,167	
一非上市	Unlisted	4,628,372	4,688,755	
		21,376,332	15,754,600	
扣除:減值準備	Less: impairment allowance			
一階段1	- Stage 1	(20,328)	(11,608)	
合計	Total	21,356,004	15,742,992	
包括在債務證券內有:	Included within debt securities are:			
一持有的存款證	 Certificates of deposit held 	1,263,481	1,451,302	
一國庫票據	- Treasury bills	1,957,793	2,225,843	
一政府債券	 Government bonds 	248,450	301,957	
一其他債務證券 	 Other debt securities 	17,906,608	11,775,498	
		21,376,332	15,754,600	
以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	Financial assets at amortised cost			
按發行機構類別分析如下:	are analysed by categories of			
报 设1] (线伸,积 万) 刀 们 如 「 · ·	issuers as follows:			
一中央政府及中央銀行				
一中关政府及中关载1]	- Central governments and	2,206,243	2,527,800	
- 公營機構	central banks - Public sector entities	108,519	75,294	
一銀行及其他金融機構	- Banks and other	100,519	73,294	
寒(1) 人 六 巴 亚 南() (京 円)	financial institutions	7,136,018	5,987,980	
一企業	- Corporate entities	11,914,463	7,152,437	
一其他	- Others	11,089	11,089	
/\(\text{\ti}}}}}}} \end{ensighter}}}}}}}}}}}} \endress{\text{\tin}\entity}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}} \endres\end{ensighter}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}	Outors			
		21,376,332	15,754,600	

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

18. 物業,器材及設備

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

傢俬、設備

(甲) 行產及其他固定資產

(a) Premises and other fixed assets

			13/1/14 以開	
			及汽車	
			Furniture,	
			equipment	
		行產	and motor	合計
		Premises	vehicles	Total
截至2020年6月30日止6個月	Six months ended 30 June 2020			
期初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	1,739,065	430,145	2,169,210
新增	Additions	_	51,232	51,232
出售	Disposals	_	(2,895)	(2,895)
折舊支出(附註7)	Depreciation charge (Note 7)	(27,344)	(63,800)	(91,144)
匯兑差異	Exchange difference	(2,251)	(1,321)	(3,572)
期末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	1,709,470	413,361	2,122,831
2020年6月30日	At 30 June 2020			
成本	Cost	2,657,547	1,197,712	3,855,259
累積折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(948,077)	(784,351)	(1,732,428)
	·			
賬面淨值	Net book amount	1,709,470	413,361	2,122,831
截至2019年12月31日止年度	Year ended 31 December 2019			
期初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	1,610,891	472,179	2,083,070
新增	Additions	-	105,651	105,651
出售	Disposals	-	(7,568)	(7,568)
折舊支出	Depreciation charge	(53,393)	(138,828)	(192,221)
匯兑差異	Exchange difference	(1,980)	(1,289)	(3,269)
重新分類行產為投資物業	Reclassification from premises to			
	investment properties	183,547		183,547
年末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	1,739,065	430,145	2,169,210
2019年12月31日	At 31 December 2019			
成本	Cost	2,660,103	1,182,004	3,842,107
累積折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(921,038)	(751,859)	(1,672,897)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	1 720 065	/30 1/F	2 160 210
	INCL DOOK AITIOUTIL	1,739,065	430,145	2,169,210

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

18. 物業,器材及設備(續)

(乙)租賃

此附註就本集團作為承租人之租賃提供資料。

財務狀況表內有關租賃之金額列示如下:

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(b) Leases

This note provides information for leases where the Group is a lessee.

The statement of financial position shows the following amounts relating to leases:

			2020年	2019年
		附註	6月30日 As at	12月31日 As at
		PN 直主 Note	30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
		Note	30 Juli 2020	31 Dec 2019
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets			
-物業	- Properties	14	250,342	417,042
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	23	267,931	434,681
19. 投資物業	19. INVESTMENT PRO	PERTIES		
			截至	截至
			2020年	2019年
			6月30日止	12月31日止
			6個月	年度
			Six months	Year
			ended	ended
			30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
期/年初	At beginning of the period/ye	ar	1,166,842	1,426,106
重新分類投資物業為行產	Reclassification from investm	ent		
	properties to premises			
- 重新分類之投資物業之公平值	- Fair value of investment			
	properties reclassified		-	(183,547)
重估公平值虧損	Fair value loss on revaluation			(75,717)
期/年末	At end of the period/year		1,166,842	1,166,842
/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	Sila di tilo polica, you		-,,,,,,,,	1,100,012

本集團於2019年12月31日為投資物業的價值進行 了重估。此評估由獨立專業特許測量師第一太平 戴維斯(估值及專業顧問)有限公司為位於香港及 中國國內之投資物業及第一太平戴維斯(澳門)有 限公司為位於澳門之投資物業按直接比較方法或 收入現值資產化方法以可參考之相似物業其近期 成交紀錄來進行。

The Group's investment properties were last revalued at 31 December 2019 by adopting the direct comparison approach or the income capitalisation approach and with reference to recent transactions for similar premises as far as practicable by independent, professionally qualified valuer Savills (Valuation and Professional Services) Limited for investment properties in Hong Kong and Mainland China, and by Savills (Macau) Limited for investment properties in Macau.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

20. 客戶存款

20. DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS

		2020年	2019年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
活期存款及往來存款	Demand deposits and current accounts	42,223,446	40,416,625
儲蓄存款	Savings deposits	33,284,281	33,074,715
定期、通知及短期存款	Time, call and notice deposits	111,573,180	108,623,957
		187,080,907	182,115,297
		107,000,007	102,110,207
21. 已發行的存款證	21. CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT	ISSLIED	
21. 口领门的行孙位	21. CENTILICATES OF DEPOSIT	100000	
		2020年	2019年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
按對沖利率風險下公平值列賬	At fair value under fair value hedge		
	(for hedging interest rate risk)	2,231,918	4,911,274
按攤餘成本列賬	At amortised cost	6,156,300	1,839,551
ACAM COURT A 1 X 3784			
		8,388,218	6,750,825

本集團在此等已發行存款證到期時按合約應付的 金額較以上所列之賬面值高2,000,000港元(2019 年12月31日:高6,000,000港元)。 The amount that the Group would be contractually required to pay at maturity to the holders of these certificates of deposit is HK\$2 million higher (31 December 2019: HK\$6 million higher) than the above carrying amount.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

22. 後償債務

22. SUBORDINATED NOTES

		2020年	2019年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
按對沖利率風險下公平值列賬:	At fair value under fair value hedge		
	(for hedging interest rate risk):		
225,000,000美元於2020年到期的	US\$225,000,000 Subordinated Fixed		
定息後償債務(註(甲))	Rate Notes due 2020 (Note (a))	-	1,755,635
250,000,000美元於2026年到期的	US\$250,000,000 Subordinated Fixed		
定息後償債務(註(乙))	Rate Notes due 2026 (Note (b))	1,977,184	1,946,445
225,000,000美元於2029年到期的	US\$225,000,000 Subordinated Fixed		
定息後償債務(註(丙))	Rate Notes due 2029 (Note (c))	1,883,636	1,808,101
		3,860,820	5,510,181

註:

- (甲) 此乃大新銀行於2010年2月11日發行之225,000,000美元在新加坡交易所(「新交所」)上市並被界定為附加資本的定息後償債務(「債務」)。大新銀行已於2020年2月11日到期日全數償還此等債務。
- (乙) 此乃大新銀行於2016年11月30日發行之250,000,000美元在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「香港交易所」)上市及符合巴塞爾協定III而被界定為二級資本的10年期定息後償債務(「債務」)(須遵守香港《銀行業(資本)規則》之條款)。此等債務將於2026年11月30日到期。選擇性贖還日為2021年11月30日。由發行日至其選擇性贖還日,年息為4.25%,每半年付息一次。其後,倘債務未在選擇性贖還日贖回,往後的利息會重訂為當時5年期美國國庫債券息率加255點子。若獲得香港金管局預先批准,大新銀行可以票面價值贖回所有(非部分)債務。大新銀行亦已與一國際銀行訂立利率掉期合約將債務的固定利息掉換為以美元銀行同業拆息為基礎的浮動利息付款。

Note:

- (a) This represents US\$225,000,000 Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes qualifying as supplementary capital of DSB issued on 11 February 2010 (the "Notes"), which were listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange Trading Limited ("SGX"). The Notes had been fully repaid by DSB on the maturity date of 11 February 2020.
- (b) This represents US\$250,000,000 Basel III compliant 10-year Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes qualifying as Tier 2 capital of DSB (subject to the provisions of the Banking (Capital) Rules of Hong Kong) issued on 30 November 2016 (the "Notes"), which are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK"). The Notes will mature on 30 November 2026 with an optional redemption date falling on 30 November 2021. Interest at 4.25% p.a. is payable semi-annually from the issue date to the optional redemption date. Thereafter, if the Notes are not redeemed, the interest rate will be reset and the Notes will bear interest at the then prevailing 5-year U.S. Treasury Rate plus 255 basis points. DSB may, subject to receiving the prior approval of the HKMA, redeem the Notes in whole but not in part, at par. An interest rate swap contract to swap the fixed rate payment liability of the Notes to floating interest rate based on LIBOR has been entered into with an international bank.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

22. 後償債務(續)

註:(續)

(丙) 此乃大新銀行於2019年1月15日發行之225,000,000美元在香港交易所上市及符合巴塞爾協定III而被界定為二級資本的10年期定息後償債務(「債務」)(須遵守香港《銀行業(資本)規則》之條款)。此等債務將於2029年1月15日到期。選擇性贖還日為2024年1月15日。由發行日至其選擇性贖還日,年息為5%,每半年付息一次。其後,倘債務未在選擇性贖還日贖回,往後的利息會重訂為當時5年期美國國庫債券息率加255點子。若獲得香港金管局預先批准,大新銀行可以票面價值贖回所有(非部分)債務。大新銀行亦已與一國際銀行訂立利率掉期合約將債務的固定利息掉換為以美元銀行同業拆息為基礎的浮動利息付款。

本集團在此等後償債務到期時按合約應付的金額較以上所列之賬面值低179,000,000港元(2019年12月31日:低59,000,000港元)。

23. 其他賬目及預提

22. SUBORDINATED NOTES (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

Ci) This represents US\$225,000,000 Basel III compliant 10-year Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes qualifying as Tier 2 capital of DSB (subject to the provisions of the Banking (Capital) Rules of Hong Kong) issued on 15 January 2019 (the "Notes"), which are listed on the SEHK. The Notes will mature on 15 January 2029 with an optional redemption date falling on 15 January 2024. Interest at 5% p.a. is payable semi-annually from the issue date to the optional redemption date. Thereafter, if the Notes are not redeemed, the interest rate will be reset and the Notes will bear interest at the then prevailing 5-year U.S. Treasury Rate plus 255 basis points. DSB may, subject to receiving the prior approval of the HKMA, redeem the Notes in whole but not in part, at par. An interest rate swap contract to swap the fixed rate payment liability of the Notes to floating interest rate based on LIBOR has been entered into with an international bank.

The amount that the Group would be contractually required to pay at maturity to the holders of these subordinated notes is HK\$179 million lower (31 December 2019: HK\$59 million lower) than the above carrying amount.

23. OTHER ACCOUNTS AND ACCRUALS

		2020年	2019年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
租賃負債(附註18(乙)) Lease liab	ilities (Note 18(b))	267,931	434,681
源自購買證券等待交收之應付金額 Amount p	ayable arising from purchase		
of secu	rities pending for settlement	4,324,882	3,383,281
其他負債及預提 Other liab	ilities and accruals	9,620,668	8,698,832
		14,213,481	12,516,794

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

24. 股東資金

24. SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

		2020年	2019年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
股本	Share capital	4,248,559	4,248,559
行產重估儲備	Premises revaluation reserve	606,238	606,238
投資重估儲備	Investment revaluation reserve	216,158	612,443
匯兑儲備	Exchange reserve	(371,030)	(275,321)
資本儲備	Capital reserve	6,383	6,318
一般儲備	General reserve	484,289	484,289
以股份為基礎作報酬之儲備	Reserve for share-based compensation	2,896	2,540
保留盈利	Retained earnings	21,570,453	21,120,164
		26,763,946	26,805,230
包括於保留盈利內之擬派股息/已派股息	Proposed dividend/dividend paid		
	included in retained earnings	86,285	345,141

- (甲)根據本公司於2019年3月15日舉行之股東特別大會上通過之決議,本公司於2019年3月28日完成與三菱UFJ銀行簽訂之契約,從後者回購15,500,000股本公司股份。該股份回購於同日完成,代價591,635,000港元從本公司之保留盈利支付。
- (乙) 大新銀行為香港註冊銀行須以監管儲備形式維持除香港財務報告準則所需以外之最低減值撥備。維持該監管儲備(儲備計及澳門商業銀行股份有限公司(「澳門商業銀行」)及大新銀行(中國)」))乃為符合香港銀行業條例及以審慎監管為目的之本地監管規定。該監管儲備規限可派發予股東之儲備金額。監管儲備之變動須與香港金管局進行諮詢,並直接於權益儲備內調撥。

於 2020 年 6 月 30 日 , 大 新 銀 行 已 指 定 531,353,000 港 元 (2019 年 12 月 31 日 : 1,127,403,000港元)之金額作為監管儲備先 抵銷其綜合一般儲備,餘額再從其綜合保留 盈利中指定。

- (a) In accordance with the resolution passed at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 15 March 2019, the Company concluded the contract with MUFG Bank, Ltd. on 28 March 2019 to repurchase 15,500,000 shares of the Company from the latter. The share buy-back was completed on the same date at a consideration of HK\$591,635,000 which was paid out from the retained earnings of the Company.
- (b) DSB as a locally incorporated bank in Hong Kong is required to maintain minimum impairment provisions in excess of those required under HKFRS in the form of regulatory reserve. The regulatory reserve, which also covers Banco Comercial de Macau, S.A. ("BCM") and Dah Sing Bank (China) Limited ("DSB China"), is maintained to satisfy the provisions of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance and local regulatory requirements for prudential supervision purposes. The regulatory reserve restricts the amount of reserves which can be distributed to shareholders. Movements in the regulatory reserve are made directly through equity reserve and in consultation with the HKMA.

As at 30 June 2020, DSB has earmarked a regulatory reserve of HK\$531,353,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$1,127,403,000) first against its consolidated general reserve; and for any excess amount, the balance is earmarked against its consolidated retained earnings.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

25. 或然負債及承擔

(甲) 資本承擔

於報告期末在賬目內仍未提撥準備之有關項目及 購入固定資產之資本承擔如下:

25. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure in respect of projects and acquisition of fixed assets at the end of the reporting period but not yet incurred is as follows:

	2020年	2019年
	6月30日	12月31日
	As at	As at
	30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
已簽約但未提撥準備之開支 Expenditure contracted but not		
provided for	153,231	147,096

(乙) 信貸承擔

本集團資產負債表外承擔授信予客戶之金融工具 合約金額及其信貸風險加權數額如下:

(b) Credit commitments

The contract and credit risk weighted amounts of the Group's offbalance sheet financial instruments that commit it to extend credit to customers are as follows:

			金額 t amount
		2020年	2019年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
直接信貸代替品	Direct credit substitutes	610,847	563,882
與交易相關之或然項目	Transaction-related contingencies	502,052	527,442
與貿易相關之或然項目	Trade-related contingencies	772,772	967,813
可無條件取消而不須預先通知之承擔	Commitments that are unconditionally		
	cancellable without prior notice	73,730,734	74,428,118
其他承擔,其原本期限為:	Other commitments with an		
	original maturity of:		
一少於1年	- under 1 year	3,824,253	3,999,906
- 1 年及以上	- 1 year and over	409,447	758,023
-遠期存款	 Forward forward deposits placed 	15,655	_
		79,865,760	81,245,184

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

25. 或然負債及承擔(續)

25. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

(Continued)

(乙)信貸承擔(續)

(b) Credit commitments (Continued)

信貸風險加權數額 Credit risk weighted amount

2020年 2019年 6月30日 12月31日 As at As at 30 Jun 2020 31 Dec 2019

或然負債及承擔

Contingent liabilities and commitments

1,477,849

1,794,624

(丙)已作抵押之資產

(c) Assets pledged

		2020年	2019年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
已抵押之持作買賣用途資產及	Trading assets and financial		
金融投資作負債擔保	investments pledged to		
	secure liabilities	6,194,006	4,600,158
- 其中:按回購協議	of which: under repurchase		
	agreements	2,002,686	686,003
擔保之負債金額	Amount of liabilities secured	5,983,401	4,597,103
-其中:按回購協議	of which: under repurchase		
	agreements	1,987,201	671,153

上表列示按法律及合約基準而授出抵押作負債擔保之資產,包括以保障淡倉及便利與結算所之支付程序的抵押資產。該等交易乃按正常及慣常的抵押交易(包括回購協議)條款進行。

The table above shows assets where a charge has been granted to secure liabilities on a legal and contractual basis. These transactions are conducted under terms that are usual and customary to collateralized transactions including repurchase agreements, and include assets pledged to cover short positions and to facilitate settlement processes with clearing houses.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

25. 或然負債及承擔(續)

(丁) 經營租賃承擔

如本集團之公司為出租人,按不可取消物業經營 租賃而於未來應收之最低租賃付款總額如下:

25. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

(Continued)

(d) Operating lease commitments

Where a Group company is the lessor, the future minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable building operating leases are as follows:

	2020年	2019年
	6月30日	12月31日
	As at	As at
	30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2019
1年以內 Within 1 year	15,811	29,202
1至2年 Between 1 and 2 years	9,162	4,108
2至3年 Between 2 and 3 years	3,108	201
3至4年 Between 3 and 4 years	1,617	2,426
4至5年 Between 4 and 5 years		508
	29,698	36,445

此外,本集團作為承租人,已簽訂若干仍未開始 之租賃。於2020年6月30日,按該等租賃而應支 付之租賃付款總額合計為491,867,000港元(2019 年12月31日:427,690,000港元)。 In addition, the Group has, as a lessee, entered into a number of leases that have not yet commenced. The aggregate lease payments payable under these leases as at 30 June 2020 amount to HK\$491,867,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$427,690,000).

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

26. 到期日分析

下表分析本集團按報告期末至有關合約到期日或 最早可贖回日(如適用)之剩餘期限分類之資產及 負債。

26. MATURITY ANALYSIS

The table below analyses the Group's assets and liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or, where applicable, the earliest callable date.

		即期償還	1 個月 或以下	1個月以上 但3個月或以下 3 months or	3個月以上 至1年 Over	1年以上 至5年	5年以上		
0000年6月00日	A+ 20 June 2020	Repayable	Up to	less but over	3 months	Over 1 year	Over	無註明日期	合計 Total
2020年6月30日	At 30 June 2020	on demand	1 month	1 month	to 1 year	to 5 years	5 years	Indefinite	Total
資產	Assets								
現金及在銀行的結餘	Cash and balances with banks	4,108,190	9,770,598	4,665,329	-	-	-	-	18,544,117
在銀行1至12個月內	Placements with banks maturing								
到期的存款	between one and twelve months	-	-	2,984,521	3,515,712	-	-	-	6,500,233
持作買賣用途的證券	Trading securities	-	1,365,951	4,241,072	1,672,226	77,291	-	-	7,356,540
以公平值計量且其變動計入	Financial assets at fair value								
損益的金融資產	through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	196,032	196,032
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	103,902	125,976	139,960	239,897	1,557	-	611,292
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	8,190,247	27,767,156	11,855,650	16,352,327	41,858,663	41,439,325	1,365,508	148,828,876
以公平值計量且其變動計入	Financial assets at fair value through								
其他全面收益的金融資產	other comprehensive income	-	1,249,993	5,468,725	7,278,874	20,821,225	9,292,657	4,051,140	48,162,614
以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	Financial assets at amortised cost	-	656,879	388,481	3,358,899	10,302,738	6,635,640	13,367	21,356,004
聯營公司投資	Investment in an associate	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,841,036	3,841,036
共同控制實體投資	Investments in jointly								
	controlled entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	109,943	109,943
商譽	Goodwill	-	-	-	-	-	-	874,603	874,603
無形資產	Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	80,927	80,927
行產及其他固定資產	Premises and other fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,122,831	2,122,831
投資物業	Investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,166,842	1,166,842
即期税項資產	Current income tax assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
遞延税項資產	Deferred income tax assets					189,511			189,511
資產合計	Total assets	12,298,437	40,914,479	29,729,754	32,317,998	73,489,325	57,369,179	13,822,229	259,941,401
台	Liabilities								
負債 銀行存款		698,289	2,903,135	119,544	976,240				4,697,208
歌11分 衍生金融工具	Deposits from banks Derivative financial instruments	090,209	110,802	87,323	113,135	1,057,437	1,579,080	-	2,947,777
持作買賣用途的負債	Trading liabilities	_	697,999	3,181,592	800,287	11,169	1,079,000	_	4,691,047
符[F.其真用迹则其俱 客戶存款	Deposits from customers	83,581,622	75,985,664	17,904,423	6,022,776	3,586,422	_	_	187,080,907
已發行的存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	00,001,022	925,703	401,224	6,959,162	102,129	_	_	8,388,218
後償債務	Subordinated notes		323,103	401,224	0,303,102	3,860,820		_	3,860,820
租賃負債	Lease liabilities		15,336	29,027	120,691	79,935	22,942	_	267,931
其他賬目及預提,	Other accounts and accruals,	_	13,000	23,021	120,031	1 3,300	22,342	_	201,301
不包括租賃負債	excluding lease liabilities	121,425	7,796,885	627,817	1,509,091	1,281,369	1,143,633	1,465,330	13,945,550
即期税項負債	Current income tax liabilities	121,720	1,100,000	021,017	297,187	1,201,009	1,170,000	1,400,000	297,187
派·	Deferred income tax liabilities		_	_	9,512	28,958			38,470
MENTAL IR	Pototroa inootho tax ilabiiitigo								
負債合計	Total liabilities	84,401,336	88,435,524	22,350,950	16,808,081	10,008,239	2,745,655	1,465,330	226,215,115
淨流動性差距	Net liquidity gap	(72,102,899)	(47,521,045)	7,378,804	15,509,917	63,481,086	54,623,524	12,356,899	33,726,286

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

26. 到期日分析(續)

26. MATURITY ANALYSIS (Continued)

				1個月以上	3個月以上				
			1個月	但3個月或以下	至1年	1 年以上			
		即期償還	或以下	3 months or	Over	至5年	5年以上		
		Repayable	Up to	less but over	3 months	Over 1 year	Over	無註明日期	合計
2019年12月31日	At 31 December 2019	on demand	1 month	1 month	to 1 year	to 5 years	5 years	Indefinite	Total
次 資 上 に に に に に に に に に に に に に	Acceta								
現金及在銀行的結餘	Assets Cash and balances with banks	2,702,507	10,237,478	5,505,282					18,445,267
在銀行1至12個月內	Placements with banks maturing	2,102,301	10,237,470	3,303,202	-	-	-	-	10,443,207
在載11至12個月內 到期的存款	between one and twelve months			E 200 201	1.006.326				6 000 707
持作買賣用途的證券		-	1 //21 500	5,326,381	, , .	-	-	-	6,332,707
以公平值計量且其變動計入	Trading securities Financial assets at fair value	-	1,421,589	3,300,172	3,666,192	-	-	-	8,387,953
損益的金融資產			200 601	110.007				351,963	600 701
クロット 行生金融工具	through profit or loss Derivative financial instruments	_	209,681	119,087	161 405	00.041	27 220	331,903	680,731
	Advances and other accounts		113,890	165,364	161,405	99,941	37,330		577,930
各項貸款及其他賬目		8,286,929	24,821,075	12,114,520	17,414,257	39,693,801	41,603,952	2,305,458	146,239,992
以公平值計量且其變動計入	Financial assets at fair value through		4 E7E COO	0.070.000	4 040 040	10.010.004	0.004.005	0.000.714	AE E11 0E7
其他全面收益的金融資產	other comprehensive income	-	4,575,692	3,073,933	4,819,849	19,818,864	9,884,005	3,338,714	45,511,057
以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	Financial assets at amortised cost	-	1,183,886	1,338,685	2,573,479	6,349,223	4,284,350	13,369	15,742,992
聯營公司投資	Investment in an associate	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,888,775	3,888,775
共同控制實體投資	Investments in jointly							00.000	00.000
÷ 83	controlled entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	96,363	96,363
商譽	Goodwill	-	-	-	-	-	-	874,603	874,603
無形資產	Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	80,927	80,927
行產及其他固定資產	Premises and other fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,169,210	2,169,210
投資物業	Investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,166,842	1,166,842
即期税項資產	Current income tax assets	-	-	-	1,033	-	-	-	1,033
遞延稅項資產	Deferred income tax assets					115,597			115,597
資產合計	Total assets	10,989,436	42,563,291	30,943,424	29,642,541	66,077,426	55,809,637	14,286,224	250,311,979
負債	Liabilities								
銀行存款	Deposits from banks	136,602	1,501,656	_	_	826,811	_	_	2,465,069
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	86,900	125,357	148,847	302,558	429,366	_	1,093,028
持作買賣用途的負債	Trading liabilities	_	1,839,326	2,771,834	895,491	9,907	-120,000	_	5,516,558
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	81,947,563	62,759,682	22,700,037	11,129,850	3,570,836	7,329	_	182,115,297
已發行的存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	01,047,000	1,183,319	1,039,441	4,059,898	468,167	1,020	_	6,750,825
後償債務	Subordinated notes	_	- 1,100,010	1,755,635	-,000,000	3,754,546	_	_	5,510,181
租賃負債	Lease liabilities		15,109	30,030	125,185	241,792	22,565	_	434,681
其他賬目及預提,	Other accounts and accruals,	_	13,103	30,030	123,103	241,132	22,000	_	454,001
不包括租賃負債	excluding lease liabilities	77,514	E 400 CO2	842,760	2 200 500	692,825	1 001 440	1,460,374	12,082,113
即期税項負債	Current income tax liabilities	11,314	5,488,602 9,567	042,700	2,298,590 473,821	092,020	1,221,448	1,400,374	483,388
	Deferred income tax liabilities	_	9,507	_	473,021	EG 000	_		
遞延税項負債	Deterred income rax liabilities					56,298			56,298
負債合計	Total liabilities	82,161,679	72,884,161	29,265,094	19,131,682	9,923,740	1,680,708	1,460,374	216,507,438
淨流動性差距	Net liquidity gap	(71,172,243)	(30,320,870)	1,678,330	10,510,859	56,153,686	54,128,929	12,825,850	33,804,541

27. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

used in the fair value measurement:

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

The Group measures fair values using the following hierarchy that

reflects the significance of the observable and unobservable inputs

27. 公平值體系

本集團使用下列反映在釐定公平值中可觀察及不可觀察參數重要性之體系計量公平值:

級別	內容	Level	Descriptions
1	相同資產或負債於活躍市場中之報價 (未經調整)。本級別包括於交易所上 市之權益性證券及衍生工具。	1	Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. This level includes equity securities and derivatives that are listed on exchanges.
2	除第1級別所包括之報價外,其他資產或負債能直接(即價格)或間接(即從價格導出)地可觀察之數據,該級別包括大多數場外交易(「場外交易」)衍生工具合約。	2	Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices). This level includes the majority of the over-the-counter ("OTC") derivative contracts.
3	資產或負債數據並非根據可觀察之市 場數據(不可觀察之數據)。本級別包 括具有大部份不可觀察部件之權益性 及債務證券。	3	Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). This level includes equity and debt securities with significant unobservable components.

按公平值計量之資產及負債:

經常性公平值計量

Recurring fair value measurements

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

2020年6月30日	At 30 Jun 2020	第1級 Level 1	第2級 Level 2	第3級 Level 3	合計 Total
		2010.1			
內容	Descriptions				
以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融資產 債務證券	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities	_	7,356,540	33,103	7,389,643
權益性證券	Equity securities	162,929	-	-	162,929
衍生金融工具 持作買賣用途 持有用作對沖	Derivative financial instruments Held for trading Held for hedging	8,388	400,496 202,408	-	408,884 202,408
以公平值計量且其變動 計入其他全面收益的 金融資產	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
債務證券 權益性證券	Debt securities Equity securities	3,968,620	44,096,176 15,374	82,444 ——82	44,096,176 4,066,438
按公平值計量之資產合計	Total assets measured at fair value	4,139,937	52,070,994	115,547	56,326,478
以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融負債 一持作買賣用途 債務證券	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading Debt securities	-	4,691,047	-	4,691,047
衍生金融工具 持作買賣用途 持有用作對沖	Derivative financial instruments Held for trading Held for hedging	7,430	328,761 2,611,586		336,191 2,611,586
按公平值計量之負債合計	Total liabilities measured at fair value	7,430	7,631,394		7,638,824

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

27. 公平值體系(續)

按公平值計量之資產及負債:(續)

界定為第3級別資產之金融資產為非上市權益性證 券及債券投資。此等金融資產按公平值列示,與 其成本值相近。

截至2020年6月30日止6個月及2019年12月31日 止年度,概無金融資產及負債轉入或轉出公平值 體系中的第3級別。賬面值之變動為重估收益/虧 損。

經常性公平值計量(續)

27. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (Continued)

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value: (Continued)

Financial assets classified as Level 3 assets represent investments in unlisted equity securities and debentures. They are stated at fair value which approximates the cost.

For the six months ended 30 June 2020 and the year ended 31 December 2019, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities into or out of the Level 3 fair value hierarchy. The changes in carrying value represent the revaluation gains/losses.

Recurring fair value measurements (Continued)

2019年12月31日	At 31 Dec 2019	第1級 Level 1	第2級 Level 2	第3級 Level 3	合計 Total
2019+12/]31 [ALST Dec 2019	Level i	Level 2	Level 3	Total
內容	Descriptions				
以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融資產	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
債務證券 はおとはなると	Debt securities	33,034	8,716,721	33,259	8,783,014
權益性證券	Equity securities	285,670	_	_	285,670
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments				
持作買賣用途	Held for trading	10,114	457,652	_	467,766
持有用作對沖	Held for hedging	_	110,164	_	110,164
以公平值計量且其變動 計入其他全面收益的	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive				
金融資產	income		40.455.007		10 155 007
債務證券	Debt securities	- 0.05	42,155,937	- 00.715	42,155,937
權益性證券	Equity securities	3,255,923	16,482	82,715	3,355,120
按公平值計量之資產合計	Total assets measured at fair value	3,584,741	51,456,956	115,974	55,157,671
以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融負債 一持作買賣用途	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading		5 540 550		
債務證券	Debt securities	-	5,516,558	-	5,516,558
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments				
持作買賣用途	Held for trading	_	370,356	_	370,356
持有用作對沖	Held for hedging	_	722,672	_	722,672
按公平值計量之負債合計	Total liabilities measured at				
	fair value		6,609,586		6,609,586

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

28. 扣除若干投資及固定資產之收益及虧 損前之營運溢利與經營活動現金流入 淨額對賬表

截至6月30日止6個月

28. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE GAINS AND LOSSES ON CERTAIN INVESTMENTS AND FIXED ASSETS TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

For the six months ended 30 June

		2020	經重列 Restated 2019
扣除若干投資及固定資產之收益及 虧損前之營運溢利 淨利息收入 股息收益 信貸減值虧損 折舊 以股權支付以股份作為基礎報酬之撥備	Operating profit before gains and losses on certain investments and fixed assets Net interest income Dividend income Credit impairment losses Depreciation Provision for equity-settled share-based	915,901 (1,872,520) (60,458) 365,245 183,065	1,310,747 (2,067,057) (59,021) 92,747 184,642
減除回收後之貸款撇銷淨額 已收利息 已付利息 已收股息	compensation Advances written off net of recoveries Interest received Interest paid Dividend received	479 (171,529) 3,083,862 (1,447,915) 178,845	843 (128,734) 3,654,920 (1,295,963) 139,364
營運資產及負債變動前之營運溢利	Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities	1,174,975	1,832,488
營運資產及負債之變動: 一原到期日超過3個月之通知及短期存款 一原到期日超過3個月之在銀行的證券 一持作生金融資子的證券 一持生金融資產 一個資子數數計入損益的 一個資子數數計入損益的 一個資子數數計入資產 一個資子數數計入產 一個人工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工	Changes in operating assets and liabilities: - money at call and short notice with an original maturity beyond three months - placements with banks with an original maturity beyond three months - trading securities - derivative financial instruments - financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - trade bills - advances to customers - other accounts - financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - financial assets at amortised cost - deposits from banks - trading liabilities - deposits from customers - certificates of deposit issued - other accounts and accruals Exchange adjustments	712,203 (2,117,094) 2,467,479 1,821,387 484,699 278,841 (1,288,278) (2,071,831) (2,978,655) (5,174,636) 2,232,139 (825,511) 4,965,610 1,639,715 2,075,724 181,417	3,183,329 3,371,683 2,147,580 671,439 914,050 497,801 (3,757,697) (838,814) (1,214,568)* (3,912,134)* (1,134,974) 531,007 3,427,299 (399,641) (2,171,933) 5,977
由經營活動流入的現金	Cash generated from operating activities	3,578,184	3,152,892
支付已發行的存款證之利息 已繳香港利得税 已繳海外税項	Interest paid on certificates of deposit issued Hong Kong profits tax paid Overseas tax paid	(80,730) (338,520) (21)	(90,022) (459,957)
經營活動流入現金淨額	Net cash from operating activities	3,158,913	2,602,913

* 該等調整乃有關賬面值總額為3,200,000,000港 元之金融資產投資,於截至2019年6月30日止期 間,自購買日期起從以公平值計量且其變動計入 其他全面收益之類別修正為以攤餘成本列賬的金 融資產之類別。這對由經營活動流入的現金淨額 並無影響。

The adjustments were related to correction of classification of certain investments in financial assets at their purchase dates with a total carrying value of HK\$3.2 billion, from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income to financial assets at amortised cost during the period ended 30 June 2019. There were no impact on cash generated from operating activities.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

29. 營業分項報告

本集團根據香港財務報告準則第8號《營運業務分項》編製分項報告。向包括行政總裁及其他執行委員會成員之主要營運決策人呈報而作為資源分配及業績評估用途之資料,乃按銀行業務及保險業務之基礎來確定。本地銀行業務之營運表現按業務活動分析,而海外銀行業務之營運表現按業務機構分析。對於保險業,資源配置和表現評價是基於保險的企業實體的基礎。

經考慮到本地業務之客戶群、產品及服務,經濟環境和法規後,本集團將營運業務劃分為下列呈報分項:

- 個人銀行業務包括接受個人客戶存款、住宅 樓宇按揭、私人貸款、透支、汽車貸款和信 用卡服務、保險業務的銷售和投資服務。
- 商業銀行業務包括接受存款、貸款、營運資金融資及貿易融資,其存款來源及融資客戶主要是工商業及機構性客戶。
- 財資業務主要包括外匯服務、中央貸存現金管理、利率風險管理、證券投資管理及本集團整體之資金運用管理。
- 海外銀行業務包括由位於澳門和中國之海外 附屬公司提供之個人銀行和商業銀行業務及 本集團於一間在中國設立之商業銀行之權 益。

29. OPERATING SEGMENT REPORTING

Segment reporting by the Group is prepared in accordance with HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments". Information reported to the chief operating decision maker, including the Chief Executive and other Executive Committee members, for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, is determined on the basis of banking business and insurance business. For banking business, operating performances are analysed by business activities for local banking business, and on business entity basis for overseas banking business. For insurance business, resources allocation and performance evaluation are based on insurance business entity basis.

Considering the customer groups, products and services of local businesses, the economic environment and regulations, the Group splits the operating segments of the Group into the following reportable segments:

- Personal banking business includes the acceptance of deposits from individual customers and the extension of residential mortgage lending, personal loans, overdraft, vehicle financing and credit card services, and the provision of insurance sales and investment services.
- Commercial banking business includes the acceptance of deposits from and the advance of loans and working capital finance to commercial, industrial and institutional customers, and the provision of trade financing.
- Treasury activities are mainly the provision of foreign exchange services and centralised cash management for deposit taking and lending, interest rate risk management, management of investment in securities and the overall funding of the Group.
- Overseas banking businesses include personal banking, commercial banking business activities provided by overseas subsidiaries in Macau and China, and the Group's interest in a commercial bank in China.

(以港幣千元位列示·除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

29. 營業分項報告(續)

- 保險業務包括本集團之保險及退休基金管理的業務。本集團透過位於香港全資附屬公司及擁有96%權益之澳門附屬公司提供一系列保險產品及服務。
- 其他包括未可直接歸類於其他呈報分項之營 運業績、集團投資及債務資金(包括後償債 務)。

就編製分項報告而言,對可直接認明為各個別分項之源自客戶、產品及服務收入,將直接呈報於有關分項:而分項之間的資金運用及資金資源所產生的收入和資金成本,按參照市場利率之轉移價格機制分配至各分項。分項間之交易乃依據授予第三者或與第三者交易之同類條款定價。分項間之收入或支出於綜合賬內抵銷。

所有不同分項之直接開支將歸類於有關的分項分類。間接開支及支援部門開支乃依據開支性質,按耗用之時間及工作量和分項營運收入,分配至不同的分項及產品。不能合理地分配至各分項、產品及支援部門之企業活動開支,則作企業開支呈列於「其他」項下。

29. OPERATING SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

- Insurance business includes the Group's insurance and pension fund management business. Through the Group's whollyowned subsidiaries in Hong Kong and 96% owned subsidiaries in Macau, the Group offers a variety of insurance products and services.
- Others include results of operations not directly identified under other reportable segments, corporate investments and debt funding (including subordinated notes).

For the purpose of segment reporting, revenue derived from customers, products and services directly identifiable with individual segments are reported directly under respective segments, while revenue and funding cost arising from inter-segment funding operation and funding resources are allocated to segments by way of transfer pricing mechanism with reference to market interest rates. Transactions within segments are priced based on similar terms offered to or transacted with external parties. Inter-segment income or expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

All direct costs incurred by different segments are grouped under respective segments. Indirect costs and support functions' costs are allocated to various segments and products based on effort and time spent as well as segments' operating income depending on the nature of costs incurred. Costs related to corporate activities that cannot be reasonably allocated to segments, products and support functions are grouped under Others as unallocated corporate expenses.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

29. 營業分項報告(續)

29. OPERATING SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

截至2020年6月30日止6個月

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

		個人銀行 Personal Banking	商業銀行 Commercial Banking	財資業務 Treasury	海外銀行 Overseas Banking	保險業務 Insurance Business	其他 Others	跨項目 Inter- segment	總計 Total
淨利息收入/(支出) 非利息收入/(支出)	Net interest income/(expenses) Non-interest income/	806,614	564,334	307,145	243,251	7,303	(56,127)	-	1,872,520
7F11/16/K/	(expenses)	494,781	89,338	104,806	54,467	117,172	24,547	(6,537)	878,574
扣除保險索償之營運收入/ (虧損) 營運支出	Total operating income/(loss) net of insurance claims Operating expenses	1,301,395 (811,981)	653,672 (254,547)	411,951 (88,540)	297,718 (246,094)	124,475 (67,900)	(31,580)	(6,537) 6,537	2,751,094 (1,469,948)
扣除信貸減值虧損前之 營運溢利/(虧損) 信貸減值虧損	Operating profit/(loss) before credit impairment losses Credit impairment losses	489,414 (224,128)	399,125 (48,234)	323,411 (18,329)	51,624 (73,264)	56,575 (451)	(39,003)		1,281,146 (365,245)
扣除信貸減值虧損後之 營運溢利/(虧損) 出售其他固定資產之	Operating profit/(loss) after credit impairment losses Net loss on disposal of other	265,286	350,891	305,082	(21,640)	56,124	(39,842)	-	915,901
淨虧損 出售以公平值計量且其 變動計入其他全面收益 的金融資產之淨收益	fixed assets Net gain on disposal of financial assets at fair value through other	(2,829)	-	-	(31)	-	(7)	-	(2,867)
聯營公司投資之減值虧損	comprehensive income Impairment loss on investment	-	-	11,594	-	-	-	-	11,594
應佔聯營公司之業績	in an associate Share of results of an associate	-	-	-	(200,000) 411,759	-	-	-	(200,000) 411,759
應佔共同控制實體之業績	Share of results of jointly controlled entities						13,580		13,580
除税前溢利/(虧損) 税項(支出)/回撥	Profit/(loss) before taxation Taxation (expenses)/credit	262,457 (43,057)	350,891 (58,067)	316,676 (52,230)	190,088 (4,448)	56,124 (6,243)	(26,269)		1,149,967 (161,699)
期間溢利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) for the period	219,400	292,824	264,446	185,640	49,881	(23,923)		988,268
截至2020年6月30日止 6個月	For the six months ended 30 June 2020								
折舊及攤銷費用	Depreciation and amortisation	37,549	7,774	3,533	27,855	3,957	102,397	-	183,065
於2020年6月30日 分項資產 分項負債	As at 30 June 2020 Segment assets Segment liabilities	53,477,062 112,139,092	67,581,580 44,990,447	93,771,649 25,518,628	39,357,075 31,594,036	4,497,434 1,859,268	8,381,345 17,238,388	(7,124,744) (7,124,744)	259,941,401 226,215,115

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

29. 營業分項報告(續)

29. OPERATING SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

截至2019年6月30日止6個月

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

		個人銀行 Personal Banking	商業銀行 Commercial Banking	財資業務 Treasury	海外銀行 Overseas Banking	保險業務 Insurance Business	其他 Others	跨項目 Inter- segment	總計 Total
淨利息收入/(支出)	Net interest income/(expenses)	869,560	620,672	359,078	248,834	13,200	(44,287)	-	2,067,057
非利息收入/(支出)	Non-interest income/ (expenses)	477,896	92,784	(40,949)	69,248	103,180	75,402	(6,781)	770,780
扣除保險索償之營運收入	Total operating income net of								
營運支出	insurance claims Operating expenses	1,347,456 (794,974)	713,456 (253,510)	318,129 (83,810)	318,082 (251,145)	116,380 (61,290)	31,115 3,605	(6,781) 6,781	2,837,837 (1,434,343)
扣除信貸減值(虧損)/回撥	Operating profit before credit								
前之營運溢利	impairment (losses)/written back	552,482	459,946	234,319	66,937	55,090	34,720	-	1,403,494
信貸減值(虧損)/回撥	Credit impairment (losses)/ written back	(116,498)	36,009	(5,085)	(3,484)	(1,222)	(2,467)		(92,747)
扣除信貸減值(虧損)/回撥	Operating profit after credit								
後之營運溢利	impairment (losses)/written back	435,984	495,955	229,234	63,453	53,868	32,253	-	1,310,747
出售其他固定資產之 淨(虧損)/收益 出售以及平原計量品其	Net (loss)/gain on disposal of other fixed assets	(2,545)	-	-	24	12	-	-	(2,509)
出售以公平值計量且其 變動計入其他全面收益 的金融資產之淨虧損	Net loss on disposal of financial assets at fair value through other								
聯營公司投資之減值虧損	comprehensive income Impairment loss on investment	-	-	(24)	-	-	-	-	(24)
應佔聯營公司之業績	in an associate Share of results of an associate	-	-	-	(70,000) 410,860	-	-	-	(70,000) 410,860
應佔共同控制實體之業績	Share of results of jointly controlled entities	_	_	_	_	_	12,499	_	12,499
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	433,439	495,955	229,210	404,337	53,880	44,752		1,661,573
税項支出	Taxation expenses	(71,554)	(81,758)	(37,806)	(3,617)	(3,772)	(1,008)		(199,515)
期間溢利	Profit for the period	361,885	414,197	191,404	400,720	50,108	43,744		1,462,058
截至2019年6月30日止	For the six months ended 30								
6個月 折舊及攤銷費用	June 2019 Depreciation and amortisation	40,258	8,519	3,270	31,927	1,816	98,852	-	184,642
於 2019 年12月 31 日 分項資產 分項負債	As at 31 December 2019 Segment assets Segment liabilities	53,809,806 108,290,918	66,154,676 44,136,433	84,671,487 19,835,415	38,406,836 30,335,062	4,367,675 1,764,788	8,315,560 17,558,883	, , , ,	250,311,979 216,507,438

區域資料

區域分項資料乃根據本集團向外部客戶提供服務、與其商業交易及建立關係的法定機構之所在地。截至2020年6月30日止及2019年6月30日止期間,除香港外,並無單一國家或區域分項構成10%或以上之本集團之資產、負債、營運收入、或除稅前溢利。

Geographical information

Geographical segment information is based on the domicile of the legal entities within the Group with business dealing and relationship with, and services to external customers. For the six months ended 30 June 2020 and 2019, no single country or geographical segment other than Hong Kong contributed 10% or more of the Group's assets, liabilities, operating income, or profit before taxation.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

30. 債權及餘額之額外分析

(甲)按行業分類之客戶貸款總額(以貸款用途分類及以受抵押品保障的百分比分析)

30. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES

(a) Gross advances to customers by industry sector classified according to the usage of loans and analysed by percentage covered by collateral

		2020年6 As at 30 。		2019年1 As at 31 [
			貸款總額 受抵押品保障 之百分比 % of gross		貸款總額 受抵押品保障 之百分比 % of gross
		未償還結餘 Outstanding balance	advances covered by collateral	未償還結餘 Outstanding balance	advances covered by collateral
在香港使用的貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong				
工商金融 一物業發展 一物業投資 一金融業投資 一金融無經經紀 一股發與零售業 一股發與零售業 一製造輸及黃 一製造輸及備 一康樂訊科技 一其他	Industrial, commercial and financial - Property development - Property investment - Financial concerns - Stockbrokers - Wholesale and retail trade - Manufacturing - Transport and transport equipment - Recreational activities - Information technology - Others	5,084,415 16,518,677 6,880,646 1,010,334 6,341,304 1,916,351 2,598,546 99,736 59,724 5,733,108	62.5 94.6 4.0 42.9 91.3 58.9 82.2 99.9 77.2 74.0	4,700,618 15,972,169 6,057,400 1,585,717 6,455,795 1,978,378 3,496,770 103,724 52,976 4,464,895	64.6 97.0 3.0 28.6 90.1 59.5 71.9 99.8 70.5 79.6
個人 一購買「居者有其屋計劃」、 「私人參建居屋計劃」及 「租者置其屋計劃」 樓宇貸款	Individuals - Loans for the purchase of flats in Home Ownership Scheme, Private Sector Participation Scheme and Tenants Purchase				
- 購買其他住宅物業貸款	Scheme - Loans for the purchase of other	563,471	100.0	584,349	100.0
一信用卡貸款 一其他	residential properties - Credit card advances - Others	30,712,053 3,644,439 12,906,132	100.0	29,864,112 3,761,021 13,196,910	100.0 - 52.8
		47,826,095	79.0	47,406,392	78.9
在香港使用的貸款 貿易融資(註(1)) 在香港以外使用的貸款(註(2))	Loans for use in Hong Kong Trade finance (Note (1)) Loans for use outside Hong Kong	94,068,936 8,701,810	75.2 59.5	92,274,834 8,815,573	75.6 62.9
= = 10.77 \(\times 10.75 \times 10.75 \(\times 10.75 \times 10.75 \times 10.75 \times 10.75 \(\times 10.75 \times 10.75 \times 10.75 \times 10.75 \(\times 10.75 \times 10.75 \times 10.75 \(\times 10.75 \times 10.75 \times 10.75 \times 10.75 \times 10.75 \(\times 10.75 \tim	(Note (2))	35,464,205	61.3	35,856,366	66.0
		138,234,951	70.7	136,946,773	72.3

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

30. 債權及餘額之額外分析(續)

(甲) 按行業分類之客戶貸款總額(以貸款用 途分類及以受抵押品保障的百分比分 析)(續)

註:

(1) 上述列示之貿易融資為參考香港金管局發出之相 關指引而分類為香港進口、出口和轉口的融資, 以及商品貿易融資等之貸款。

> 不涉及香港之貿易融資貸款(包括大新銀行之海外 銀行附屬公司授予之貿易融資)總值247,855,000 港元(2019年12月31日:294,310,000港元)分類 於「在香港以外使用的貸款」項下。

「在香港以外使用的貸款」包括授予香港客戶但在 香港以外使用之貸款。

30. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND **EXPOSURES** (Continued)

(a) Gross advances to customers by industry sector classified according to the usage of loans and analysed by percentage covered by collateral (Continued)

Note:

(1) Trade finance shown above represents loans covering finance of imports to Hong Kong, exports and re-exports from Hong Kong and merchandising trade classified with reference to the relevant guidelines issued by the HKMA.

Trade finance loans not involving Hong Kong (including trade finance extended by the overseas subsidiary banks of DSB) totalling HK\$247,855,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$294,310,000) are classified under "Loans for use outside Hong Kong".

(2) "Loans for use outside Hong Kong" include loans extended to customers located in Hong Kong with the finance used outside Hong Kong.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

30. 債權及餘額之額外分析(續)

(甲)按行業分類之客戶貸款總額(以貸款用 途分類及以受抵押品保障的百分比分 析)(續)

上述分析中各構成客戶貸款總額10%或以上的行業,其應佔減值貸款額、逾期貸款額、階段3、及階段1及階段2減值準備如下:

30. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES (Continued)

 (a) Gross advances to customers by industry sector classified according to the usage of loans and analysed by percentage covered by collateral (Continued)

For each industry sector reported above with loan balance constituting 10% or more of the total balance of advances to customers, the attributable amount of impaired loans, overdue loans, Stage 3, and Stage 1 and Stage 2 impairment allowances are as follows:

2020年6月30日	As at 30 Jun 2020	未償還 結餘 Outstanding balance	減值貸款 (階段3) Impaired loans (Stage 3)	貸款總額 逾期未償還 超過3個月 Gross advances overdue for over 3 months	階段3 減值準備 Stage 3 impairment allowances	階段1及 階段2 減值準備 Stage 1 and Stage 2 impairment allowances
在香港使用的貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong					
工商金融 一物業投資	Industrial, commercial and financial - Property investment	16,518,677	49,289	43,387	3,773	89,642
個人 -購買其他住宅物業貸款	Individuals - Loans for the purchase of other residential properties	30,712,053	69,804	51,450	10,763	31,472
在香港以外使用的貸款	Loans for use outside Hong Kong	35,464,205	456,548	448,423	199,542	133,341
2019年12月31日	As at 31 Dec 2019	未償還 結餘 Outstanding balance	減值貸款 (階段3) Impaired Ioans (Stage 3)	貸款總額 逾期未償還 超過3個月 Gross advances overdue for over 3 months	階段3 減值準備 Stage 3 impairment allowances	階段1及 階段2 減值準備 Stage 1 and Stage 2 impairment allowances
		balanoo	(Glago o)	Ovor o monario	unowanoco	anowanooo
在香港使用的貸款 工商金融 一物業投資	Loans for use in Hong Kong Industrial, commercial and financial Property investment	15,972,169	45,985	44,910	4,721	79,461
個人 一購買其他住宅物業貸款	Individuals - Loans for the purchase of other residential properties	29,864,112	44,204	33,772	7,537	21,934
在香港以外使用的貸款	Loans for use outside Hong Kong	35,856,366	256,544	373,852	129,588	131,693

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

30. 債權及餘額之額外分析(續)

(乙) 對中國大陸業務的餘額

根據香港金管局《銀行業(披露)規則》,以下對中國大陸業務的餘額之分析乃參照香港金管局對中國大陸業務申報表中所列之非銀行類交易對手類別及直接貸款總額種類以分類,其中只包括大新銀行及其內地銀行附屬公司授予之中國大陸業務的餘額。

30. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES (Continued)

(b) Mainland activities exposures

The analysis of Mainland activities exposures is based on the categories of non-bank counterparties and the type of direct exposures defined by the HKMA under the Banking (Disclosure) Rules with reference to the HKMA Return of Mainland Activities, which includes the Mainland activities exposures extended by DSB and its Mainland subsidiary bank only.

\m \rightarrow \m \ri

		資產負債表內	資產負債表外	
		的餘額	的餘額	
		On-balance	Off-balance	總餘額
		sheet	sheet	Total
2020年6月30日	As at 30 June 2020	exposure	exposure	exposures
1. 中央政府,中央政府擁有的機構及	1. Central government, central government-owned entities			
其附屬公司和合營公司(「合營公司」)	and their subsidiaries and joint ventures ("JVs")	9,745,738	119,527	9,865,265
2. 地方政府, 地方政府擁有的機構及	2. Local governments, local government-owned entities			
其附屬公司和合營公司	and their subsidiaries and JVs	1,283,239	276,480	1,559,719
3. 居住在中國內地之國民或在中國內地	3. PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other			
成立的其他機構及其附屬公司和	entities incorporated in Mainland China and their			
合營公司	subsidiaries and JVs	13,852,168	1,366,430	15,218,598
4. 未有在上述第一項呈報之中央政府的	4. Other entities of central government not reported			
其他機構	in item 1 above	2,727,239	41,565	2,768,804
5. 未有在上述第二項呈報之地方政府的	5. Other entities of local governments not reported			
其他機構	in item 2 above	1,228,297	283,752	1,512,049
6. 居住在中國內地以外之國民或在中國	6. PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or			
內地以外成立的機構,而涉及的	entities incorporated outside Mainland China where			
貸款於中國內地使用	the credits are granted for use in Mainland China	12,280,914	468,896	12,749,810
7. 其他交易對手,其餘額被視作對中國	7. Other counterparties where the exposures are			
大陸非銀行類客戶的餘額	considered to be non-bank Mainland China exposures	1,162,015		1,162,015
		42,279,610	2,556,650	44,836,260
大新銀行及其內地銀行附屬公司	Total assets of DSB and its Mainland subsidiary bank			
之扣除撥備後之資產合計	after provision	236,281,063		
資產負債表內的餘額佔資產合計百分比	On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	17.89%		
AEARXI III M K III A E I II I I I I I I	on salation officer exposures as persontage of total assets	17.00 /0		

註: Note:

上述呈報餘額包括客戶貸款總額及其他對客戶索償之金額。

The balances of exposures reported above include gross advances and other balances of claims on the customers.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

30. 債權及餘額之額外分析(續)

30. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES (Continued)

(乙)對中國大陸業務的餘額(續)

(b) Mainland activities exposures (Continued)

		資產負債表內 的餘額 On-balance sheet	資產負債表外 的餘額 Off-balance sheet	總餘額 Total
2019年12月31日	As at 31 December 2019	exposure	exposure	exposures
 中央政府,中央政府擁有的機構及 其附屬公司和合營公司 地方政府,地方政府擁有的機構及 	Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs Local governments, local government-owned entities	10,376,553	501,429	10,877,982
其附屬公司和合營公司 3. 居住在中國內地之國民或在中國內地 成立的其他機構及其附屬公司和	and their subsidiaries and JVs 3. PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their	1,075,406	323,331	1,398,737
合營公司 4. 未有在上述第一項呈報之中央政府的	subsidiaries and JVs 4. Other entities of central government not reported	13,873,770	1,310,785	15,184,555
其他機構 5. 未有在上述第二項呈報之地方政府的	in item 1 above 5. Other entities of local governments not reported	2,397,774	49,341	2,447,115
其他機構 6. 居住在中國內地以外之國民或在中國 內地以外成立的機構,而涉及的	in item 2 above 6. PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where	1,039,800	290,552	1,330,352
貸款於中國內地使用 7. 其他交易對手,其餘額被視作對中國	the credits are granted for use in Mainland China 7. Other counterparties where the exposures are	11,912,699	405,440	12,318,139
大陸非銀行類客戶的餘額	considered to be non-bank Mainland China exposures	1,329,873		1,329,873
		42,005,875	2,880,878	44,886,753
大新銀行及其內地銀行附屬公司 之扣除撥備後之資產合計	Total assets of DSB and its Mainland subsidiary bank after provision	224,615,205		
資產負債表內的餘額佔資產合計百分比	On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	18.70%		

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

30. 債權及餘額之額外分析(續)

(丙) 按區域分析之客戶貸款總額及逾期貸款

客戶貸款之區域分析乃根據已考慮風險轉移後之 交易對手所在地分類。一般而言,當貸款的擔保 方位處與交易對手不同之區域時,風險將被轉移。

下表為客戶貸款總額、減值客戶貸款(階段3)、逾期客戶貸款、階段3、及階段1及階段2減值準備按區域分析。

30. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES (Continued)

(c) Analysis of gross advances to customers and overdue loans by geographical area

Advances to customers by geographical area are classified according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account the transfer of risk. In general, risk transfer applies when an advance is guaranteed by a party located in an area which is different from that of the counterparty.

The following table analyses gross advances to customers, impaired advances to customers (Stage 3), overdue advances to customers, Stage 3, and Stage 1 and Stage 2 impairment allowances by geographical area.

						階段1及
			減值客戶貸款			階段2
			(階段3)	逾期	階段3	減值準備
		客戶貸款總額	Impaired	客戶貸款	減值準備	Stage 1 and
		Gross	advances to	Overdue	Stage 3	Stage 2
		advances to	customers	advances to	impairment	impairment
2020年6月30日	As at 30 June 2020	customers	(Stage 3)	customers	allowances	allowances
香港	Hong Kong	116,183,769	1,079,098	580,093	393,528	609,126
中國	China	6,596,783	62,662	62,662	16,742	42,585
澳門	Macau	14,039,137	266,294	266,294	89,687	13,606
其他	Others	1,415,262	2,336	5,274	995	5,987
		138,234,951	1,410,390	914,323	500,952	671,304
						階段1及
			減值客戶貸款			階段2
			(階段3)	逾期	階段3	減值準備
		客戶貸款總額	Impaired	客戶貸款	減值準備	Stage 1 and
		Gross	advances to	Overdue	Stage 3	Stage 2
		advances to	customers	advances to	impairment	impairment
2019年12月31日	As at 31 December 2019	customers	(Stage 3)	customers	allowances	allowances
香港	Hong Kong	113,233,394	933,795	500,123	355,400	548,920
中國	China	7,940,270	64,274	64,274	11,496	50,993
澳門	Macau	14,800,379	46,036	177,735	13,308	22,908
其他	Others	972,730	5,121	7,549	993	4,568
		136,946,773	1,049,226	749,681	381,197	627,389

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

30. 債權及餘額之額外分析(續)

(丁)國際債權

國際債權資料是在考慮風險的轉移後,根據交易對手的所在地而披露對外地交易對手最終面對的風險。一般而言,若交易對手的債權是由在不同國家的另一方擔保,或履行債權是一間銀行的海外分行,而其總部是處於不同的國家,才會確認風險由一國家轉移至另一國家。經計及任何認可之風險轉移後,只有構成國際債權總額10%或以上之區域方作出披露。

30. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES (Continued)

(d) International claims

The information of international claims discloses exposures to foreign counterparties on which the ultimate risk lies, and is derived according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account any transfer of risk. In general, transfer of risk from one country to another is recognised if the claims against a counterparty are guaranteed by another party in a different country or if the claims are on an overseas branch of a bank whose head office is located in a different country. Only regions constituting 10% or more of the aggregate international claims after taking into account any recognised risk transfer are disclosed.

				非銀行和 Non-bank pr		
				非銀行 金融機構 Non-bank	非金融私人機構	
2020年6月30日	At 30 June 2020	銀行	官方機構	financial	Non-financial	債權總額
百萬港元	In millions of HK\$	Banks	Official sector	institutions	private sector	Total claims
離岸中心	Offshore centres	6,471	18,593	11,301	140,660	177,025
- 其中: 香港	- of which: Hong Kong	5,320	16,523	11,300	124,337	157,480
發展中亞太區	Developing Asia and Pacific	30,685	1,064	668	16,164	48,581
-其中:中國	- of which: Mainland China	21,655	900	318	12,785	35,658

非銀行私	1 +	
コロボルイ エルバ	八條作	

				Non-bank pr	rivate sector	
				非銀行		
				金融機構	非金融	
				Non-bank	私人機構	
2019年12月31日	At 31 December 2019	銀行	官方機構	financial	Non-financial	債權總額
百萬港元	In millions of HK\$	Banks	Official sector	institutions	private sector	Total claims
離岸中心	Offshore centres	5,309	19,518	10,501	135,768	171,096
- 其中:香港	- of which: Hong Kong	4,560	17,167	10,500	119,445	151,672
發展中亞太區	Developing Asia and Pacific	28,110	1,377	877	16,492	46,856
-其中:中國	- of which: Mainland China	20,533	1,297	524	13,277	35,631

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

31. 有關連人士之交易

(甲) 本集團與有關連人士包括本集團之同系附屬 公司、本公司之股東或董事直接或間接控制 或具有重大影響力之公司進行多項持續關連 交易。

> 全部持續有關連之交易乃根據本集團之正常 業務、有關協議、一般商業條款及慣例,按 公平且合理及符合本公司股東整體利益進 行。

- (乙) 本公司及本集團全資附屬公司於期內與非全 資銀行附屬公司簽訂之持續關連交易(定義 見香港交易所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第 14A.31段)收到及產生之收入及支出。該等 交易之總值未超逾或符合根據上市規則第 14A.53段及14A.54段,適用於本集團之年 度上限。
- (丙) 本集團向本集團的主要管理人員、其近親及 其或彼等近親所控制之企業提供信貸服務及 收取存款。於2020年上半年期間,此等信 貸及存款之結餘與2019年12月31日比較並 無重大改變。
- (丁) 本公司主要管理人員為執行董事,截至 2020年6月30日止6個月,彼等報酬之條款 無重大改變。

31. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) The Group enters into various continuing connected transactions with related parties including fellow subsidiaries of the Group, companies directly or indirectly controlled or significantly influenced by shareholders or directors of the Company.

All continuing connected transactions were conducted in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group, on normal commercial terms, and in accordance with the relevant agreements on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

- (b) The Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries within the Group received and incurred income and expense from the continuing connected transactions (within the definition of Rule 14A.31 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The SEHK (the "Listing Rules")) entered into with the non-whollyowned banking subsidiaries during the period. The aggregate values of these transactions are within or consistent with the respective annual caps applicable to the Group pursuant to Rules 14A.53 and 14A.54 of the Listing Rules.
- The Group provides credit facilities to, and takes deposits from, (c) the Group's key management personnel, their close family members and entities controlled by them. During the first half of 2020, there were no significant changes in the balances of these credit facilities and deposits compared to the positions at 31 December 2019.
- Key management personnel of the Company are executive (d) directors and there were no significant changes to their remuneration terms in the six months ended 30 June 2020.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理

甲. 集團銀行系

本集團明瞭各類風險會不停蜕變的特性並透過完 善的管理架構作有效管理。

風險管理專注於信貸風險、市場風險、利率風險、流動資金風險、操作風險、聲譽風險及策略性風險。信貸風險之產生主要源於本集團之信貸組合,其中包括商業和零售借貸、機械和租購融資及財資和金融機構的批發借貸。

大部份的市場風險乃源於財資部(「財資部」),主要與本集團資產負債表內及資產負債表外之買賣交易及其證券投資有關。

利率風險指因利率的不利變動而引致本集團的財 政狀況面臨的風險。

流動資金風險乃指本集團未能在不衍生不可接受 損失的情況下為新增的資產融資或就到期之金融 負債履行付款責任。

操作風險乃因內部程序、員工及系統之不足與疏忽或外來的事件而產生之直接或間接虧損之風險。

聲譽風險是指由於本集團之商業慣例、營運誤差 或營運表現而可能帶來之負面宣傳風險。這些負 面因素不論是否屬實,均可能令客戶產生憂慮或 負面看法,削弱客戶基礎及市場佔有率或導致耗 費龐大之訴訟或減少收入。

策略性風險泛指由於差劣之策略性決定、不可接受之財務表現、策略施行上失當以及對於市場轉變欠缺有效應變而可能對集團財務及市場狀況有即時或日後重大負面影響之企業風險。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Banking Group

The Group recognises the changing nature of risk and manages it through a well-developed management structure.

Risk management is focused on credit risk, market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, operational risk, reputation risk and strategic risk. Credit risk occurs mainly in the Group's credit portfolios comprising commercial and retail lending, equipment and hire purchase financing, and treasury and financial institutions wholesale lending.

Market risk arises mainly from Treasury Division ("TRD") and is associated principally with the Group's on- and off-balance sheet positions in the trading book and its investment securities.

Interest rate risk means the risk to the Group's financial condition resulting from adverse movements in interest rates.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to fund increases in assets or meet its payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they fall due without incurring unacceptable losses.

Operational risk is the risk of loss (direct or indirect) resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events.

Reputation risk is the risk arising from the potential that negative publicity regarding the Group's business practices, operational errors or operating performance, whether true or not, could cause customer concerns or negative view, decline in the customer base or market share, or lead to costly litigation or revenue reductions.

Strategic risk generally refers to the corporate risk that may bring significant immediate or future negative impact on the financial and market positions of the Group because of poor strategic decisions, unacceptable financial performance, and inappropriate implementation of strategies and lack of effective response to the market changes.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

其他方面之風險管理詳述如下。

(甲)集團風險管理架構

董事會對所有類別的風險管理負上整體的責任。關於風險控制方面,董事會的責任包括:

- 批准整體的策略及政策以確保能在交易及組合層面適當地管理信貸及其他 風險:
- 財務和非財務方面的風險管理,透過 營運和行政控制,包括集團審核委員 會(「審核委員會」)的操作;業績檢討 (比對預測)、營運統計和政策問題作 出監控;及
- 比對已審閱的預算及分析主要非財務 指標的變化以檢討業績。

風險管理及合規委員會(「風險管理及合規委員會」)被委任監察及領導由集團風險部(「集團風險部」)和各功能委員會主導管理及處理的不同類型風險。

(乙)集團風險部

本集團的獨立風險部負責確保本集團整體的 政策訂定和權責。集團風險部監察並透過風 險管理及合規委員會向董事會匯報集團之風 險狀況,制定金融風險和資料完整性的管理 標準,及確保在產品策劃和定價的過程中, 充份考慮財務方面的風險。集團風險部審閱 和管理所有本集團的信貸及風險政策,包括 對新市場、經濟行業、組織、信貸產品和令 本集團產生各類風險的財務工具。在決定風 險政策時,集團風險部會考慮香港金管局制 定的指引、業務方向及每個經風險調整的業 務表現。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

The other risk management aspects are disclosed below.

(a) The risk management structure of the Group

The Board of Directors has the broad overall responsibility for the management of all types of risk. The responsibilities of the Board in relation to risk control are:

- the approval of the overall strategy and policies to ensure that credit and other risks are properly managed at both the transaction and portfolio levels;
- the management of risk, both financial and non-financial, conducted through operational and administrative control systems including the operation of the Group Audit Committee ("AC"); review of key results (against forecasts), operational statistics and policy compliance; and
- the review of financial performance by analysis against approved budgets and analysis of variations in key nonfinancial measures.

The Risk Management and Compliance Committee ("RMCC") has been delegated the authority to oversee and guide the management of different risks which are more particularly managed and dealt with by the Group Risk Division ("GRD") and different functional committees.

(b) Group Risk function

The independent Group Risk function is responsible for ensuring that policies and mandates are established for the Group as a whole. GRD monitors and reports the Group's risk positions to the Board via the RMCC, sets standards for the management of financial risks and data integrity and ensures that the financial risks are fully considered in the product planning and pricing process. GRD reviews and manages all credit and risk exposure policies for the Group including the approval of exposures to new markets, economic sectors, organisations, credit products and financial instruments which expose the Group to different types of risks. In determining risk policies, GRD takes into account the guidelines established by the HKMA, business direction, and risk adjusted performance of each business.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(乙)集團風險部(續)

本集團風險管理的專業知識持續提升借貸組 合的整體質素,並促使本集團能應付改變中 的監管要求和有信心地掌握與授信相關的風 險和回報。

在集團風險部主管領導下,本集團持續發展 其風險管理能力,並增加專注風險策略對風 險和報酬及資本回報的影響。本集團在面對 日常業務管理不同形式的風險時會採用一系 列的風險管理和分析工具。此等工具亦持續 地在被改良和提升以配合不斷改變的業務需 要和監管機構的要求。

(丙) 信貸委員會

本集團設有集團信貸委員會(「集團信貸委員會」)負責批核重大的信貸額度。信貸管理委員會(「信貸管理委員會」)與財資及投資風險委員會(「財資及投資風險委員會」)為分別對貸款及財資業務負責核定和建議其政策、額度和風險控制權責之功能委員會。為支援業務而成立的信貸風險功能只向集團風險部匯報。

(丁)應用金融工具策略

本集團接受定息或浮息及不同年期之客戶存款,並以此取得之資金投資於各種類別的資產以賺取息差收入。本集團尋求透過整合短期資金及按較高利率借出較長期之款項以增加此等息差收入,同時並保持足夠之流動資金以應付可能須付之所有到期債務。

本集團亦按信貸風險及市場情況,透過向商業及零售借款人貸款賺取息差,以及向客戶收取合理費用及佣金。此等活動風險不單涉及資產負債表內之貸款及墊款,亦涉及本集團提供擔保及其他承擔,例如信用證、履約保證及其他保證。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(b) Group Risk function (Continued)

The Group's risk management expertise continues to advance the overall quality of the Group's lending portfolios, and enables the Group to meet the changing regulatory requirements and enter into credit exposures with the confidence that it understands the associated risks and rewards.

The Group continues to evolve its risk management capabilities under the aegis of the Head of GRD, with increasing focus of its risk strategy on risk and reward and returns on capital. The Group uses a range of risk measurement and analytical tools in its management of various risks which it faces in its day-to-day businesses and these are continually being enhanced and upgraded to reflect the ever-changing business needs and the requirements of the regulators.

(c) Credit committees

The Group has a Group Credit Committee ("GCC") for approving major credit limits. The Credit Management Committee ("CMC") and the Treasury and Investment Risk Committee ("TIRC") are the functional committees responsible for approving and recommending policies, limits and mandates for risk control in loans and treasury business respectively. The credit risk function, while set up to support the business areas, reports solely to the GRD.

(d) Strategy in using financial instruments

The Group accepts deposits from customers at both fixed and floating rates, and for various periods, and seeks to earn positive interest margins by investing and lending these funds in a wide range of assets. The Group seeks to increase these margins by consolidating short-term funds and lending for longer periods at higher rates, while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet all claims that might fall due.

The Group also seeks to apply its interest margins through its lending to commercial and retail borrowers and to charge customers appropriate fees and commission, taking into consideration credit risk and market conditions. Such exposures involve not just on-balance sheet loans and advances, as the Group also enters into guarantees and other commitments such as letters of credit, performance bonds and other bonds.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(丁)應用金融工具策略(續)

本集團亦通過交易所及場外交易買賣包括衍生工具之金融工具,藉著證券、債券、貨幣及利率之短期波動賺取利潤。董事會制定交易限額以控制不同程度之市場持倉風險。除指定對沖安排外,有關外匯及利率之風險一般以訂立對銷持倉(包括與客戶及市場對手之交易)或利用衍生工具作對沖,藉此控制有關市場持倉套現之現金淨值。

本集團亦應用利率掉期及其他利率衍生工具 以減輕因利率變動令定息資產公平值下降或 定息有期負債公平值上升之利率風險。若干 金融工具被用作公平值對沖,對沖項目之細 節,包括被對沖項目、金額、利率、對沖期 及目的,皆於各公平值對沖項目開始時被確 定和記錄,亦於開始對沖時按預期基礎評估 及不時根據實際經驗及估價重新評估對沖有 效性。倘公平值對沖關係不符合對沖會計的 有效性測試標準,則對沖會計方法將於此公 平值對沖失效日起停止。

(戊) 信貸風險

本集團之主要信貸風險為借款人或交易對手 未能履行對本集團之償款責任。此等責任乃 源自本集團之貸款及投資活動、以及金融工 具之買賣(包括衍生工具)。

本集團設有集團信貸委員會負責批核重大的 信貸風險敞口。信貸管理委員會與財資及投 資風險委員會乃是分別負責制訂貸款及財資 業務之信貸政策及監察其組合之委員會,該 等委員會由行政總裁擔任主席並由若干執行 董事及高級業務及信貸人員組成。信貸風險 計量,承保、批核和監測之規定都詳列於信 貸政策內。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(d) Strategy in using financial instruments (Continued)

The Group also trades in financial instruments where it takes positions in exchange-traded and OTC instruments, including derivatives, to take advantage of short-term market movements in equities and bonds and in currency and interest rate. The Board places trading limits on the level of exposures that can be taken in relation to market positions. Apart from specific hedging arrangements, foreign exchange and interest rate exposures are normally offset by entering into counterbalancing positions (including transactions with customers or market counterparties), or by the use of derivatives, thereby controlling the variability in the net cash amounts required to liquidate market positions.

The Group also uses interest rate swap and other interest rate derivatives to mitigate interest rate risk arising from changes in interest rates that will result in decrease in the fair value of fixed rate assets or increase in the fair value of fixed rate liabilities. Part of these financial instruments are designated as fair value hedges, and the terms of hedge including hedged item, amount, interest rates, hedge period and purpose are determined and documented at the inception of each fair value hedge. Hedge effectiveness is assessed at inception on a prospective basis and is reassessed, on an ongoing basis, based on actual experience and valuation. Fair value hedge relationships that do not meet the effectiveness test requirement of hedge accounting are discontinued with effect from the date of ineffectiveness of the fair value hedge.

(e) Credit risk

The Group's main credit risk is that borrowers or counterparties may default on their payment obligations due to the Group. These obligations arise from the Group's lending and investment activities, and trading of financial instruments (including derivatives).

The Group has a GCC for approving major credit exposures. The CMC and TIRC are the committees responsible for credit policy formulation and portfolio monitoring of the loan and treasury businesses respectively. These committees are all chaired by the Chief Executive with certain Executive Directors and senior business and credit officers as members. Credit risk measurement, underwriting, approval and monitoring requirements are detailed in credit policies.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊) 信貸風險(續)

本集團以審慎基礎管理各類型的信貸風險。 信貸批核須規限在信貸政策所設定之參數之內,並且須由各級管理層人員按既定之指引及授權批核。管理層、信貸委員會及集團風險部會定期監察及控制信貸風險敞口、信貸限額及資產質素。本集團內部審核師亦會作定期檢閱及審核以確保信貸政策,程序及規管指引得以遵從。

本集團已就新產品及業務建立了有關審核及 審閱的政策與程序,亦已制定了信貸政策, 內容包括貸款評級或信貸評分、流程及減值 政策各方面的細節。

(i) 信貸風險承擔

標準普爾、穆迪及惠譽為本集團採用的外部信用評估機構(「信用評估機構」)用以評估對銀行、主權機構、公營單位及集體投資計劃之信貸風險承擔,及證券化類別風險承擔和有評級法團之風險承擔。本集團亦有一內部評級法則評估未有評級法團之信貸風險承擔。

本集團遵循《銀行業(資本)規則》第4 部份規定之程序,配對銀行賬內之 風險承擔與信用評估機構之發行人評 級。

(ii) 交易對手信貸風險承擔

本集團嚴謹控制其銀行賬或買賣賬內 之場外衍生交易、回購形式交易及 信貸衍生交易合約等持倉淨額之年期 和未結算餘額的額度。與此等合約有 關之信貸風險承擔主要是其現時風險 (如利於本集團之市場估值正數值), 該信貸風險承擔連同因市場變動之潛 在風險承擔被視為授予交易對手的整 體借貸額度之一部份而管理。依從載 於香港金管局之監管政策手冊CR-G-14《非中央結算場外衍生工具交易》中 保證金之標準,除根據與交易對手之 信貸支援安排而轉移變動保證金以填 補場外衍生交易之信貸風險承擔外, 此等信貸風險承擔一般無抵押品或其 他擔保。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(e) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group manages all types of credit risk on a prudent basis. Credits are extended within the parameters set out in the credit policies and are approved by different levels of management based upon established guidelines and delegated authorities. Credit exposures, limits and asset quality are regularly monitored and controlled by management, credit committees and GRD. The Group's internal auditors also conduct regular reviews and audits to ensure compliance with credit policies and procedures and regulatory guidelines.

The Group has established policies and processes for the approval and review of new products and activities, and credit policies with details of the loan grading, or credit scoring, processes and impairment policies.

(i) Credit risk exposures

Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch are the external credit assessment institutions ("ECAIs") that the Group uses for the assessment of its credit risk exposures to banks, sovereigns, public sector entities, and collective investment schemes as well as securitisation exposures and exposures to rated corporates. The Group also has an internal grading methodology for assessing credit exposures to unrated corporates.

The process it uses to map ECAI issuer ratings to exposures booked in its banking book follows the process prescribed in Part 4 of the Banking (Capital) Rules.

(ii) Counterparty credit risk exposures

The Group exercises strict control limits in tenor and outstanding amounts on net open positions arising from OTC derivative transactions, repo-style transactions and credit derivative contracts booked in its banking book or trading book. The credit risk exposures associated with these contracts are predominantly their current exposures (i.e. the positive mark-to-market values favourable to the Group). These credit risk exposures together with potential exposures from market movements are managed as part of the overall lending limits allowed to counterparties. Collateral or other security is generally not obtained for such credit risk exposures except variation margin to cover credit risk exposure arising from OTC derivative transactions under credit support arrangement with counterparties pursuant to the margin standards set out in the HKMA's SPM CR-G-14 on "non-centrally cleared OTC derivatives transactions".

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊)信貸風險(續)

(ii) 交易對手信貸風險承擔(續)

結算風險在支付現金或交收證券或股票並預期可收回有關現金或證券或股票時產生。本集團為各交易對手就一日期結算總額設定每天結算額度以減低結算風險。本集團亦簽訂淨額結算安排,及於適當時按收款交付基準結算。

按本集團現行有關衍生工具合約之抵 押品責任條款,抵押品之變動與本集 團之信貸評級無關連(2019年12月31 日:無)。

本集團已制定政策及程序以控制及監 控錯向風險,包括規定進行指定之錯 向風險交易前需要預先批核。

(iii) 減低信貸風險

本集團採用之減低信貸風險方式一般 為《銀行業(資本)規則》認可以減少資 本加權值之方式,收取之抵押品類別 普遍為現金存款、不動產物業、設備 及汽車。就某些類別之客戶貸款,本 集團亦信賴政府、公營單位及配有可 接受信貸評級法團等發出之擔保。

用作抵押品之不動產物業之價值在授出貸款前將被評估。問題客戶之抵押物業,公開市場價值將最少每3個月估值一次。就已收回之物業抵押品,本集團之政策為按可行情況下盡快出售。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(e) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Counterparty credit risk exposures (Continued)

Settlement risk arises in situations where a payment in cash or a delivery of securities or equities is made in expectation of a corresponding receipt in cash, securities or equities. To mitigate settlement risk, daily settlement limits are established for individual counterparty on the aggregate of all settlements on a day. The Group will also enter into netting arrangements and make settlement on the basis of delivery against payment as appropriate.

Under the terms of the current collateral obligations of the Group with respect to derivative contracts, collateral movements are not linked with the credit ratings of the Group (31 December 2019: Nil).

The Group has in place the policies and procedures to control and monitor wrong-way risk, including requiring prior approval before entering into prescribed wrong-way risk deals.

(iii) Credit risk mitigation

The credit risk mitigation techniques used by the Group are generally those recognised by the Banking (Capital) Rules for reduced capital weighting. Common types of collateral obtained are cash deposits, real estate properties, equipment and vehicles. For certain types of advances to customers, the Group also places reliance on guarantees issued by governments, public sector entities and corporates with acceptable credit rating.

The values of real estate properties taken as collateral are appraised before the loan can be drawn. For property collateral supporting problem accounts, their open market values are appraised at least every three months. For property collateral that has been repossessed, the Group's policy is to arrange for realisation as soon as practicable.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊)信貸風險(續)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損計量

本集團就信貸風險敞口用以計量及評估所需預期信貸虧損減值和減值準備之基本方法與載於本集團截至2019年12月31日止之經審計年度財務報表附註3.2.2內相同。概括而言,預期信貸虧損按12個月期間或全期基準之計算乃根據信貸風險大幅增加是否會自初始確認後發生或資產是否被認定是信貸減值。預期信貸虧損乃違約或然率(「違約或然率」)、違約風險承擔及違約損失率之經貼現後之結果。

截至2020年6月30日止6個月內, 2019新型冠狀病毒疫情引致業務環境 急速惡化及前所未有的全球經濟不確 定性和更困難地釐定預期信貸虧損之 計算,其需考量不同之前瞻性經濟參 數及預測,及信貸風險和違約之可能 出現。有鑑於此,本集團如下論述於 計量2020年上半年之預期信貸虧損時 進行額外評估及風險管理程序。

預期信貸虧損模型之違約或然 率估量

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(e) Credit risk (Continued)

(iv) Expected credit loss measurement

The basic methodologies of the Group for measuring and assessing impairment and impairment allowances required for ECL of its credit exposures remain as those set out in Note 3.2.2 of the Group's annual audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019. To recap, ECL is measured on either a 12-month or lifetime basis depending on whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred since initial recognition or whether an asset is considered to be credit-impaired. ECL is the discounted product of the probability of default ("PD"), exposures at default, and loss given default.

In the six months to 30 June 2020, the COVID-19 pandemic had led to rapid deterioration in business conditions and unprecedented economic uncertainty globally and a higher difficulty in determining ECL calculations, which require the consideration of various forward-looking economic parameters and forecasts, and the likely evolution of credit risk and default. Against this background, the Group undertook additional assessment and risk management procedures in the measurement of ECL for the first half of 2020 as discussed below.

Estimation of PDs for the ECL models

Noting that the PDs derived statistically from the Group's ECL models have become excessively volatile as a result of the abrupt movement in some of the macroeconomic forecasts used for generating those estimates, the Group has taken a longer term perspective in estimating PD for the upcoming years for selected segments of the credit portfolio. The resultant estimates of required ECL allowances are compared with the results of credit portfolio review and scenario analyses, and with due regard to the impact of COVID-19 on different industries and the mitigating effects of the relief measures offered by the Hong Kong Government and the Group.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊) 信貸風險(續)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損計量(續)

持續之風險管理程序

此外,本集團對在預早警示清單中之貸款户口增加審視頻率及進行積極主動和持續確認受2019新型冠狀病毒疫情或一般經濟下行嚴重影響之行業及經濟領域。本集團持續審視有較高潛在違約風險之貸款組合。

納入預期信貸虧損模型之前瞻 性資料

載於下文之前瞻性假設已更新以反映2020年6月30日之市場狀況及本集團之預測。於2020年6月30日及2019年12月31日分配予各經濟情境「基礎」、「良好」及「不良」之或然加權值分別為70%,10%及20%。

本集團預計2019新型冠狀病毒疫情之影響會引致2020年之香港經濟重大倒退,惟目前預期經濟可能於2021年反彈。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(e) Credit risk (Continued)

(iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

Ongoing risk management procedures

In addition, the Group increased the frequency of review of loan accounts in the early warning list and carried out proactive and ongoing identification of industries and economic sectors severely affected by COVID-19 or the general economic downturn. The Group continued its review on loan portfolios with higher potential risk of default.

Forward-looking information incorporated in the ECL models

The forward-looking assumptions shown below have been updated to reflect the market conditions as at 30 June 2020 and the Group's forecast. The probability weightings assigned to each economic scenario, "base", "good" and "bad" as at 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019, were 70%, 10% and 20% respectively.

The Group expects the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic to cause a major setback to the Hong Kong economy in 2020, although a potential rebound in the economy in 2021 is currently anticipated.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊)信貸風險(續)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損計量(續)

納入預期信貸虧損模型之前瞻 性資料(續)

經濟變數之假定

用於估計預期信貸虧損之重大 期末經濟變數之假定列示如下:

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

- (e) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

Forward-looking information incorporated in the ECL models (Continued)

Economic variable assumptions

Significant period-end economic variable assumptions used for the ECL estimates are set out below:

於2020年6月30日	As at 30 June 2020			5年期 前瞻平均數 Average of 5-Year Forward-Looking	1年期前瞻 One-Year Forward-Looking
香港本地生產總值增長率 (百分比)	Hong Kong GDP Growth Rate (%)	基礎 良好 不良	Base Good Bad	1.8% 2.9% 1.3%	-0.9% 4.8% -5.9%
香港住宅物業價格指數 變動(百分比)	Hong Kong Residential Property Price Index Change (%)	基礎 良好 不良	Base Good Bad	5.6% 12.1% -15.5%	2.5% 11.1% -32.5%
香港失業率(百分比)	Hong Kong Unemployment Rate (%)	基礎 良好 不良	Base Good Bad	3.9% 3.1% 6.0%	5.1%* 3.1%* 5.9%*

^{*} 該等1年期前瞻性利率代表1 年期之預測平均利率。

^{*} These one-year forward-looking rates represent forecast average rates for one year.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊)信貸風險(續)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損計量(續)

納入預期信貸虧損模型之前瞻 性資料(續)

經濟變數之假定(續)

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

- (e) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

Forward-looking information incorporated in the ECL models (Continued)

5年期

Economic variable assumptions (Continued)

				前瞻平均數	
				Average of	1 年期前瞻
				5-Year	One-Year
於2019年12月31日	As at 31 December 2019			Forward-Looking	Forward-Looking
香港本地生產總值增長率	Hong Kong GDP Growth Rate (%)	基礎	Base	1.6%	-1.3%
(百分比)		良好	Good	2.9%	4.8%
		不良	Bad	1.3%	-5.9%
香港住宅物業價格指數	Hong Kong Residential Property	基礎	Base	4.3%	1.2%
變動(百分比)	Price Index Change (%)	良好	Good	12.1%	11.1%
		不良	Bad	-15.5%	-32.5%
香港失業率(百分比)	Hong Kong Unemployment	基礎	Base	3.5%	3.6%*
	Rate (%)	良好	Good	3.1%	3.1%*
		不良	Bad	6.0%	5.9%*

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊)信貸風險(續)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損計量(續)

納入預期信貸虧損模型之前瞻 性資料(續)

敏感度分析

以下為因應用在本集團的經濟 變數假設中的實際假設而產生 這些參數的合理可能變化導致 預期信貸虧損準備之影響:

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(e) Credit risk (Continued)

(iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

Forward-looking information incorporated in the ECL models (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

Set out below are the changes to the ECL that would result from reasonably possible change in these parameters from the actual assumptions used in the Group's economic variable assumptions:

			預期信貸虧損的影響	
			ECL Imp	act
			零售	企業
於2020年6月30日	As at 30 June 2020		Retail	Corporate
失業率	Unemployment rates	+1%	33,487	40,172
		-1%	-6,364	-31,542
生產總值增長率	GDP growth rates	+0.5%	-1,899	-17,526
		-0.5%	1,943	18,998
物業價格指數	Property price indexes	+5%	-2,363	-25,539
		-5%	2,942	30,112

預期信貸虧損的影響

			ECL Impact	
			零售	企業
於2019年12月31日	As at 31 December 2019		Retail	Corporate
失業率	Unemployment rates	+1%	12,580	128,952
		-1%	-1,106	-65,802
生產總值增長率	GDP growth rates	+0.5%	-2,209	-15,239
		-0.5%	2,244	16,559
物業價格指數	Property price indexes	+5%	-284	-22,035
		-5%	450	23,089

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊)信貸風險(續)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損計量(續)

金融工具的信貸風險之分析

下列金融資產的賬面值/名義 金額總額亦列示本集團該等金 融資產之最高信貸風險值。

須作減值評估的金融資產

2020年6月30日

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

- (e) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

Analysis of credit risk exposure of financial instruments

The gross carrying/notional amount of financial assets below shown also represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets.

Financial assets subject to impairment

At 30 June 2020

		賬面值/名義金額 Gross carrying/notional amount				石田上代	
			特別關注	次級或以下		預期信貸 虧損準備	
		正常	Special	Sub-standard	合計	ECL	淨額
		Pass	mention	or below	Total	allowance	Net
				0. 20.0		4	
銀行的結餘及存款	Balance and placements with banks	25,054,874	_	_	25,054,874	10,524	25,044,350
-階段1	- Stage 1	25,054,874	_	_	25,054,874	10,524	25,044,350
-階段2	- Stage 2		_	_	_	-	
-階段3	- Stage 3	_	_	_	_	_	_
以公平值計量且其變動計入	Debt instruments at fair value through other						
其他全面收益的債務工具	comprehensive income	42,566,009	_	_	42,566,009	31,822	42,534,187
-階段1	- Stage 1	42,566,009	-	-	42,566,009	31,822	42,534,187
一階段2	- Stage 2	· · ·	-	-	· · · -	_	· · ·
-階段3	- Stage 3	_	-	-	_	_	_
以攤餘成本列賬的債務工具	Debt instruments at amortised cost	21,376,332	-	-	21,376,332	20,328	21,356,004
-階段1	- Stage 1	21,376,332	-	-	21,376,332	20,328	21,356,004
-階段2	- Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-
一階段3	- Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-
客戶貸款	Advances to customers	135,866,803	957,758	1,410,390	138,234,951	1,172,256	137,062,695
-階段 1	- Stage 1	128,563,851	-	-	128,563,851	503,033	128,060,818
一階段2	- Stage 2	7,302,952	957,758	-	8,260,710	168,271	8,092,439
一階段3	- Stage 3	-	-	1,410,390	1,410,390	500,952	909,438
貿易票據	Trade bills	3,107,128	-	7,894	3,115,022	3,278	3,111,744
-階段 1	- Stage 1	3,082,687	-	-	3,082,687	3,251	3,079,436
一階段2	- Stage 2	24,441	-	-	24,441	27	24,414
一階段3	- Stage 3	-	-	7,894	7,894	-	7,894
應計利息及其他賬目	Accrued interest and other accounts	8,365,259	5,715	71,788	8,442,762	38,667	8,404,095
-階段 1	- Stage 1	8,348,814	-	-	8,348,814	12,340	8,336,474
一階段2	- Stage 2	16,445	5,715	-	22,160	728	21,432
一階段3	- Stage 3	-	-	71,788	71,788	25,599	46,189
貸款承擔及財務擔保	Loan commitments and financial						
	guarantees	79,777,192	88,556	12	79,865,760	149,839	79,715,921
-階段1	- Stage 1	77,584,210	-	-	77,584,210	143,989	77,440,221
一階段2	- Stage 2	2,192,982	88,556	-	2,281,538	5,850	2,275,688
一階段3	- Stage 3			12	12		12
合計	Total	316,113,597	1,052,029	1,490,084	318,655,710	1,426,714	317,228,996

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊)信貸風險(續)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損計量(續)

金融工具的信貸風險之分析(續)

須作減值評估的金融資產(續)

2019年12月31日

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

- (e) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

Analysis of credit risk exposure of financial instruments (Continued)

福期信貸

Financial assets subject to impairment (Continued)

At 31 December 2019

賬面值/名義金額 Gross carrying/notional amount

			arooo oarrying	motional amount		1. ファイス ファイス ファイス はいまい はい	
		正常	特別關注 Special	次級或以下 Sub-standard	合計	虧損準備 ECL	淨額
		Pass	mention	or below	Total	allowance	Net
		1 400	montion	01 201011	10101	anowanioo	1100
銀行的結餘及存款	Balance and placements with banks	24,781,299	_	_	24,781,299	3,325	24,777,974
-階段 1	- Stage 1	24,781,299	_	_	24,781,299	3,325	24,777,974
-階段2	- Stage 2	_	-	_	_	_	_
一階段3	- Stage 3	_	-	_	_	_	_
以公平值計量且其變動計入	Debt instruments at fair value through other						
其他全面收益的債務工具	comprehensive income	41,353,504	-	_	41,353,504	27,397	41,326,107
-階段1	- Stage 1	41,353,504	-	_	41,353,504	27,397	41,326,107
一階段2	- Stage 2	_	-	_	_	_	_
一階段3	- Stage 3	-	_	_	_	_	_
以攤餘成本列賬的債務工具	Debt instruments at amortised cost	15,754,600	_	_	15,754,600	11,608	15,742,992
-階段1	- Stage 1	15,754,600	-	_	15,754,600	11,608	15,742,992
一階段2	- Stage 2	_	_	_	_	_	_
一階段3	- Stage 3	_	-	_	_	_	_
客戶貸款	Advances to customers	134,883,394	1,014,153	1,049,226	136,946,773	1,008,586	135,938,187
-階段1	- Stage 1	129,023,721	_	_	129,023,721	474,635	128,549,086
一階段2	- Stage 2	5,859,673	1,014,153	_	6,873,826	152,754	6,721,072
一階段3	- Stage 3	-	-	1,049,226	1,049,226	381,197	668,029
貿易票據	Trade bills	3,381,956	-	11,907	3,393,863	1,989	3,391,874
一階段 1	- Stage 1	3,356,669	-	_	3,356,669	1,982	3,354,687
一階段2	- Stage 2	25,287	-	_	25,287	7	25,280
一階段3	- Stage 3	_	-	11,907	11,907	_	11,907
應計利息及其他賬目	Accrued interest and other accounts	6,449,145	4,118	72,168	6,525,431	32,542	6,492,889
-階段 1	- Stage 1	6,438,347	_	_	6,438,347	10,026	6,428,321
一階段2	- Stage 2	10,798	4,118	_	14,916	598	14,318
一階段3	- Stage 3	_	_	72,168	72,168	21,918	50,250
貸款承擔及財務擔保	Loan commitments and financial guarantees	81,210,407	23,846	10,931	81,245,184	148,642	81,096,542
-階段 1	- Stage 1	78,548,873	_	_	78,548,873	140,087	78,408,786
-階段2	- Stage 2	2,661,534	23,846	_	2,685,380	8,555	2,676,825
一階段3	- Stage 3		_	10,931	10,931	-	10,931
合計	Total	307,814,305	1,042,117	1,144,232	310,000,654	1,234,089	308,766,565

在披露此財務資料時,已列示 以公平值計量且其變動計入其 他全面收益的債務工具之名義 金額及於投資重估儲備中所包 含相關的預期信貸虧損準備。 For the purpose of this disclosure, notional amount of debt instruments at FVOCI and the associated ECL allowance maintained in investment revaluation reserve are presented.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己) 市場風險

市場風險乃指由市場上利率及價格變化而引致對資產、負債及資產負債表外持倉之虧損風險。

各類交易之市場風險均由董事會、風險管理 及合規委員會及財資及投資風險委員會按董 事會授予之權力所核准之各項風險限額及指 引內處理。風險限額按組合層面以及各產品 及不同風險類別設定。該等限額綜合包含了 名義金額、止蝕限額、敏感性及運用市場風 險數值(「市場風險數值」)之監控。所有涉及 市場風險的買賣持倉需要每日按市值入賬。 集團風險部之風險管理及監控部(「風險管理 及監控部」)乃一個獨立之風險管理及控制部 門,負責比較風險和已審批限額,以識別、 計量、監控及管理該等風險及提議具體行動 去確保持倉被限制在可接受水平內。任何不 符合限額情況均須依據有關政策及程序經合 適管理層-財資及投資風險委員會,風險管 理及合規委員會或董事會審查及批准。

大新銀行之附屬公司澳門商業銀行及大新銀行(中國)根據其一套自定限額和政策及在大新銀行設定之總體市場風險控制內執行其本行之財資活動。大新銀行之風險管理及監控部監察及管理源自澳門商業銀行及大新銀行(中國)財資營運之市場風險。

本集團源自其買賣賬及銀行賬之市場風險應 用不同之風險管理政策及程序。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(f) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of losses in assets, liabilities and offbalance sheet positions arising from movements in market rates and prices.

Market risk exposure for different types of transactions is managed within various risk limits and guidelines approved by the Board, the RMCC and the TIRC under the authority delegated from the Board. Risk limits are set at the portfolio level as well as by products and by different types of risks. The risk limits comprise a combination of notional, stoploss, sensitivity and value-at-risk ("VaR") controls. All trading positions are subject to daily mark-to-market valuation. The Risk Management and Control Department ("RMCD") within the GRD, as an independent risk management and control unit, identifies, measures, monitors and controls the risk exposures against approved limits and initiates specific actions to ensure positions are managed within an acceptable level. Any exceptions have to be reviewed and sanctioned by the appropriate level of management of TIRC, RMCC or the Board as stipulated in the relevant policies and procedures.

BCM and DSB China, which are subsidiaries of DSB, run their treasury functions locally under their own set of limits and policies and within the overall market risk controls set by DSB. The RMCD of DSB oversees and controls the market risk arising from the treasury operations of BCM and DSB China.

The Group applies different risk management policies and procedures in respect of the market risk arising from its trading and banking books.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己)市場風險(續)

(i) 源自買賣賬之市場風險

下列敘述為有關大新銀行、澳門商業銀行及大新銀行(中國)。

本集團之買賣賬內,在外匯、債務證 券、權益性證券及衍生工具之買賣持 倉中存在市場風險。

(1) 市場風險計量方法

作為市場風險管理,本集團使 用各種業界普遍採用之方法計 量市場風險及控制市場風險於 設定之風險額度範圍內。主要 用於計量及監控市場風險之計 量方法概述如下。

• 市場風險數值

市場風險數值模型假設某個持倉期(就本集團而言為一天)直至結束持倉。市場風險數值亦依據持倉之現時市值、市場風險數在,使周內之,有至關係及波幅,使用一種歷史模擬方法計算。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(f) Market risk (Continued)

(i) Market risk arising from the trading book

The following descriptions relate to DSB, BCM and DSB China.

In the Group's trading book, market risk is associated with trading positions in foreign exchange, debt securities, equity securities and derivatives.

(1) Market risk measurement technique

In the management of market risk, the Group measures market risks using various techniques commonly used by the industry and control market risk exposures within established risk limits. The major measurement techniques used to measure and control market risk are outlined below.

Value at risk

The Group applies a VaR methodology, which is a statistically based estimate, to measure the potential loss of its trading portfolio from adverse market movements. It expresses as the maximum amount the Group might lose given a certain level of confidence, which for the Group is 99% for a one day holding period. There is therefore a specified statistical probability that actual loss could be greater than the VaR estimate. Hence, the use of VaR does not prevent losses outside the VaR limits in the event of extreme market movements.

The VaR model assumes a certain "holding period" (one day in the case of the Group) until positions can be closed. It is calculated based on the current mark-to-market value of the positions, the historical correlation and volatilities of the market risk factors over an observation period of one calendar year using a method known as historical simulation approach.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己)市場風險(續)

- (i) 源自買賣賬之市場風險(續)
 - (1) 市場風險計量方法(續)
 - 市場風險數值(續)

本集團藉著回顧測試買賣 賬之市場風險數值結果, 持續確認市場風險數值模 型之有效性。所有回顧測 試的偏差予以調查及向高 層管理人員匯報。

因市場風險數值為本集團 之市場風險管理範疇內-重要環節,董事會及其授 權之委員會就所有買賣持 倉設定不同市場風險數值 額度及分配至各業務部 門,並至少每年審閱。風 險管理及監控部每天審視 包括市場風險數值之實際 風險與額度對比進行監 控。本集團就截至2020年 6月30日止之6個月內全部 交易活動之市場風險數值 日均值為2,672,000港元 (截至2019年12月31日止 年度:3,280,000港元)。

壓力測試

壓力測試提供極端情況下 可能出現之潛在損失之約 額。風險管理及監控部進 行的壓力測試包括:風險 因素壓力測試,方法為 在各風險類別中施行不 同壓力程度;及個案壓力 測試,方法為利用各種可 能壓力事項對特定持倉或 組合進行測算。此外,亦 計量持作買賣用途組合之 預計虧缺以評估當超出指 定置信水平及處於較長持 倉期時出現極度買賣虧損 的預計規模。此外,也進 行逆壓力測試作為一項有 效工具以評估本集團於觸 及規定之可容忍水平前所 能承受的市場壓力最大約 額。

壓力測試之結果由董事會 及其授權之委員會定期審 閱。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

- A. Banking Group (Continued)
 - (f) Market risk (Continued)
 - (i) Market risk arising from the trading book (Continued)
 - (1) Market risk measurement technique (Continued)
 - Value at risk (Continued)

The VaR model is continuously validated by back-testing the VaR results for trading positions. All back-testing exceptions are investigated and back-testing results are reported to senior management.

As VaR constitutes an integral part of the Group's market risk control regime, VaR limits are established and reviewed by the Board and its delegated committees at least annually for all trading positions and allocated to business units. Actual exposures, including VaR, are monitored against limits on a daily basis by RMCD. Average daily VaR for the Group for all trading activities during the six months ended 30 June 2020 was HK\$2,672,000 (year ended 31 December 2019: HK\$3,280,000).

Stress tests

Stress tests provide an indication of the potential size of losses that could arise in extreme conditions. The stress tests carried out by RMCD include: risk factor stress testing, where stress movements are applied to each risk category; and scenario stress testing, which includes applying possible stress events to specific positions or portfolios. Besides, the expected shortfall of the trading portfolio is measured to evaluate the expected size of extreme trading loss beyond a specified confidence level and over a longer holding period. In addition, reverse-stress tests are performed as a useful tool to evaluate the maximum size of market stress that the Group can endure before hitting the prescribed tolerable levels.

The results of the stress tests are reviewed by the Board and its delegated committees regularly.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己)市場風險(續)

- (i) 源自買賣賬之市場風險(續)
 - (2) 持作買賣用途組合之市場 風險數值概要

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

- A. Banking Group (Continued)
 - (f) Market risk (Continued)
 - (i) Market risk arising from the trading book (Continued)
 - (2) VaR summary of trading portfolio

		截至2020年6月30日止之6個月 6 months to 30 Jun 2020			截至2019年12月31日止之12個月 12 months to 31 Dec 2019		
		平均 最高 最低			平均	最高	最低
		Average	High	Low	Average	High	Low
外匯風險	Foreign exchange risk	2,246	3,529	1,098	2,666	3,462	1,106
利率風險	Interest rate risk	1,338	2,311	719	1,525	2,650	522
全部風險	All risks	2,672	3,916	1,678	3,280	4,502	2,071

(ii) 源自銀行賬之市場風險

本集團之銀行賬中,市場風險主要來 自於債務及權益性證券之持倉。

(1) 市場風險計量方法

在董事會及其授權之委員會設 立之風險管理框架及政策中, 設定了不同的額度、指引及管 理層行動觸發額,藉此控制本 集團銀行賬中有關外匯風險、 利率風險及定價風險等風險。 尤其設有持倉及敏感度額度及 定價觸發額以控制證券投資的 定價風險。此外,本集團定期 進行對資產負債表內及外持倉 中之利率變化及證券投資之信 貸息差作敏感度分析及壓力測 試(包括逆壓力測試),比對設 定之監控措施以估量及管理存 在於本集團銀行賬中之市場風 險。

計量及監控銀行賬中之市場風險時並無採用市場風險數值法。

(ii) Market risk arising from the banking book

In the Group's banking book, market risk is predominantly associated with positions in debt and equity securities.

(1) Market risk measurement technique

Within the risk management framework and policies established by the Board and its delegated committees, various limits, guidelines and management action triggers are established to control the exposures of the Group's banking book activities to foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, and price risk. In particular, position and sensitivity limits and price triggers are in place to control the price risk of the investment securities. In addition, sensitivity analysis and stress testing (including reverse-stress testing) covering shocks and shifts in interest rates on the Group's on- and off-balance sheet positions and credit spreads on the Group's investment securities are regularly performed to gauge the market risk inherent in the Group's banking book portfolios and manage it against the established control measures.

VaR methodology is not used to measure and control the market risk of the banking book.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己)市場風險(續)

(ii) 源自銀行賬之市場風險(續)

(2) 外匯風險

除美元(「澳門幣(「澳門幣(「澳門幣(「澳門幣(「與門幣」))外,與門幣(「澳門幣」)外, 大雅(「人民幣」)外,分的與門內 大雅(「人民幣」)外,分的與別 大雅(「人民幣」)外,分的與別 大雅(「人民幣」)外,分的與別 大都(「人民幣」),,一 大都(「人民幣」),,一 大都(「人民幣」),,一 大都(大力)。 大都(大力)。 大都(大力)。 大都(大力)。 大都(大力)。 大力)。 大

若用長期外幣資金融資港元資 產,反之亦然,通常會透過與 遠期外匯合約配對抵銷以減低 外匯風險。

(3) 利率風險

本集團採納用以計量源自銀行 賬持倉的利率風險額之框架與 載於香港金管局經修訂之《監 管政策手冊》(「《監管政策手 冊》」)內有關銀行賬內的利率風 險之指引一致。就盈利觀點而 言,利率風險乃由於市場利率 變化而導致金融工具源自未來 現金流之淨收入波動之風險。 就經濟價值觀點而言,利率風 險則為由於市場利率變化而導 致金融工具之經濟價值波動之 風險。本集團就銀行賬承擔以 上兩方面之利率風險。就此而 論,息差或淨利息收入及資本 之經濟價值可能由於此等變化 或突如其來之變化而上升或下 跌。董事會及資產及負債管理 委員會(「資產及負債管理委員 會」)就可能承擔之重訂利率錯 配水平設定額度及透過情境分 析和壓力測試定期監控利率變 化之影響。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(f) Market risk (Continued)

ii) Market risk arising from the banking book (Continued)

(2) Foreign exchange risk

The Group has limited net foreign exchange exposure (except for USD, Macau Pataca ("MOP") and Renminbi ("RMB")) as foreign exchange positions and foreign currency balances arising from customer transactions are normally matched against other customer transactions or transactions with the market. Foreign exchange exposure of the non-trading portfolio in respect of MOP and RMB arise mainly from the operation of overseas subsidiaries in Macau and Mainland China. The net exposure positions including the trading and non-trading portfolios, both by individual currency and in aggregate, are managed by the TRD of the Group on a daily basis within established foreign exchange limits.

Long-term foreign currency funding, to the extent that this is used to fund Hong Kong dollar assets, or vice versa, is normally matched using foreign exchange forward contracts to reduce exposure to foreign exchange risk.

(3) Interest rate risk

The framework adopted by the Group to measure interest rate risk exposures arising from its banking book positions is consistent with the guidelines set out by the HKMA in its revised Supervisory Policy Manual ("SPM") on Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book. From an earnings perspective, interest rate risk is the risk that the net income arising from future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. From an economic value perspective, interest rate risk is the risk that the economic value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group takes on interest rate risk from both perspectives in the banking book. As such, the interest margins or net interest income and the economic value of the capital may increase or decrease as a result of such changes or in the event that unexpected movements arise. The Board and the Asset and Liability Management Committee ("ALCO") set limits on the level of mismatch of interest rate repricing that may be undertaken and monitor the interest rate impacts through scenario analysis and stress testing regularly.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(庚)流動資金風險

流動資金風險乃指本集團未能在不衍生不可 接受之損失的情況下為新增的資產融資或就 到期之金融負債履行付款責任。

本集團按審慎原則管理資金流動性,旨在符合法定準則及確保有充足之流動性及融資能力,以應付日常的業務營運及能承受嚴重資金壓力。本集團已採納香港金管局指定之流動性維持比率(「流動性維持比率」)及核心資金比率(「核心資金比率」)為呈報本集團流動資金狀況之監管準則。本集團於期內保持流動性維持比率及核心資金比率遠高於法定最低的要求分別為25%及75%。

此外,本集團已根據香港金管局《監管政策手冊》LM-1「流動性風險監管制度」及《監管政策手冊》單元LM-2「穩健的流動性風險管理制度及管控措施」之規定維護健全的流動性風險管理框架。《監管政策手冊》LM-1旨在提供香港金管局採納用以監管及評估銀行流動性風險之方法,而《監管政策手冊》LM-2乃為實施巴塞爾銀行監管委員會(「巴塞爾委員會」)所確立之健全流動性原則而制定,旨在強化銀行的流動性風險管理標準。

流動性風險管理乃遵照經董事會批准之政策 及框架管理,據此授權本集團的資產及負債 管理委員會監控流動性風險管理。本集團的 資產及負債管理委員會定期檢討本集團之貸 款和存款的組合及變化、融資需求及預測、 以及對一系列包括流動性維持比率、核心資 金比率及到期錯配狀況之流動性風險度量作 持續監控。此外,資產及負債管理委員會審 閱流動性風險指標的重大變化以及任何相應 的建議緩解措施。本集團對此等風險度量訂 定適當的限額及觸發額,並持有充足的流動 資產以確保能保持足夠水平的穩定資金以支 持其資產增長。財資部負責資金及流動性狀 況之日常管理,而集團風險部負責每日及每 月計量及監控流動性的風險敞口,亦進行流 動性分析及壓力測試。財務監理處則處理有 關流動性風險之監管報告,並組織編製貸款 與存款以及流動性維持比率、核心資金比率 的定期預測、預算和與流動性及資金管理有 關之分析。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(g) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to fund increases in assets or meet its payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they fall due without incurring unacceptable loss.

The Group manages its liquidity on a prudent basis with the objective to comply with the statutory standards and to ensure that there is an adequate liquidity and funding capacity to meet normal business operations and to withstand severe liquidity stresses. The Group has adopted the Liquidity Maintenance Ratio ("LMR") and the Core Funding Ratio ("CFR") as the regulatory standards specified by the HKMA for reporting on the Group's liquidity position. During the period, the Group had maintained sufficiently high LMR and CFR well above the statutory minimum of 25% and 75% respectively.

Moreover, the Group has maintained a sound liquidity risk management framework in accordance with the HKMA's requirements set forth in the SPM LM-1 on "Regulatory Framework for Supervision of Liquidity Risk" and the SPM module LM-2 on "Sound Systems and Controls for Liquidity Risk Management". The SPM LM-1 is to provide the approach adopted by the HKMA for supervising and assessing the liquidity risk of banks while the SPM LM-2 is developed to implement the liquidity sound principles formulated by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision ("Basel Committee") to strengthen the liquidity risk management standards of banks.

Liquidity risk management is governed by the policy and framework approved by the Board, which delegates to the Group's ALCO to oversee liquidity risk management. The ALCO regularly reviews the Group's loan and deposit mix and changes, funding requirements and projections, and monitors a set of liquidity risk metrics, including the LMR, CFR and maturity mismatch on an ongoing basis. In addition, material changes in the liquidity risk metrics together with any corresponding proposed mitigation actions will be reviewed by ALCO. Appropriate limits or triggers on these risk metrics are set and sufficient liquid assets are held to ensure that the Group can maintain a sufficient level of stable funding to support its asset growth. The TRD is responsible for the day-to-day management of funding and liquidity position while the Group Risk Division is responsible for the measurement and monitoring of liquidity risk exposures on a daily and monthly basis, and also conducting liquidity analysis and stress testing. The Financial Control Division handles regulatory reporting in relation to liquidity risk, and coordinates the regular forecast of loans and deposits, and LMR, CFR, budget and analysis relating to liquidity and funding management.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(庚)流動資金風險(續)

本集團高度重視建立多樣化及穩定的資金來源。除了客戶存款為本集團的資金之基本部份,本集團亦適時發行存款證及中期票據藉以延長資金的融資年期及優化資產及負債之年期。在有限制的基礎下,亦會吸納短期銀行同業存款以維持在市場上的佔有率為目標。本集團乃銀行同業市場的淨放款人。

監控及呈報按不同時限之現金流計量及推測 方式實行,時限按流動性管理之主要區間包 括次日、一星期及一個月來區分。此等推測 首先分析該等金融資產及負債之合約到期 日,並且依據過往觀察預計該等金融資產及 負債的預期到期日。預測現金流亦考慮資產 負債表外項目,包括未提取借貸承擔及或然 負債(例如備用信用證及擔保)之過往行為。 本集團持續維持充足流動性緩衝,由具備充 足市場深度的優質有價證券組成,即使在不 利的市場環境下也能時刻應付其流動資金需 求。於流動性緩衝內之合資格證券主要是低 風險及結構簡單並可隨時出售或用作抵押 的,以便於短時間內獲取資金。持有之債務 證券按每日基準以市值入賬以確保其市場流 動性。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(g) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The Group places considerable importance to establish a diversified and stable funding. While customer deposits form the primary portion of the Group's funding, certificates of deposit and medium term notes are issued at opportune time in order to lengthen the funding maturity and optimise asset and liability maturities. Short-term interbank deposits are taken on a limited basis with the aim of maintaining the presence in the market and the Group is a net lender to the interbank market.

The monitoring and reporting take the forms of cash flow measurements and projections for different time horizons, including the next day, week and month, which are key periods for liquidity management. The starting point for those projections is an analysis of the contractual maturity of the financial assets and liabilities as well as the expected maturity of these assets and liabilities based on historical observations. The cash flow projections also take into account the historical behaviour of offbalance sheet items, including undrawn lending commitments and contingent liabilities such as standby letters of credit and guarantees. The Group always maintains an adequate liquidity cushion, which is composed of high quality marketable securities with sufficient market depth, to meet its liquidity needs at all times, even under adverse market conditions. Eligible securities in the cushion mainly have low risk and simple structure and can be readily sold or used as collateral to obtain funds within a short period of time. Debt securities held are marked to the market on daily basis to ensure their market liquidity.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(庚)流動資金風險(續)

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(g) Liquidity risk (Continued)

內部分類 Internal categorisation	基本準則 Basic Criteria	2020年6月30日 As at 30 June 2020 (百萬港元) (In HK\$ million)	2019年12月31日 As at 31 December 2019 (百萬港元) (In HK\$ million)
第1級	根據巴塞爾協定II標準法的政府、多邊發展銀行、相關國際組織及公營單位發行或擔保之風險權重為0%的有價證券	16,553	16,697
Tier 1	Marketable securities issued or guaranteed by government, multilateral development banks, relevant international organisations and public sector entities with a 0% risk weight under the Basel II Standardised Approach		
第 2A 級	根據巴塞爾協定II標準法的政府、多邊發展銀行、公營單位及非金融企業發行 或擔保之風險權重為20%的有價證券	7,335	6,468
Tier 2A	Marketable securities issued or guaranteed by government, multilateral development banks, public sector entities and non-financial corporate entities with a 20% risk weight under the Basel II Standardised Approach		
第2B級	至少具有投資等級及可包括於流動資產維持比率中的「可流動資產」的企業或金融機構發行或擔保之其他有價證券	36,274	31,715
Tier 2B	Other marketable securities issued or guaranteed by corporate or financial institutions with at least an investment grade and those securities that may be included in "liquefiable assets" under the liquidity maintenance ratio		

本集團定期進行壓力測試,包括與機構特定 相關的、一般市場危機的及併合兩者的不同 方案以評估流動性狀況在受壓之市場情況下 的潛在影響。本集團設立一系列預早警示指 標,包括質化的及量化的因素及涉及可幫助 認明任何於早期出現的風險之內部及市場指 標。本集團維持緊急應變計劃,詳列應對流 動性問題之策略和於緊急情況下填補現金流 不足之程序(例如進行回購協議交易或變賣 持作流動性風險管理用途之資產)。每年進 行演習測試及至少每年審閲緊急應變計劃以 確保其仍然健全及有效。集團公司間之交易 按公平原則進行及就正常情況下之現金流預 測而言,如同與其他第三方之交易處理。本 集團之附屬公司於正常及受壓情況下須管理 其流動資金狀況以應付其需要。本集團之衍 生工具交易大多為外匯合約及利率合約。按 照本集團與衍生工具交易對手之抵押品安排 條款,抵押品之變動與集團之信貸評級無關

The Group performs stress testing regularly, which includes an institution-specific crisis scenario, a general market crisis scenario and a combination of these crisis scenarios in order to assess the potential impact on its liquidity position under stressed market conditions. The Group maintains a set of early warning indicators, including qualitative and quantitative factors and involving both internal and market indicators that help in identifying any emerging risk at early stage. The Group maintains a contingency plan that sets out its strategies for dealing with liquidity problems and the procedures for making up cash flow deficits (e.g. conducting repo transactions or liquidation of assets held for liquidity risk management purpose) in emergency situations. An annual drill test is conducted and the contingency plan is reviewed at least annually to ensure it remains sound and effective. Intragroup transactions are conducted on arm's length basis and are treated the same way as other third party transactions for the purpose of cash flow projection under normal scenario. Subsidiaries of the Group are required to manage their liquidity positions to meet their needs under both normal and stressed conditions. Most of the Group's derivative transactions are exchange rate contracts and interest rate contracts. Under the terms of our collateral arrangements with derivative counterparties, collateral movements are not linked with the credit ratings of the Group.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(辛) 操作風險

本集團透過一個管理架構管理操作風險,包括高級管理人員,一獨立風險管理小組,及來自各業務和支援部門之操作風險人員,並透過一系列操作風險政策、風險工具箱、操作風險事件申報及紀錄系統,及自我評估監控和主要風險指標工具運作。操作風險及內部監控委員會(「操作風險及內部監控委員會(」)已設立,以監察本集團之操作風險管理及內部監控事宜。連同設立一個良好內部監控系統,操作風險下均可充分地認明、評估、監控及減低。為能向集團內各階層清晰地傳達該操作風險架構,認知和訓練課程不時舉行。

為減低系統失靈或災難對本集團業務之影響,本集團已設定備用場地、操作復元政策 及計劃,並對所有主要業務及支援部門進行 測試。

外部及內部審核師亦定期對內部監控系統作 獨立審閱以支托操作風險架構。本集團之風 險管理及合規委員會全面監察操作風險管理 之表現及有效性。

(壬) 聲譽風險

本集團透過維持以下一系列措施管理聲譽風險:以強調內部監控、風險管理和合規、打擊洗黑錢及恐怖份子資金籌集的重要性來提升企業管治及管理層監察達至高水平,以及維持有效政策及程序:提供適當之員工培訓及監督:員工對合規事項的認知;妥善處理客戶之投訴或不滿;以及沿用穩當之商業慣例。本集團就所有範疇設定標準並制訂政策及程序,以減低聲譽風險或受損之機會。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(h) Operational risk

The Group manages its operational risk through a management structure comprising members of senior management, an independent risk management team and operational risk officers from each business and support function, and operating through a set of operational risk policies, risk tool-kits, operational risk incident reporting and tracking system, and control self-assessment and key risk indicator tools. The Operational Risk and Internal Control Committee ("ORICC") has been set up to oversee the operational risk management and internal control matters of the Group. Together with a well-established internal control system, operational risk can be adequately identified, assessed, monitored and mitigated. To allow the operational risk framework to be clearly communicated to all levels within the Group, awareness and training programs are conducted from time to time.

To minimise the impact on the Group's business in the event of system failure or disasters, back-up sites and operation recovery policies and plans have been established and tested for all critical business and operations functions.

Operational risk framework is also supported by periodic independent reviews of internal control systems by external and internal auditors. The Group's RMCC have an overall oversight of the performance and effectiveness of operational risk management.

(i) Reputation risk

The Group manages reputation risk through upholding a high standard of corporate governance and management oversight, maintenance of effective policies and procedures with emphasis on internal control, risk management and compliance, antimoney laundering and counter terrorist financing; proper staff training and supervision; staff awareness of compliance issues; proper handling of customer complaints or dissatisfaction; and adherence to sound business practices. Standards are set and policies and procedures are established by the Group in all areas, which operate to reduce vulnerability to reputation risk.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(癸) 策略性風險

董事會在高層管理人員之協助下直接負責管 理策略性風險。董事制訂與本集團企業使命 一致之策略性目標以及主要方針,確保制訂 業務策略以實踐該等目標,監督策略發展及 執行以確保其與本集團之策略性目標一致, 確保設有適當之變更管理,並檢討業務表現 及應對來自預計中之操作或市場變動,適當 調配資源以達成本集團之目標,以及授權管 理層人員採取適當措施以減低風險。

(子)符合巴塞爾協定Ⅲ資本準則

巴塞爾協定Ⅲ資本規則列明普通股權一級資本、一級資本及整體資本之最低比率分別為 4.5%,6%及8%。

《2014年銀行業(資本)(修訂)規則》於2015年1月1日生效及於香港實施巴塞爾協定III緩衝資本規定。該規定自2016年起至2019年分階段實施,與巴塞爾分階段實施安排一致,並於2019年達致全面實施。於2020年6月30日,適用於大新銀行之緩衝資本包括防護緩衝資本(「防護緩衝資本」)及逆周期緩衝資本(「逆周期緩衝資本」)。防護緩衝資本旨在確保眾銀行於壓力期外設立2.5%資本旨在確保眾銀行於壓力期外設立2.5%資本。逆周期緩衝資本按個別地區基準設定及於信貸過度增長期間設立以防禦未來虧損。於2020年3月16日,香港金管局即時執行把香港之逆周期緩衝資本由2.0%調低至1.0%。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(j) Strategic risk

The Board of Directors, assisted by senior management, is directly responsible for the management of strategic risk. Directors formulate the strategic goals and key direction of the Group in line with the Group's corporate mission, ensure business strategies are developed to achieve these goals, oversee the strategic development and implementation to secure compatibility with the Group's strategic goals, ensure proper change management is in place, review business performance, and address issues arising from anticipated operational or market changes, deploy proper resources to achieve the Group's objectives, and authorise management to take appropriate actions to mitigate risks.

(k) Compliance with the Basel III Capital Standards

The Basel III capital rules set out the minimum Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Tier 1 capital and Total capital ratios at 4.5%, 6% and 8% respectively.

The Banking (Capital) (Amendment) Rules 2014 came into effect on 1 January 2015 to implement the Basel III capital buffer requirements in Hong Kong. The requirements were phased-in from 2016 to 2019, in line with the Basel phase-in arrangements, and reached full implementation in 2019. At 30 June 2020, the capital buffers applicable to the DSB include the Capital Conservation Buffer ("CCB") and the Countercyclical Capital Buffer ("CCyB"). The CCB is designed to ensure banks build up capital outside periods of stress at 2.5%. The CCyB is set on an individual country basis and is built up during periods of excess credit growth to protect against future losses. On 16 March 2020, the HKMA reduced the CCyB for Hong Kong to 1.0% from 2.0% with immediate effect.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(子)符合巴塞爾協定Ⅲ資本準則(續)

自從經修訂之資本充足框架(即巴塞爾協定II)於2007年1月生效以後,大新銀行採納標準法計算信貸風險及市場風險,及採納基本指標法計算操作風險。此等均為《銀行業(資本)規則》內列明之認可方法。據此,本集團已全面檢查其系統及管理以符合該等方法要求之標準。

為應對系統重要性金融機構帶來之外在負面 因素,巴塞爾委員會於2011年11月設定框 架(其後於2013年7月更新)以識別環球系統 重要性銀行(「環球系統重要性銀行」)及釐定 其相關較高吸收虧損能力(「較高吸收虧損 能力」)之資本規定。繼後巴塞爾委員會於 2012年10月頒佈處理本地系統重要性銀行 (「本地系統重要性銀行」)之原則性框架。此 外,香港金管局已就自2018年12月起生效 之《金融機構(處置機制)(吸收虧損能力規 定一銀行界)規則》設定吸收虧損能力規則之 框架。根據金融穩定局(「金融穩定局」)及香 港金管局分別頒布之最新環球系統重要性銀 行及本地系統重要性銀行名冊,大新銀行並 沒有被指定為環球系統重要性銀行,本地系 統重要性銀行或處置實體,故此亦無需接受 進一步之額外資本要求。

期內,本集團已遵守香港金管局在外部施行 之所有資本規定。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(k) Compliance with the Basel III Capital Standards (Continued)

Since the revised capital adequacy framework known as Basel II has become effective from January 2007, DSB has adopted the standardised approach for credit risk and market risk, and the basic indicator approach for operational risk. These are the default approaches as specified in the Banking (Capital) Rules. Accordingly, the Group has overhauled its systems and controls in order to meet the standards required for these approaches.

To address the negative externalities posed by systemically important financial institutions, the Basel Committee established a framework in November 2011 (subsequently updated in July 2013) for the identification of global systemically important banks ("G-SIBs") and the determination of their corresponding Higher Loss Absorbency ("HLA") capital requirements. Subsequently, a principles-based framework for dealing with domestic systemically important banks ("D-SIBs") was issued by the Basel Committee in October 2012. In addition, the HKMA has established the framework on loss-absorbing capacity requirements under the Financial Institutions (Resolution) (Lossabsorbing Capacity Requirements - Banking Sector) Rules which became effective since December 2018. Based on the latest list of G-SIBs and D-SIBs issued by the Financial Stability Board ("FSB") and the HKMA respectively, DSB is neither designated as a G-SIB, D-SIB nor a resolution entity and therefore not subject to further capital surcharge.

During the period, the Group has complied with all of the externally imposed capital requirements set by the HKMA.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(丑) 金融資產及負債之公平值

公平值受限於須由董事會負責確保本集團有適當的估值管治及控制程序之控制框架。董事會授權財資及投資風險委員會監管金融工具之估值程序。估值由風險管理及監控部和獨立專業合資格估值師及精算師(如適用)獨立地進行,而估值結果乃定期驗證,確保公平值計量過程之完整性。

金融工具之公平值乃在目前市場情況下市場 參與者於計量日進行之有序交易中出售資產 所收取或轉移負債所支付之價格,不論該價 格為直接可觀察或使用估值方法估計。

凡金融工具之報價隨時且定期由交易所、交易商、經紀人、行業組織、定價服務及監管機構發佈,則被視作為活躍市場報價之金融工具。於活躍市場之報價為公平值提供最可靠之證據,並須於可獲得時使用。倘金融資產或金融負債有買入價及賣出價,本集團將採用買賣差價中在該等情況下最能代表公平值之價格。

倘金融工具之可觀察市場報價未能直接獲得,本集團利用合適及獲廣泛認可之估值方法估計該等金融工具之公平值,包括現值方法及標準期權定價模型。於應用該等金融工具之估值方法時,本集團盡最大限度使用相關可觀察依據(例如:利率、匯率、波動性、信貸息差),而盡最少限度使用不可觀察依據。例如利率掉期合約之公平值按估計的未來現金流之現值計算,遠期外匯合約之公平值一般根據現行遠期匯率計算,而期權合約之公平值則按合適之定價模型計算,如Black-Scholes模型。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(I) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Fair values are subject to a control framework that the Board is held responsible for ensuring proper valuation governance and control processes of the Group. It delegates the responsibility for overseeing the valuation process for financial instruments to the TIRC. Valuation is performed independently by RMCD and where appropriate, by independent and professionally qualified valuers and actuaries and the valuation results are periodically verified to ensure the integrity of the fair value measurement process.

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency. A quoted price in an active market provides the most reliable evidence of fair value and shall be used whenever available. If a financial asset or a financial liability has a bid price and an ask price, the price within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value in the circumstances is used by the Group.

Where observable market quotation of financial instruments is not directly available, the Group estimates the fair value of such financial instruments by using appropriate valuation techniques that are widely recognised including present value techniques and standard option pricing models. In applying valuation techniques for these financial instruments, the Group maximises the use of relevant observable inputs (for examples, interest rates, foreign exchange rates, volatilities, credit spreads) and minimises the use of unobservable inputs. For example, the fair value of interest-rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows, the fair value of foreign exchange forward contracts is generally based on current forward rates and the fair value of option contracts is derived using appropriate pricing models, such as Black-Scholes model.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(丑) 金融資產及負債之公平值(續)

本集團使用外間報價及其本身信貸息差,以 釐定其金融負債及已選擇以公平值計量之其 他負債之現值。倘本集團之信貸息差擴闊, 負債之價值下降,本集團會確認該等負債之 收益。倘本集團之信貸息差收窄,負債之價 值上升,本集團會確認相對該等負債之虧 損。

如有需要,用於計量程序之價格數據及參數 會被仔細覆核及調整才應用,其中尤其需要 考慮當前的市場發展情況。

(寅)資本管理

本集團管理資本之目標為:

- 符合本集團機構有營運的市場之銀行 業及保險業監管機構所設定之資本規 定:
- 保障本集團持續發展業務之能力;
- 為股東爭取最高回報和帶給其他利益 相關者最佳利益;及
- 維持強大資本基礎以支持業務發展。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(I) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

The Group uses external price quotes and its own credit spreads in determining the current value of its financial liabilities and other liabilities for which it has elected the fair value option. When the Group's credit spreads widen, the Group recognises a gain on these liabilities because the value of the liabilities has decreased. When the Group's credit spreads narrow, the Group recognises a loss on these liabilities because the value of the liabilities has increased.

Price data and parameters used in the measurement process are reviewed carefully and adjusted, if necessary, to take consideration of the current market developments.

(m) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are:

- To comply with the capital requirements set by the banking and insurance regulators in the markets where the entities within the Group operate;
- To safeguard the Group's ability to continue its business as a going concern;
- To maximise returns to shareholders and optimise the benefits to other stakeholders; and
- To maintain a strong capital base to support the development of its business.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(寅)資本管理(續)

本集團管理層定期應用按巴塞爾委員會發出 並由香港金管局執行作監管用途指引之方 法,監控本集團之香港銀行附屬公司之資本 充足度及法定資本之使用,每個季度向香港 金管局申報有關規定的資料。

自巴塞爾協定Ⅲ於2013年1月起在香港生效 以後,大新銀行須符合三個資產比率,分 別為普通股權一級資本、一級資本及總資 本對風險加權資產的比率。此三個比率自 2015年1月1日起之國際認可最低要求分別 為4.5%,6.0%及8.0%,並已被香港金管 局採納。為符合香港金管局載於《監管政策 手冊》CA-G-5有關《監管檢討程序》之規定, 大新銀行須就監管者規定,內部風險評估及 按第二支柱資本規定之壓力測試結果而設立 額外緩衝以反映未包含在最低法定資本計算 之重大風險。此外,大新銀行須履行金管局 所訂立防護緩衝資本及逆周期緩衝資本之規 定。同樣地,作為構成巴塞爾協定Ⅲ所實施 其中一部份的槓桿比率於2018年1月1日起 成為第一支柱要求,大新銀行每季向香港金 管局呈報所須資料。為符合國際標準,香港 金管局將最低槓桿比率設定為3%。

風險加權數額包括資產負債表內及外之信貸 風險、市場風險和操作風險之風險加權數額 合計。資產負債表內風險根據債務人或各類 風險性質分類及依據香港金管局認可之外部 信貸評級機構指定的信貸評級或其他載於 《銀行業(資本)規則》之原則且已考慮減輕信 貸風險對資本之影響來確定其風險加權值。 資產負債表外風險在未被分類及風險加權計 算前,已應用各項風險之相關信貸換算系數 換算其為信貸等值額,猶如當作其乃資產負 債表內風險。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(m) Capital management (Continued)

Capital adequacy of and the use of regulatory capital by the Group's Hong Kong banking subsidiary is monitored regularly by the Group's management, employing techniques based on the guidelines developed by the Basel Committee, as implemented by the HKMA, for supervisory purposes. The required information is filed with the HKMA on a quarterly basis.

As Basel III has become effective from January 2013 in Hong Kong, DSB is required to meet three capital ratios, namely, the Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Tier 1 capital and Total capital respectively against risk-weighted assets. The internationally agreed minimum of these three ratios starting from 1 January 2015 are set at 4.5%, 6.0% and 8.0% respectively and are adopted by the HKMA. In order to comply with HKMA's requirements as stated in the SPM CA-G-5 on "Supervisory Review Process", DSB is required to set further buffers, to reflect material risks not included in the minimum regulatory capital calculation, arising from regulator's requirements, internal assessment of risks and the results of stress tests under the Pillar II capital requirement. In addition, DSB is required to fulfil the capital conservation buffer and countercyclical capital buffer requirements set by the HKMA. Likewise, the Leverage Ratio that forms part of Basel III implementation becomes a Pillar 1 requirement from 1 January 2018 and required information is submitted by DSB to the HKMA on quarterly basis. In line with the international standards, the minimum Leverage Ratio is set at 3% by the HKMA.

Risk-weighted amount is the aggregate of the risk-weighted amounts for credit risk, market risk and operational risk, and covers both on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet exposures. On-balance sheet exposures are classified according to the obligor or the nature of each exposure and risk-weighted based on the credit assessment rating assigned by an external credit assessment institution recognised by the HKMA or other rules as set out in the Banking (Capital) Rules, taking into account the capital effects of credit risk mitigation. Off-balance sheet exposures are converted into credit-equivalent amounts by applying relevant credit conversion factors to each exposure, before being classified and risk-weighted as if they were on-balance sheet exposures.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(寅)資本管理(續)

包括在綜合資產負債表之資本餘額,其主要 構成為股本、保留溢利、其他權益性工具及 其他儲備。《銀行業(資本)規則》並容許資本 包括綜合撥備及監管儲備。

本集團管理層定期按澳門金融管理局(「澳門金管局」)及中國銀行保險業監督管理委員會(「中國銀保監會」)就監管用途發出的指引之方法,監控集團之澳門附屬銀行,澳門商業銀行及中國附屬銀行,大新銀行(中國)之資本充足度及法定資本之使用。

澳門商業銀行及大新銀行(中國)分別向澳門金管局及中國銀保監會按季度呈報所需資料。澳門金管局規定澳門商業銀行以及中國銀保監會規定大新銀行(中國)各須維持其自有資本或資本基礎對風險加權總額之比率(即資本充足比率)不低於法定要求之最低水平8%。

本集團若干非銀行附屬公司亦須遵循其他監管機構(例如:證券及期貨事務監察委員會) 之法定資本規定。

(卯) 受託業務

本集團提供託管人、受託人、財富管理及諮詢服務予第三者,當中涉及本集團就不同之金融工具作出分配及買賣決定。此等以受信身份持有之資產,並不列入本集團之財務報表。此等服務可引致本集團被追索錯誤管理之風險。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(m) Capital management (Continued)

The principal forms of capital included in the balances on the consolidated balance sheet are share capital, retained profits, other equity instruments and other reserves. Capital also includes collective provisions and regulatory reserve for general banking risks as allowed under the Banking (Capital) Rules.

Capital adequacy of and the use of regulatory capital by the Group's Macau banking subsidiary, BCM, and banking subsidiary in China, DSB China, are monitored regularly by the Group's management, employing techniques based on the guidelines provided by the Autoridade Monetária de Macau ("AMCM") and the China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission ("CBIRC") respectively for supervisory purposes.

The required information is filed by BCM with the AMCM and by DSB China with the CBIRC on a quarterly basis. The AMCM requires BCM and the CBIRC requires DSB China to maintain a ratio of own funds or capital base to total risk-weighted exposures (i.e. the capital adequacy ratio) not lower than the required statutory minimum of 8%.

Certain non-banking subsidiaries of the Group are also subject to statutory capital requirements from other regulatory authorities, such as the Securities and Futures Commission.

(n) Fiduciary activities

The Group provides custody, trustee, wealth management and advisory services to third parties, which involve the Group making allocation and purchase and sale decisions in relation to a variety of financial instruments. Those assets that are held in a fiduciary capacity are not included in the Group's financial statements. These services could give rise to the risk that the Group could be accused of mal-administration.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(辰) 推出新產品或服務

集團風險政策內之新產品審批程序對每個新產品或服務之推出作出規定,要求有關業務部門及包括集團風險部在內之支援部門在推出前必須審閱關鍵的規定、風險評估及資源分配方案。倘新產品或服務可能對本集團之風險面貌有重大影響,則必須在推出前向董事會或其授權之委員會呈報。本集團之內部審核處會進行定期的獨立審閱及查核,以確保有關單位遵從新產品審批程序。

乙. 集團保險系

本集團的保險業務涉及多種風險,包括保險風險、產品風險、投資風險及業務風險。本集團相信有效的風險管理是控制及經營保險業務的關鍵,有助維持本集團業務的盈利能力和穩健。

保險業務的主要風險及相關的控制程序如下:

(甲) 保險風險

本集團的保險業務是承保有關保險的風險,而所承保之各類別或事件的風險,視乎風險的種類均設有最高保額,超額的風險將按不時檢討之各種轉保及相關協議分保。另外,保險集團亦採取分保作災難補償安排以減低因特定事件索償(可能涉及多項索償)對本集團的風險。

承保及索償方法及程序均需記錄及檢討。外 部獨立精算師亦被聘用負責衡量保險儲備是 否充足。

(乙)產品風險

新產品及現有產品的重大修改須通過產品認可程序,包括檢討產品的盈利能力及如有需要交由內部及外部的獨立精算師評核。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(o) Launch of new product or service

The launch of every new product or service is governed by the New Product Approval process stipulated under the Group Risk Policy which requires the relevant business and supporting units, including GRD, to review the critical requirements, risk assessment and resources plan before the launch. New products or services which could have a significant impact on the Group's risk profile should be brought to the attention of the Board or its designated committee(s) before the launch. The Group's Internal Audit function performs regular independent review and testing to ensure compliance by the relevant units in the new product approval process.

B. Insurance Group

The Group's insurance business is exposed to multiple risks, including insurance risk, product risk, investment risk and business risks. We believe that effective risk management is an integral part of our insurance business' control process and operations, and that effective control of risks assists to maintain the profitability and stability of our business.

The key risks of our insurance business and related risk control process are as follows:

(a) Insurance risk

The Group's insurance operation is in the business of underwriting insurance risk and retains various maximum amounts per risk or event dependent on the type of risk with the excess being reinsured through various reinsurance and related agreements which are regularly reviewed. Catastrophe cover arrangements are also in place whereby a number of claims relating to a specific incident in aggregate would represent a material risk to the Group are reinsured.

Underwriting and claims practices and procedures are documented and reviewed. External independent actuaries are engaged to evaluate the adequacy of the insurance reserves.

(b) Product risk

New products and major revisions to existing products undergo a product approval process with the profitability being reviewed and where appropriate assessed by internal and external independent actuaries.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 風險管理(續)

乙. 集團保險系(續)

(丙) 投資風險

保險集團的投資方式是維持盡量平衡保險業 務資產與對保單人的負債之回報、年期及貨幣的配合,並以保守投資組合盡力保持投資 價值,當中考慮的因素包括相關的風險、稅 務及監管規定。

(丁)業務風險

本集團之香港保險附屬公司大新保險(1976) 有限公司按照本集團的政策及程序評估其業 務風險,包括緊急應變及對影響業務持續營 運的計劃,及為僱員及代理提供培訓,以符 合保險業有關法規與監管要求。本集團在澳 門營運之保險附屬公司澳門保險有限公司, 用其以遵守澳門有關規定之政策及程序,評 估其業務風險。

(戊)資本管理

於本集團之保險附屬公司經營的各個市場內,當地保險監管機構規定除計算保險負債外,各附屬公司必須保持資本之最低金額及類型,並須於全年任何時間維持該最低資本要求。本集團之附屬公司須受其發出保險及投資合約身處之市場之保險償付能力法規。本集團已於其資產負債管理架構內嵌入合適之制試,以確保持續及完全遵守有關法規。各市場內之各保險公司之償付能力要求須遵照當地規定,而各司法管轄區之規定可能相異。

丙. 內部審核處的角色

本集團之內部審核處是一個獨立、客觀及顧問性質的部門,集中於改進和維持本集團業務及後勤部門良好的內部控制。該處向一獨立非執行董事所主持的集團審核委員會作出功能上的匯報。內部審核處處理各類不同形式的內部控制活動,例如合規性審計,操作和系統覆查以確保本集團控制系統的完整性、效率和有效性。

32. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

B. Insurance Group (Continued)

(c) Investment risk

Our investment practice is to maintain a conservatively invested portfolio which attempts to maintain value whilst matching assets and policyholder liabilities as appropriate, by yield, duration and currency taking account of the associated risks, taxation and regulatory requirements.

(d) Business risk

The Group's Hong Kong insurance subsidiary, Dah Sing Insurance Company (1976) Limited, follows the policies and procedures of the Group in assessing business risk in terms of contingency and interruption planning as well as providing training for staff and agents to comply with the relevant rules and regulations covering its businesses. Macau Insurance Company Limited, which is the insurance subsidiary of the Group operating in Macau, has its own policies and procedures to comply with the relevant requirements in Macau.

(e) Capital management

In each market in which the Group's insurance subsidiaries operate, the local insurance regulator specifies the minimum amount and type of capital that must be held by each of the subsidiaries in addition to their insurance liabilities. The minimum required capital must be maintained at all times throughout the year. The Group's subsidiaries are subject to insurance solvency regulations in the markets in which they issue insurance and investment contracts, and where they have to comply with the local solvency regulations. The Group has embedded in its asset and liability management framework the necessary tests to ensure continuous and full compliance with such regulations. The solvency requirement of each insurance company in each market is subject to local requirements, which may differ from jurisdiction to jurisdiction.

C. The role of Internal Audit

The Group's Internal Audit Division is an independent, objective assurance and consulting unit, which is designed to focus on enhancing and sustaining sound internal control in all business and operational units of the Group. The Division reports functionally to the Group AC, which is chaired by an Independent Non-Executive Director. The Division conducts a wide variety of internal control activities such as compliance audits and operations and systems reviews to ensure the integrity, efficiency and effectiveness of the systems of control of the Group.



概要

2020年上半年經歷多年來最差的經濟狀 況。2020年第一及第二季香港實質本地 生產總值分別較去年大幅收縮9.1%及 9.0%。這些季度收縮幅度為有史以來最 嚴重的。商品和服務出口均暴跌。本地需 求亦顯著疲軟,反映2019新型冠狀病毒的 爆發及營商氣氛減弱所造成之嚴重影響。 香港政府於8月14日公佈,將2020年整體 實質本地生產總值增長之預測下調至介 乎-6%至-8%,該預測經已計及政府推出 的龐大紓困措施的緩衝效應。內地第二季 經濟增長亦大為放緩至3.2%,儘管已較 第一季度中國內地數十年來首次季度國內 生產總值負增長6.8%有所改善。2020年 全年香港基本及整體消費物價通脹率的預 測已分別下調至1.8%及0.8%。勞工市場 於2020年第二季持續惡化,但於5月及6月 稍為回穩。香港政府推出的「保就業」計劃 亦有助紓緩勞工市場面臨的衝擊。經季節 性調整的失業率由2020年3月至5月增加 0.3個百分點至4月至6月的6.2%,乃過去 15年以來的新高。

繼第一季急挫後,全球金融市場於第二季 靠穩,當中尤以美國市場的復甦最為強 勁。隨著美國聯邦儲備局於3月下調美國 聯邦基金利率1.50%,利率大幅下降。香 港利率雖然大致走低,但也極為波動,上 半年香港銀行同業拆息利率高於倫敦銀行 同業美元拆息利率,儘管利率差距臨近年 中時收窄。

HIGHLIGHTS

Economic conditions in the first half of 2020 were the worst in many years. In the first and second quarters of 2020, Hong Kong real GDP contracted sharply by 9.1% and 9.0% respectively from the previous year. These quarterly contractions are the steepest on record. Exports of both goods and services plummeted. Domestic demand also weakened markedly, reflecting the serious disruptions caused by the outbreak of COVID-19 and subdued business sentiment. The Hong Kong Government's forecast for real GDP growth for 2020 as a whole has been revised downwards to -6% to -8%, as announced by the Government on 14 August, after taking into account the cushioning effects of the extensive relief measures rolled out by the Government. Mainland economic growth also slowed substantially to 3.2% in the second quarter, though this was much better than the slump in the first quarter with a 6.8% contraction, the first quarterly GDP decline in China for decades. Hong Kong's forecast rates of underlying and headline consumer price inflation for 2020 as a whole have been revised downwards to 1.8% and 0.8% respectively. The labour market continued to deteriorate in the second quarter of 2020, but stabilized somewhat in May and June. The launch by the Hong Kong Government of the Employment Support Scheme also helped counter the headwinds affecting the labour market. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate increased by 0.3 percentage point from March - May 2020 to 6.2% in April - June, the highest in more than 15 years.

After substantial falls in the first quarter of the year, financial markets globally stabilized in the second quarter, with US markets in particular staging a strong recovery. Interest rates have reduced substantially, with the Federal Reserve having cut the Fed Fund rate by 1.50% in March. Hong Kong rates, whilst generally moving lower, have been volatile, with HIBOR trading above LIBOR during the first half of the year, although with the gap in interest rates narrowing towards the mid-year.

概要(續)

在此等極為困難的經濟環境下,本集團的股東應佔溢利下降33.1%至7億4千5百萬港元,主要由於期內銀行集團業績表現顯著下降,而保險和投資活動的業務表現則比較穩定。

今年上半年宣派股息每股0.27港元。

銀行集團錄得股東應佔溢利下跌30.2%, 主要由於貸款及於重慶銀行投資的減值支 出增加所致。由於信貸表現轉弱及資金成 本之下降速度慢於資產收益率之下調,導 致淨息差受壓,基本業務表現疲弱。

業務及財務回顧

儘管市況非常困難,期內淨服務費及佣金收入保持平穩。財富管理(包括經紀業務及外匯收入)表現理想。營運支出輕微上升1.5%。科技項目仍然是重點投資領域,本集團在提升移動及數碼渠道之工作令於上半年因2019新型冠狀病毒疫情減少活動之客戶有所得益。員工人數維持相對穩定。

HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

Under these extremely difficult economic conditions, our profit attributable to shareholders fell by 33.1% to HK\$745 million, driven by a significantly lower performance from our Banking Group, and more stable results from our insurance and investment activities during the period.

For the first half of the year, a dividend of HK\$0.27 per share was declared.

The Banking Group reported a fall in profit attributable to shareholders of 30.2%, mainly caused by higher impairment charges on both loans and on our investment in Bank of Chongqing. Underlying business performance weakened, both due to weaker credit performance, and due to a squeeze in net interest margin, with funding costs reduced more slowly than asset yields.

BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

The performance of our banking business in the first half of the year was weaker than last year. Net interest income was materially lower. Net fee and commission income was flat, and trading income was significantly higher, mainly due to funding swap gains with higher Hong Kong dollar rates than US dollar rates in the first half of the year. The reduction in net interest income of around 9% was due mainly to funding costs reducing more slowly than asset yields as market interest rates dropped rapidly in the first half of the year, leading to a contraction in net interest margin of 24bps to 1.66% compared with 1.90% in the first half of 2019. Asset growth was modest, with small increases in the loan book and the securities investment portfolio. However, the benefit from volume growth was not sufficient to offset the decline in net interest margin.

Flat net fee and commission income for the period was encouraging amidst very difficult market conditions. Wealth management, including our broking business, and foreign exchange income, performed well. Growth in operating expenses was modest at 1.5%. Technology remains a major area of investment, and our work in improving our mobile and digital channels was of benefit during the first half due to lower customer mobility amidst the COVID-19 situation. Staff numbers remained relatively stable.

業務及財務回顧(續)

本集團於澳門之銀行附屬公司在上半年的表現疲弱。與去年上半年比較,盈利貢獻下降,乃由於淨息差下降及貸款增長溫和,以及信貸成本顯著增加所致。於中國內地之附屬公司的表現較去年同期輕微改善。本集團的聯營公司重慶銀行(「重慶銀行」)的業績表現與去年同期相若。

此外,就重慶銀行投資的使用價值作定期 評估後,本集團再次作出對該投資價值之 減值撥備,撥備支出額為2億港元。

香港及澳門一般保險業務之保費收入繼續錄得增長,淨保費收入於2020年上半年上升10.1%。整體而言,保險業務之淨溢利與2019年上半年相若。雖然本集團其他投資及流動資產之業績於期內錄得輕微整體溢利,但相對去年上半年則大幅下降。

BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

The performance of our banking subsidiary in Macau reported weaker performance in the first half of the year. The lower contribution was driven by a reduction in net interest margin and modest loan growth, as well as notably higher credit costs compared with the first half of last year. The performance of our China subsidiary was slightly better than the same period last year. Our associate company, Bank of Chongqing ("BOCQ"), delivered a similar result to that of the prior period.

Amidst very difficult economic conditions in the first half of the year, credit quality deteriorated, with the net credit impairment charge increasing from HK\$93 million to HK\$365 million. Whilst this is a substantial increase, it should be noted that credit cost in the first half of last year continued to be at relatively low levels. Due to the local economic recession in the latter half of 2019, our credit impairment charge in the second half last year had increased to HK\$264 million. In the period, we experienced higher credit cost in our retail banking business and had set aside additional provisions for credit losses for our lending to retail borrowers, and also for lending to small and medium sized companies in our commercial banking business, after reviewing the latest forward-looking forecast of economic outlook and other factors that may affect our credit losses. At this stage, overall credit cost remains manageable, and credit quality, whilst worsening, is still under control.

In addition, following a periodic review of the Value in Use of our investment in BOCQ, we again made an impairment charge against the value of this investment, in the amount of HK\$200 million.

The general insurance businesses in Hong Kong and Macau continued to report growth in premium income, with net premium income increasing by 10.1% in the first half of 2020. Overall, the net profit of the insurance business was same as the first half of 2019. The results from our other group investments and liquid assets were significantly lower than the first half of last year, although a small overall profit was recorded for the period.

業務及財務回顧(續)

包括本集團銀行業務及一般保險業務的業績在內,以及上文所述之投資收益,大新金融期內之年度化資產回報率為0.8%而股本回報率為5.6%。

於2020年6月30日,大新銀行之綜合普通股權一級資本及整體綜合資本充足率分別 為13.1%及16.9%。

前瞻

本集團在經歷了上半年香港非常嚴峻的經濟狀況後,進入下半年,情況可能會有所改善,但截至編撰日期我們仍在經歷香港「第三波」2019新型冠狀病毒之疫情,因此下半年的事態發展仍存在更多不明朗因素。

無論如何,本集團並不預期經濟在今年剩餘數月內會大幅改善。利率下降或信貸質量變差對本集團業務而言都並非好事,但 誠如本集團在上半年所展示,即使至今面對一連串挑戰,本集團的業務、資金及流動性仍然保持穩健。

除銀行業務外,本集團鋭意繼續拓展一般保險業務的保費收入,現時該等業務的增長前景較本集團核心銀行業務的增長略勝一籌。顯然,投資表現對一般保險業務及集團投資的整體盈利貢獻至為重要,其表現主要視乎金融市場下半年的發展走向而定。

鑑於以上情況,本集團對下半年的前景保持更審慎態度,及預料下半年的經濟和業務環境將繼續困難,惟我們將竭盡所能審慎管理業務及保持強韌。

BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Including both the results of our banking business and general insurance business, as well as the investment income referred to above, DSFH generated an annualized return on assets of 0.8% and ROE of 5.6% for the period.

As at 30 June 2020, Dah Sing Bank's consolidated Common Equity Tier 1 ratio and total consolidated capital adequacy ratio were 13.1% and 16.9% respectively.

PROSPECTS

After enduring the very tough economic conditions in Hong Kong in the first half of the year, as we entered the second half of the year, it looked as though there could be some improvement, but at the date of writing we are still experiencing the "third wave" of COVID-19 in Hong Kong, so it is now more uncertain as to how things will develop during the rest of the year.

In any event, we are not expecting a strong recovery in the remaining part of the year. Neither low interest rates, nor deteriorating credit quality are good for our business, but as we demonstrated in the first half of the year, our business, capital and liquidity remain resilient despite the challenges that we have faced so far this year.

Outside the banking business, we are keen to continue to grow premium income for our general insurance businesses, and the outlook for growth for these businesses is somewhat better than for growth in our core banking business at present. Clearly, investment performance is very important to the overall profitability of both our general insurance businesses and our group investments, and this will be driven mainly by the direction of financial markets in the second half of the year.

All of this makes us more cautious on the outlook for the second half of the year. We continue to expect difficult economic and business conditions in the second half of the year, and will do our best to ensure that our businesses are managed conservatively and remain resilient.



中期股息

董事會宣佈派發2020年中期股息每股0.27港元,該中期股息將於2020年9月21日(星期一)派發予於2020年9月15日(星期二)辦公時間結束時名列股東名冊上之股東。

暫停辦理股東登記

為釐定股東有權獲派發中期股息:

暫停辦理股東登記日期(包括首尾兩天)
Closure dates of Register of Shareholders
(both days inclusive)

截止辦理股份過戶時間 Latest time to lodge transfers

記錄日期

Record date

為確保合資格獲派中期股息,所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票必須在上述之截止辦理股份過戶時間前送達本公司之股份登記處香港中央證券登記有限公司辦理過戶手續,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712至1716室。

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Directors have declared an interim dividend of HK\$0.27 per share for 2020 payable on Monday, 21 September 2020 to shareholders whose names are on the Register of Shareholders at the close of business on Tuesday, 15 September 2020.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF SHAREHOLDERS

For determining shareholders' entitlement to receive the interim dividend:

2020年9月11日(星期五)至2020年9月15日(星期二) 11 September 2020 (Friday) to 15 September 2020 (Tuesday)

2020年9月10日(星期四)下午4時30分 4:30 p.m. on 10 September 2020 (Thursday)

> 2020年9月15日(星期二) 15 September 2020 (Tuesday)

In order to qualify for the interim dividend, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong before the above latest time to lodge transfers.



於2020年6月30日,根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部,本公司之董事及行政總裁所持有本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見《證券及期貨條例》第XV部)而須向本公司(「香港交易所有限公司(「香港交易所有限公司(「香港交易所有限公司(「香港交易所包包),或按《證券及期貨條例》之規定而擁有之權益及淡倉),或按《證券及期貨條例》規定而設置之登記冊所載,或因之經濟,以上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準。可則》及本公司所採納之董事證券交易所之權益及淡倉如下:

(甲)在本公司及其相聯法團所持之股份及 相關股份權益

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

As at 30 June 2020, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the Chief Executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "SEHK") pursuant to Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they have taken on or are deemed to have acquired under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or as otherwise required to be notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers and the code of conduct for directors' securities dealing adopted by the Company (collectively the "Securities Model Code") were as follows:

(a) Interests in the shares and underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporation

		Number of 0	股份總數之權益百分比			
	-	個人權益	法團權益	其他權益	合計權益	Percentage of interests in the
		Personal	Corporate	Other	Total	total number of
董事	Director	interests	interests	interests	interests	issued shares
王守業	David Shou-Yeh Wong	-	137,285,682 (1)	-	137,285,682	42.96%
	_	大新 Num	佔已發行 股份總數之 權益百分比 Percentage of			
		個人權益	法團權益	其他權益	合計權益	interests in the
		Personal	Corporate	Other	Total	total number of
董事	Directors	interests	interests	interests	interests	issued shares
王守業	David Shou-Yeh Wong	-	1,045,626,955 (2)	-	1,045,626,955	74.38%
王伯凌	Gary Pak-Ling Wang	2,434,691 (3)(4)	-	-	2,434,691	0.17%

佔已發行

董事及行政總裁權益(續)

(甲)在本公司及其相聯法團所持之股份及 相關股份權益(續)

註:

- (1) 董事於法團權益乃指由其於股東大會上可控制三分之一或以上投票權之法團所持有之股份及透過家族全權信託旗下公司持有之股份。滙豐國際信託有限公司為家族全權信託受託人,王守業為其授予人。
- (2) 該等股份包括本公司持有大新銀行集團有限公司(「大新銀行集團」) 74.37%控制權益,而根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部的定義因王守業擁有本公司42.96%實益權益而被視作間接擁有大新銀行集團股份之法團權益,以及由王守業擁有控制權之公司所持有之大新銀行集團股份權益。
- (3) 王伯凌之個人權益包括(a)大新銀行 集團934,691股普通股股份權益, (b)有關大新銀行集團450,000股相 關股份之認股權權益(如下文段落 所披露有關在大新銀行集團之認 股權計劃項下所持有之認股權權 益):及(c)大新銀行集團授出有關 以現金結算以股份為基礎之獎勵權 利(如下文註(4)所述)而被視作持有 大新銀行集團1,050,000股之名義 相關股份權益。
- (4) 大新銀行集團於2018年3月20日設立一項以現金結算以股份為基礎之獎勵權利計劃,作為獎勵僱員的的權利,於授予日起計第1個週年分5批平均歸屬並可予以行使。在滿可予批平均歸屬並可予以行使。在滿可行使其歸屬的權利。該計劃是一項將使其歸屬的權利。該計劃是一項將承授人的遞延現金花紅計劃,並不會向承授人發行任何大新銀行集團股份。

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE (Continued)

a) Interests in the shares and underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporation (Continued)

Notes:

- (1) The corporate interests were in respect of shares held by a corporation in which the director controlled one third or more of the voting powers at general meetings and shares held by companies under a family discretionary trust. HSBC International Trustee Limited is the trustee of a family discretionary trust of which David Shou-Yeh Wong is the settlor.
- (2) Such shares included the indirect corporate interests of David Shou-Yeh Wong in Dah Sing Banking Group Limited ("DSBG") under Part XV of the SFO by virtue of his beneficial interests of 42.96% in the Company which currently holds a controlling interest of 74.37% in DSBG and interests in DSBG held through a company controlled by David Shou-Yeh Wong.
- (3) The personal interests of Gary Pak-Ling Wang comprised of (a) interests in 934,691 ordinary shares of DSBG, (b) interests in share options in respect of 450,000 underlying shares of DSBG as disclosed in the following section regarding interests in options under share option scheme of DSBG; and (c) deemed interests in 1,050,000 notional underlying shares of DSBG relating to cash-settled share-based incentive options granted by DSBG as explained in note (4) below.
- (4) DSBG had established a cash-settled share-based incentive option scheme as a long-term incentive plan to incentivize employees on 20 March 2018. The rights granted under the scheme shall be exercisable upon vesting in 5 equal tranches commencing from the first anniversary of the date of grant. Subject to the satisfaction of performance appraisal indicators, grantees may exercise their vested options. No shares of DSBG will be issued to the grantees of the options under the scheme which is essentially a deferred cash bonus scheme linked to the performance of the grantees and the share price of DSBG.



(乙)在本公司及其相聯法團認股權計劃下 所持之認股權權益

I. 本公司

於2015年5月27日,本公司股東通過批准採納認股權計劃(「大新金融計劃」)。大新金融計劃自採納日起至2020年6月30日止,並無任何認股權根據大新金融計劃授出。

Ⅱ. 大新銀行集團

大新銀行集團(本公司之相聯法團)於2014年5月27日採納之認股權計劃(「大新銀行集團計劃」)授出之認股權以認購大新銀行集團普通股股份之權益及按香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「《上市規則》」)而須披露之資料如下:

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE (Continued)

(b) Interests in options under share option schemes of the Company and its associated corporation

I. The Company

On 27 May 2015, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a share option scheme (the "DSFH Scheme"). No share options had been granted under the DSFH Scheme from the date of its adoption to 30 June 2020.

II. DSBG

The particulars of interests in options to subscribe for ordinary shares of DSBG, an associated corporation of the Company, granted under the share option scheme of DSBG adopted on 27 May 2014 (the "DSBG Scheme") and information that is required to be disclosed in accordance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") are set out below:

認股權包含之大新銀行集團股份數目

Number of DSBG's shares underlying the options

承授人	Grantee	於2020年 1月1日 持有 Held at 1/1/2020	期內授出 Granted during the period	期內行使 Exercised during the period	期內註銷/ 失效 Cancelled/ lapsed during the period	於2020年 6月30日 持有 Held at 30/6/2020	行使價 Exercise price (港元) (HK\$)	授出日 Grant date (日/月/年) (D/M/Y)	行使期 ⁽¹⁾ Exercise period ⁽¹⁾ (日/月/年) (D/M/Y)
董事 王伯凌	Director Gary Pak-Ling Wang	450,000	-	-	-	450,000	18.24	26/04/2018	26/04/2019 – 26/04/2024
其他僱員總額 ⑵	Aggregate of other employees (2)	1,050,000	-	-	(300,000)	750,000	18.24	26/04/2018	26/04/2019 – 26/04/2024

董事及行政總裁權益(續)

- (乙)在本公司及其相聯法團認股權計劃下 所持之認股權權益(續)
 - Ⅱ. 大新銀行集團(續)

註:

- (1) 所有根據大新銀行集團計劃 下授出之認股權於授予日起 計第1個至第5個週年分5批平 均歸屬後可予以行使。
- (2) 認股權乃授予若干合資格僱員,彼等為大新銀行集團主要營運附屬公司的董事、高層管理人員或職員,並為香港僱傭條例下「連續合約」工作的僱員。

所有上述權益皆屬好倉。於2020年6月 30日,本公司依據《證券及期貨條例》而設 置之董事及行政總裁權益及淡倉登記冊內 並無董事或行政總裁持有淡倉的記錄。

除上文所披露者外,於2020年6月30日,本公司董事或行政總裁及其各自之聯繫人士概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見《證券及期貨條例》第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有已在本公司按《證券及期貨條例》第352條規定備存之登記冊中記錄,或根據證券標準守則已知會本公司及香港交易所之任何權益或淡倉。

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE (Continued)

- b) Interests in options under share option schemes of the Company and its associated corporation (Continued)
 - II. DSBG (Continued)

Notes:

- (1) All the existing share options granted under the DSBG Scheme shall be exercisable upon vesting in 5 equal tranches between the first and fifth anniversaries from the date of grant.
- (2) Share options were granted to certain eligible employees, who are directors, senior executives or officers of the major operating subsidiaries of DSBG and are working under employment contracts that are regarded as "continuous contracts" for the purpose of the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong.

All the interests stated above represented long positions. As at 30 June 2020, none of the Directors or Chief Executive of the Company held any short positions as defined under the SFO which are required to be recorded in the register of directors' and chief executive's interests and short positions.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2020, none of the Directors or Chief Executive of the Company and their respective associates had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to the Securities Model Code.

主要股東權益

於2020年6月30日,以下人士(本公司董事及行政總裁之權益已於上文披露除外)於本公司股份及相關股份中,持有本公司根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第336條規定存置的股東權益登記冊予以記錄或據本公司知悉的權益或淡倉。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

As of 30 June 2020, the following are the persons, other than the Directors and Chief Executive of the Company whose interests are disclosed above, who had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of shareholders' interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of Part XV of the SFO or otherwise known to the Company.

名稱 Name	身份 Capacity	所持股份數目/ 股份之權益 Number of shares held/ Interests in shares	佔已發行 股份總數 之權益百分比 ⁽⁵⁾ Percentage of interests in the total number of issued shares ⁽⁵⁾
王嚴君琴	因其配偶擁有須予披露權益而被視作擁有 權益		
Christine Yen Wong	Deemed interest by virtue of her spouse having a notifiable interest	137,285,682 (1)	42.96%*
滙豐國際信託有限公司(「滙豐信託」) HSBC International Trustee Limited ("HSBCIT")	信託人及法團權益 Trustee and corporate interests	126,764,787 (2)	39.66%*
王祖興	個人權益及被視作擁有滙豐信託(信託人)持有之股份權益		
Harold Tsu-Hing Wong	Personal interests and deemed interests in shares held by HSBCIT as trustee	129,612,454 (3)	40.56%*
DSI Limited	信託人及法團權益 Trustee and corporate interests	61,205,583 ⁽⁴⁾	19.15%*
DSI Group Limited	信託人及法團權益 Trustee and corporate interests	45,068,894 (4)	14.10%*
DSI Holding Limited	信託人及法團權益 Trustee and corporate interests	19,914,710 (4)	6.23%*
三菱UFJ金融集團 Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.	法團權益 Corporate interests	32,021,510	10.02%
三菱UFJ銀行 MUFG Bank, Ltd.	實益權益 Beneficial interests	31,957,510	10.00%
Aberdeen Asset Management Asia Limited	投資經理 Investment manager	18,048,800	5.65%

主要股東權益(續)

* 以上滙豐信託、DSI Limited、DSI Group Limited及DSI Holding Limited各自所列 之權益及王祖興被視作擁有之權益(如下 文註(3)所述)均屬王守業所持有本公司股 份中之部份,而該等之權益已於「董事及 行政總裁權益」一節予以披露。王嚴君琴 的權益即該等王守業在本公司的股份全 數。因此,有關股份不可累積計算,概 只屬於王守業所披露有本公司股份權益 之部份或全部。

註:

- (1) 該等股份屬王嚴君琴被視作擁有之權益,皆因其配偶王守業乃持有本公司有關股本中按《證券及期貨條例》第316(1)條釋義須予申報權益之主要股東。此等權益於上文「董事及行政總裁權益」一節所披露中所載王守業持有之股份相同。
- (2) 該等股份中之126,189,187股主要由家族 全權信託受託人滙豐信託間接持有,王 守業為其授予人。
- (3) 王祖興之權益包括(a) 3,423,267股之個人權益:及(b)被視為擁有由信託人持有之126,189,187股股份權益。根據《證券及期貨條例》第322條,王祖興被視為擁有由家族全權信託受託人滙豐信託持有之126,189,187股股份之權益,王守業為該信託之授予人。
- (4) 該等股份主要由家族全權信託受託人 DSI Limited、DSI Group Limited及DSI Holding Limited間接持有,王守業為其 授予人。
- (5) 權益百分比乃根據本公司於2020年6月 30日之已發行股份總數計算。
- (6) 所有上述權益皆屬好倉。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS (Continued)

The interests disclosed above by each of HSBCIT, DSI Limited, DSI Group Limited and DSI Holding Limited and deemed interests disclosed by Harold Tsu-Hing Wong (as explained in note (3) below) relate to the shares held by David Shou-Yeh Wong in the Company as disclosed under the heading "Interests of Directors and Chief Executive". The interests of Christine Yen Wong represent the whole of such shares. Therefore, these shareholdings should not be aggregated, and rather form part or whole of the same share interests of David Shou-Yeh Wong held in the Company.

Notes:

- (1) Such shares represent the deemed interests of Christine Yen Wong by virtue of her spouse, David Shou-Yeh Wong being a substantial shareholder of the Company having a notifiable interest in the relevant share capital of the Company (under the interpretation of section 316(1) of the SFO). These interests comprise the same shares held by David Shou-Yeh Wong under the heading "Interests of Directors and Chief Executive" above.
- (2) Out of these shares, 126,189,187 shares are mainly comprised of the interests indirectly held by HSBCIT in trust for a family discretionary trust of which David Shou-Yeh Wong is the settlor.
- (3) The interests of Harold Tsu-Hing Wong comprised of his (a) personal interests in 3,423,267 shares; and (b) deemed interests in 126,189,187 shares held by trustee. Pursuant to section 322 of the SFO, Harold Tsu-Hing Wong has a deemed interests in the 126,189,187 shares held by HSBCIT in trust for a family discretionary trust of which David Shou-Yeh Wong is the settlor.
- (4) Such shares are mainly comprised of the interests indirectly held by DSI Limited, DSI Group Limited and DSI Holding Limited in trust for a family discretionary trust of which David Shou-Yeh Wong is the settlor.
- (5) The percentage of interests was calculated with reference to the total number of issued shares of the Company as at 30 June 2020.
- (6) All the interests stated above represented long positions.

遵守企業管治守則

截至2020年6月30日止6個月期間內,除守則條文第A.4.1條及第E.1.2條外,本公司已應用及遵守《上市規則》附錄14之《企業管治守則》(「企業管治守則」)原則及所有守則條文。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第A.4.1條規定,非執行董事之委任應有指定任期,並須接受重新選舉。本公司之非執行董事委任並無訂立特定任期,惟須根據本公司的組織章程細則於股東週年大會上輪值退任及重選連任。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第E.1.2條規定,董事會主席應出席股東週年大會。鑑於新型冠狀病毒疫情及各地出入境限制,董事會主席王守業先生因當時身處海外故未能出席於2020年5月29日在香港舉行之本公司2020年股東週年大會」)。本公司董事總經理兼行政總裁黃漢興先生擔任2020年股東週年大會之主席。

董事之證券交易守則

本公司已採納一套自行制定且條款不低於《上市規則》附錄10《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「《標準守則》」)所載規定的董事進行證券交易的董事證券交易守則(「董事交易守則」)。經向本公司董事作出特定查詢後,彼等已確認於截至2020年6月30日止6個月期間,均已遵守《標準守則》及本公司之董事交易守則。

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

During the six months ended 30 June 2020, the Company has applied the principles and complied with all the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code ("CG Code") under Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules, with the exception of code provisions A.4.1 and E.1.2.

Pursuant to code provision A.4.1 of the CG Code, non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. The Non-Executive Directors of the Company are not appointed for a specific term, but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at annual general meetings in accordance with the provisions of the Company's Articles of Association.

Pursuant to code provision E.1.2 of the CG Code, the chairman of the board should attend the annual general meeting. In light of COVID-19 pandemic and travel restrictions around the world, Mr. David Shou-Yeh Wong, the Chairman of the Board, was unable to attend the 2020 Annual General Meeting (the "2020 AGM") of the Company held in Hong Kong on 29 May 2020 as he was abroad at that time. Mr. Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong), Managing Director and Chief Executive of the Company, took the chair of the 2020 AGM.

CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted its own code of conduct for directors' securities transactions ("Directors' Dealing Code") on terms no less exacting than the prevailing required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") under Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. Following specific enquiry, the Directors of the Company confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code and the Directors' Dealing Code throughout the six months ended 30 June 2020.

董事資料之變動

根據《上市規則》第13.51B(1)條,自刊發本公司2019年年報起至本中期業績報告日期止,董事須披露資料的變動如下:

(甲) 王伯凌先生

執行董事、副行政總裁兼集團財務及 營運總監

一 由**2020**年**4**月**1**日起停任大新銀 行有限公司之營運總監

(乙)衛皓民先生

獨立非執行董事

由2020年5月1日起獲委任為大 新銀行有限公司獨立非執行董 事、審核委員會成員以及風險 管理及法規委員會成員

除上文所披露外,並無其他資料須根據 《上市規則》第13.51B(1)條作出披露。

未經審核之財務報表

本中期業績報告之財務資料為未經審核及 不構成法定之財務報表。

審核委員會

審核委員會與管理層已審閱本集團沿用之會計準則與實務,並就有關內部監控及財務報告事宜(包括審閱截至2020年6月30日止6個月之未經審核之中期財務報表)進行審閱及商討。

CHANGES IN INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, changes in the information required to be disclosed by the Directors since the publication of the 2019 Annual Report of the Company and up to the date of this Interim Report are set out below:

(a) Mr. Gary Pak-Ling Wang

Executive Director, Deputy Chief Executive and Group Chief Financial and Operating Officer

 Ceased to act as Chief Operating Officer of Dah Sing Bank, Limited with effect from 1 April 2020

(b) Mr. Paul Franz Winkelmann Independent Non-Executive Director

 Appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director, a Member of Audit Committee and a Member of Risk Management and Compliance Committee of Dah Sing Bank, Limited with effect from 1 May 2020

Save as those disclosed above, there is no other information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial information in this Interim Report is unaudited and does not constitute statutory financial statements.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee has reviewed with Management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters including a review of the unaudited interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2020.

股息政策

本公司之股息政策旨在維持穩定持續派付股息。本公司在釐定股息分派時,考慮因素包括業務一般狀況、財務業績表現、業務增長前景、資本要求、適用於本公司業務的監管規定、股東權益及董事會認為相關的任何其他因素。

薪酬及員工發展

本公司員工薪酬、薪酬政策及培訓計劃與 2019年年報所披露大致相同,並無重大改 變。

購買、出售或贖回證券

截至2020年6月30日止6個月期間,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司之上市證券。

中期業績報告

2020年中期業績報告備有中文及英 文印刷本,以及載於大新銀行網站 (www.dahsing.com)及香港交易及結算所 有限公司網站(www.hkexnews.hk)的網 上電子版本。本公司鼓勵各股東在網站 閲覽本中期業績報告,支持環保。無論 股東之前曾否就收取企業通訊之方式(即 收取印刷本或透過大新銀行網站閱覽電 子版本)作出任何選擇並將有關選擇通知 本公司,股東可隨時向本公司股份登記 處香港中央證券登記有限公司給予合理 時間的書面通知,地址為香港灣仔皇后 大道東183號合和中心17M樓,或電郵至 dahsingfinancial.ecom@computershare.com.hk ,以更改收取本公司之公司通訊方式之選 擇,費用全免。

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company's dividend policy aims to pay sustainable dividends over time. In determining dividend distribution, the Company takes into account factors such as general business conditions, financial results, business growth prospects, capital requirements, regulatory requirements applicable to the Company's businesses, shareholders' interests and any other factors the Directors consider to be relevant.

REMUNERATION AND STAFF DEVELOPMENT

There have been no material changes to the information disclosed in the Company's 2019 Annual Report in respect of the remuneration of employees, remuneration policies and training schemes.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SECURITIES

There was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, of listed securities of the Company during the six months ended 30 June 2020.

INTERIM REPORT

The 2020 Interim Report in both English and Chinese is now available in printed form and on the websites of Dah Sing Bank (www.dahsing.com) and Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (www.hkexnews.hk). Shareholders are encouraged to read this Interim Report on the website to help protect the environment. Notwithstanding any choice of means for the receipt of corporate communications (i.e. either receiving a printed copy or by electronic means through Dah Sing Bank's website) previously made by shareholders and communicated to the Company, shareholders may at any time change their choice of means of receiving the Company's corporate communications free of charge by giving reasonable notice in writing to the Company's share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong or by email to dahsingfinancial.ecom@computershare.com.hk.

董事會

於本中期業績報告日,本公司的董事會成員包括執行董事王守業先生(主席)、黃漢興先生(董事總經理兼行政總裁)及王伯凌先生(副行政總裁兼集團財務及營運總監);非執行董事吉川英一先生(高松文生先生為替任董事)及嶋內義和先生;獨立非執行董事史習陶先生、梁君彥先生、簡俊傑先生、譚偉雄先生及衛皓民先生。

承董事會命 **王慧娜** 公司秘書

香港,2020年8月26日(星期三)

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

As at the date of this Interim Report, the Board of Directors of the Company comprises Messrs. David Shou-Yeh Wong (Chairman), Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong) (Managing Director and Chief Executive) and Gary Pak-Ling Wang (Deputy Chief Executive and Group Chief Financial and Operating Officer) as Executive Directors; Messrs. Eiichi Yoshikawa (Fumio Takamatsu as alternate) and Yoshikazu Shimauchi as Non-Executive Directors; Messrs. Robert Tsai-To Sze, Andrew Kwan-Yuen Leung, Paul Michael Kennedy, David Wai-Hung Tam and Paul Franz Winkelmann as Independent Non-Executive Directors.

By Order of the Board Doris W. N. Wong Company Secretary

Hong Kong, Wednesday, 26 August 2020



DAH SING FINANCIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED 大新金融集團有限公司

36/F, Everbright Centre, 108 Gloucester Road, Hong Kong

香港告士打道一零八號光大中心三十六樓